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**TWENTY PAGES.**
Next Sunday's Illustrated Magazine with the Courier-Journal. Don't Miss It.

# The Courier-Journal.

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VOL. CVIII. NEW SERIES—NO. 14,155. LOUISVILLE, THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 3, 1907.—10 PAGES. PRICE {THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

**The Weather.**

Forecast for Thursday and Friday:
Kentucky—Fair Thursday and Friday, except rain Friday in west portion.
Indiana—Fair Thursday; Friday rain and colder; fresh southeast winds.
Tennessee—Fair Thursday and Friday, except rain in west portion Friday.

### THE LATEST.

President Roosevelt arrived in St. Louis at 9:47 o'clock yesterday morning and was welcomed by screaming whistles, clanging bells and cheers from a vast assemblage on the river front. The President, when he stepped ashore, was greeted by thirteen Governors and various officials. He drove to the Jai Alai building through a heavy downpour of rain, where he was introduced by Gov. Folk and was accorded a great ovation by the 10,000 people who had gathered to hear his address. In the course of the President's speech he declared it the nation's duty to restore the Mississippi river to its proper place as a great artery of commerce and termed the proposed fourteen-foot channel from the Lakes to the Gulf a "national task." The President also took occasion to emphasize his views on the necessity for national control of interstate corporations. The President will speak to-day at Cairo, Ill.

Gov. Beckham yesterday appointed Judge J. S. Morris, of Oldham county, as special judge of the Scott Circuit Court to preside in the fourth trial of Caleb Powers on the charge of conspiracy in the Goebel murder case. Judge Morris was a member of the last General Assembly, and served for years as Commonwealth's Attorney of the Oldham-Shelby Judicial district.

The Western Union and Postal Telegraph Companies were ordered yesterday by Justice Ford, of the New York Supreme Court, to show cause on Friday why State Attorney General Jackson should not be permitted to sue them for forfeiture of their charters, on the ground that they have formed a combination to increase telegraph tolls.

The probability that a new and modified quarantine against tropical countries will be maintained perpetually in New Orleans, instead of a quarantine in summer months only, as heretofore, was announced yesterday by Surgeon J. H. White, of the United States Marine Hospital Service.

Senator William E. Borah was acquitted at Boise yesterday of the charge of complicity in the Western land frauds. The jury took but one ballot and the defendant was given an ovation by his friends when the verdict of acquittal was announced.

Directors of the Chicago and Alton railroad at a meeting in Chicago yesterday named eight new members of the board to represent the Clover Leaf interests. S. M. Felton was elected president of the road.

Publication of Government reports on cotton yesterday was followed by a break of 27 to 29 points, or upwards of $1.25 a bale, in the price of cotton options of the active months on the New York exchange.

By direction of the President, William P. Duvall was yesterday appointed to be Major General in the army, vice Maj. Gen. William McCaskey, the present commander of the Department of the Dakotas.

Judge Hager in his speech at Owingsville yesterday discussed the finances of the State, and asked the Republicans to account for $964 which should have been in the treasury when he took office.

Dayton Hines, a negro arrested at Dayton, O., is said to have confessed that he murdered Miss Anna Markowitz, of Covington, Ky., and Abe Cohen, of Indianapolis, August 4 last.

In the presence of a distinguished gathering, a memorial tablet at the birthplace of President U. S. Grant, at Point Pleasant, in Clermont county, O., was unveiled yesterday.

James Claxton was shot to death at Warsaw, Ky., by his father-in-law. It is alleged he had been drinking excessively and went to the residence of his father-in-law in search of his wife.

Nine of the twenty-one candidates nominated Tuesday by the Democrats of Cincinnati have decided to refuse to accept the places given them on the municipal ticket.

Ten of District Attorney Jerome's alienists in the trial of Harry K. Thaw have rendered bills for their services. The total of these bills is slightly in excess of $23,000.

The Census Bureau reports 1,430,265 bales of cotton, counting round as half bales, ginned from the growth of 1907, up to September 25.

Seven more indictments in the State Capitol prosecutions were returned by the Dauphin county grand jury at Harrisburg, Pa., yesterday.

San Francisco Democrats have nominated Dr. Edward Robeson Taylor for Mayor and William H. Langdon for District Attorney.

The Illinois Supreme Court yesterday handed down an opinion declaring the State primary election law unconstitutional.

## DEMOCRATS LEAD BY 5,000

### Total Registration In Louisville About 48,000.

### It Fully Equals the Record of 1905.

### Independents Fall Off About Fifteen Hundred.

### OVER 5,000 OF THEM.

With the first day's registration of eight precincts missing and the entire two days of one precinct missing, the total registration for the two days gathered within half an hour of the time that the polls were closed on the two days, amounted to 45,546. It has been estimated by close figuring that the grand total this year will reach 48,000, or a few more than the total two days' registration in 1905.

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**Democrats Count 3,076 Majority.**

Of the total number who registered during the past two days, 21,235 registered as Democrats, 16,215 registered as Republicans, and 8,096 registered as Independents. This gives those who registered as Democrats a majority over those who registered as Republicans of 5,020. Combined, those who registered as Republicans and Independents have a majority over those who registered as Democrats of 3,076.

* * *

**Decrease In Independent Registration**

The total number who registered in 1905, based on complete returns, was 47,614. Of this number, 26,873 registered as Democrats; 11,323 as Republicans, and 9,418 registered as Independents. Compared with the number who registered as Independents this year, there was a falling off this year in the Independent registration of 1,322. There were 4,892 more who registered as Republicans this year than in 1905. As compared with the registration in 1905, there was a falling off in the Democratic registration of 5,638.

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**Nearly 90,000 Registration Blanks.**

Upward of 90,000 registration certificates blanks were issued upon the application of both Republican and Democratic election officers by Phil D. Thompson, County Clerk, both yesterday morning and Tuesday afternoon.

"I don't understand the meaning of this heavy demand for certificate blanks," said Mr. Thompson, "unless a great number of those I sent out originally have been lost. In getting up the registration equipment for each polling place to start with I provided 80 per cent. more of blank certificates than the estimated number of voters at each polling place required. In spite of this, however, I received many requests for additional certificates, especially from precincts in the western part of the city. At 11 o'clock yesterday morning I put in an order for 10,000 extra ones, which, with those I had on hand made an ample reserve."

In regard to the distribution of ballots and other election paraphernalia, the County Clerk stated that it was his intention to invite both parties to send their ward captains to the courthouse on the day before election and identify every election officer who receives the paraphernalia. This, he said, would act as a further check along with the system of credentials which Sheriff Bullitt instituted.

**Registered As Independents.**

Hopkinsville, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Registration of yesterday shows a total of 1,615, an increase of 298 over last year. The Democrats show 724, Republican, 734, and Independents, 157. This is a gain of seven for the Republicans and decrease of thirty-one for the Independents, and a net gain of twenty-four for the Democrats. Many negroes registered as Independents, forty-six being in one precinct. Supplemented days will increase these totals considerably. Four other incorporated towns in this county show proportionate results.

**Negroes In Large Numbers.**

Paris, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Registration passed quietly here to-day, both parties working hard to get out the vote. Negroes registered in large numbers. The result follows: Democrats 728, Republicans 827, Independents 28, Prohibition 3, a Democratic gain of 41 and a Republican gain of 162. At North Middletown the registration is: Republicans 59, Democrats 39.

**At Elizabethtown.**

Elizabethtown, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—The exact figures of registration in the four precincts of Elizabethtown yesterday as follows: Democrats, 300; Republicans, 154; Independents, 10; Prohibitions, 3; noncommittal, 5. Total, 372. There were 183 colored voters registered in the city.

**Gain For Democrats.**

Leitchfield, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—The four voting precincts of Leitchfield, Grayson county, gave the following registration for October 1: Democrats 109, Republicans 85, showing a Democratic gain over the registration of 1906. The supplemental vote will be favorable to the Democrats.

**Will Gain Few Votes.**

Columbia, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—There were 201 Democrats who registered here yesterday, seventy-three Republicans, twelve Independents and two Prohibitionists. In the future registration the Democrats will gain a few votes.

**In Todd County.**

Elkton, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Reports from the seven cities in Todd county show a heavier registration of Democrats than even the registration before the whisky election last year. Very little interest was taken by the Republicans.

**Heavy In McLean.**

Calhoun, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—The registration throughout McLean county was unusually heavy to-day. The Democrats made an approximate gain of seventy-five. The vote is as follows: Democrats, 421; Republicans, 354; Independents, 100.

## SIX CANDIDATES AT THE HOME-COMING.

Columbus, Ind., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Foormer residents of Bartholomew county are pouring into this place to attend a three days' home-coming which is to be held under the auspices of the local company U. R. K. of P., and which will open to-morrow morning. Among the several well-known men who will deliver addresses at the home-coming are six candidates for the nomination for Governor of Indiana on the Republican ticket, as follows: Lieut. Gov. Hugh Th. Miller, ex-Attorney General Charles Miller, Congressman Jim Watson, Hon. W. L. Taylor, Hon. James P. Goodrich and State Senator Fremont Goodwine. Other speakers will be Congressman Lincoln Dixon, Congressman E. S. Holiday and ex-Congressman F. M. Griffith. "Uncle" Joe Cannon is also expected to be here and deliver an address on one of the three days of the home-coming.

## PARIS GREEN IN THE COFFEE POT

### YOUNG GIRL'S ATTEMPT AT WHOLESALE POISONING NEAR MADISONVILLE.

Madisonville, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Seeking revenge for the many brutal Carlisle, a well-known farmer living a few miles from the city, Cora Claxton, a girl fourteen years of age, placed a quantity of paris green in a coffee pot with the avowed intention of poisoning the entire family. The girl gave a portion of the poison to the Carlisle baby, which was discovered by the father, and a doctor summoned, who succeeded in saving the child's life.

An investigation was then made and quite a large amount of the poison was discovered in the coffee pot, the Claxton girl was arrested and is with jailer Craig here now.

She stated she had received many whippings at the hands of Carlisle, and that she placed the poison because she wanted to get revenge and didn't care if she had killed the entire family. The girl will likely be sent to the reform school.

## DRANK ACID THEN HANGED HIMSELF

### NO CAUSE KNOWN FOR SUICIDE OF JOSEPH RALSTON.

Cynthiana, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Joseph Ralston, a farmer living near Connersville, climbed to the top of his barn, recently filled with new tobacco, tied a plow line around his neck, drank two ounces of carbolic acid and swung his body into the new tobacco, breaking his neck. No cause is given for the act.

Mr. Ralston spent most of his time in Cynthiana yesterday, returning home about dusk. He left his horse at the gate, never entering the house. The horse attracted the attention of the family and an investigation was made. Pinned to some fruit he had purchased for his children was a note stating that they would never see him alive again. Searching parties were organized and it was several hours before the body was found dangling in the closely hung tobacco.

## CONFESSES TO MURDER OF COVINGTON GIRL

### THE DAYTON NEGRO SAYS HE KILLED COHEN AND MISS ANNA MARKOWITZ.

Dayton, O., Oct. 2.—Dayton Hines, colored, arrested last night on suspicion of being connected with the murder of Miss Anna Markowitz, of Covington, Ky., and Abe Cohen, of Indianapolis, Ind., in this city, near McCabe's Park on August 4 last, has made a full confession, according to Sheriff Boes. He is said to have confessed that he shot Cohen, assaulted the girl and then strangled her to death.

The Markowitz-Cohen murders were similar in some respects to the tragic death of Dona Gilman, simetime previously, and the mystery of which is still baffling the police officials.

## NEW ORLEANS ACCOUNTANT MYSTERIOUSLY MISSING.

New Orleans, Oct. 2.—Clark Steen, one of the accountants who investigated the $116,000 shortage recently in State Tax Clerk Letten's books, has disappeared under suspicious circumstances. Clothing identified as his was found in an empty skiff in Lake Pontchartrain to-day with a note indicating he had committed suicid. Personal financial affairs are given by Steen's friends as the probable cause of the trouble. Steen was accountant and confidential man of the New Orleans Dock Board, where his accounts are straight.

**New Interurban Line.**

Columbus, Ind., Oct. 2.—The Columbus and Seymour extension to the Indianapolis, Columbus and Southern Traction Company's interurban line was completed to-day and passenger cars will begin running on the new extension to-morrow, thus giving through interurban service from Indianapolis to Seymour.

**Sudden Death At Seymour.**

Seymour, Ind., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—William Johnson, of this city, age seventy-six, died here suddenly late this afternoon. He is an uncle of H. B. Johnson, cashier of the Seymour National Bank.

**To Celebrate Centennial.**

New Castle, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Drennon Ridge Baptist church at Franklinton, this county, will celebrate the centennial of its organization on Saturday and Sunday, October 12 and 13. Basket dinner on the second day.

## STREET CAR AD MEN COMBINED

### Monopoly Built Upon A. E. McBee Company.

### New Concern Will Have Capitalization of $5,000,000.

### Mr. McBee's Personal Holdings Net Him $800,000.

### WILL DRAW $25,000 SALARY.

A combination of all the street car advertising companies east of the Mississippi river was effected recently, the basis of the consolidation being the old Standard Advertising Company, which was later merged into the A. E. McBee Company, both incorporated under the laws of Kentucky. A. E. McBee, formerly of Louisville, and president of the A. E. McBee Company, had been instrumental in bringing about the consolidation and was made the general manager of the newly-formed company, with headquarters in New York.

The consolidation of the street-car advertising companies will make necessary a reorganization of the official roster. This reorganization has not yet taken place, but it is the intention of the principal stockholders to hold a meeting in New York shortly for the purpose of electing the directorate and other officials. It is "tipped" that Mr. McBee will be elected to the chief executive's chair, while T. D. Riley, who had been secretary and treasurer of the A. E. McBee Company, is considered a strong candidate for the position of secretary and treasurer of the new company. They were the founders of the street-car advertising company which has developed into such immense proportions.

It is understood that the company now intends to get control of the street-car advertising in the West, and in this manner get a monopoly on street-car advertising matter in the United States. How far advanced this project is cannot be ascertained, but it is understood that some of the leading stockholders of the new company are at work already trying to effect a combination of all the street-car advertising companies in the United States.

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**Mr. McBee's Salary $25,000.**

The projected capitalization of the new company is $5,000,000. This is an increase in the capital stock over that of the A. E. McBee Company of $4,000,000. Mr. McBee, the general manager, will have his office in the Flatiron building, New York, and will draw a salary of $25,000 a year.

The principal offices of the company will be in New York, but a branch office will be maintained in Louisville. T. D. Riley, secretary and treasurer of the McBee Company, is still in Louisville looking after the Southern end of the advertising business, but he, too, will go to New York in the course of two or three weeks. The branch office in Louisville will be in charge of C. L. Caron, who had been in the offices of the advertising company since it was founded fifteen years ago.

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**Original Company Established Here.**

The company from which the present enormous advertising concern has sprung was established in Louisville by Mr. Riley fifteen years ago. It was then a small concern, being interested in getting contracts for the advertising matter in the street cars of Louisville and vicinity. Mr. Riley at that time was at the head of the business, Mr. McBee being the vice president. Success, however, attended the efforts of the men interested in this firm and within a few years they controlled contracts for street car advertising in a large part of the South.

In 1903 the company incorporated under the laws of Kentucky as the Standard Advertising Company, with a capitalization of $50,000 and holdings of 500 shares of stock. A. E. McBee was elected the president of this company, T. D. Riley, the secretary and treasurer, and B. G. Collier vice president. Under this incorporation charter, which was obtained in 1903, the Standard Advertising Company conducted business until last December, extending its business from time to time until they embraced practically all of the South.

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**Capital Increased Last December.**

Last December they obtained an amendment to their charter, changing the name of the firm from the Standard Advertising Company to the A. E. McBee Company, and allowing the new corporation an authorized indebtedness of $1,000,000. When this was done Mr. Collier resigned his position as vice president, and since then there has not been any member of the firm to fill this position. Mr. McBee retained the presidency and Mr. Riley retained the position of secretary and treasurer.

Several weeks ago Mr. McBee began to work on the proposition of combining all of the advertising companies

(Concluded On 2d Page, 8th Column.)

## WHAT BECAME OF THE MONEY?

### Hager Asks the Republicans To Account For $964.

### Dissapeared During Brief Rule of Ex-Governor Taylor.

### Democratic Candidate Devotes Attention To Finances.

### HENDRICK ON TOBACCO TRUST

Owingsville, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—What became of the $964 which disappeared from the State treasury from January 1 to the latter part of February during the brief rule of the Taylor Administration was asked of the Republicans by Judge S. W. Hager, Democratic candidate for Governor, in a speech which he made here this afternoon.

Judge Hager said that this large sum of money had been taken from the treasury in less than two months, and why he was not able to tell.

Judge Hager met with a warm welcome here this morning and the people of Bath county were so glad to see him and so many of them wanted to hear him that an extra meeting was arranged for to-night, when Judge Hager and John K. Hendrick, Democratic candidate for Attorney General, drove to Sharpsburg and both spoke there again.

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**Filled Front Yard.**

The crowd this afternoon filled the front yard around the courthouse and overflowed into the street surrounding the stand from which the speakers addressed the people. The stand was a mass of golden rod and yellow and white streamers. The stand was decorated by a committee of Democrats who are true and loyal, but who are prevented from casting a ballot by reason of their sex. They did their work well and made the temporary wooden structure look like a permanent bower.

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**On Picturesque Hill.**

Judge Hager and Mr. Hendrick drove here this morning from Flemingsburg, twenty-four miles, over one of the best roads in the county in quick time with Rolla K. Hart as pilot and guide. Some distance from Owingsville the visitors were met by a committee from Bath and an informal reception was held on the top of a picturesque hill.

Judge Hager was introduced to about thirty of the active workers and the line of march was taken up for the town. On the way a band fell in front of the line and the candidates entered Owingsville to the strains of a popular air, while everybody turned out to see. At the hotel a line was formed and Judge Hager shook hands with 250 men, having something pleasant to say to all of them.

In discussing the financial condition of the State, Judge Hager took up the statement made frequently during the present campaign by Republican orators that the Republicans, after Bradley's administration, left more than a million dollars in the treasury. He said that this statement was misleading and not true, and was made on the strength of a report which was filed by Auditor Stone as of date January 1.

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**Didn't Turn It Over.**

This report showed, according to Judge Hager, that Mr. Stone left over a million dollars in the treasury, with all outstanding warrants paid. But they did not turn over to me that amount, said Judge Hager. You know they would have taken my receipt for every single cent that they turned over to me.

I gave them my receipt for only $363,000, and not a million dollars, and they would not have been able to turn over this amount if they had not collected in the two months just preceding $267,000, for they had left only $96,000, and in less than two months they paid out $964,000, leaving just $96,000 in the treasury. That is the kind of administration they gave you.

Judge Hager then compared the records of the two administrations from a financial standpoint, telling how the Democrats had paid off the indebtedness left by the Republicans, built a new Capitol and improved all the charitable institutions without increasing the tax rates.

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**To Reduce Tax Rate.**

Judge Hager went even farther, while stating it as his belief that the Government had been wise and economical, he said, in view of the payment of debts and erection of a new capital, he was recommending to the Legislature that they reduce the tax rates to forty cents. He devoted a large part of his speech to the finances of the State and was given close attention, the men present showing that they wanted to known in what way their money had been expended.

Mr. Hendrick held the crowd, which gradually increased from the time the speaking began until it numbered 500, and caught them with his pleasing smile and his earnest treatment of why a man should never brag that he is a Republican. He said that it really made him sad to hear a man boast he was a Republican and dyed in the wool, for that party had a record so bad that no man could be proud of it.

(Concluded on 8th Page, 6th Column)

## NATIONAL TASK, SAYS PRESIDENT

### Country's Duty To Restore the Mississippi River.

### Roosevelt Lands In Shower and Gets Great Ovation.

### Speaks To Assemblage of 10,000 People In St. Louis.

### TO STOP AT CAIRO TO-DAY.

St. Louis, Oct. 2.—President Roosevelt, in a speech here to-day, declared it the nation's duty to restore the Mississippi river to its proper place as a great artery of commerce, and termed the proposed fourteen-foot channel from the lakes to the gulf a "national task." He warned against plans which might "entail reckless extravagance or be tainted with jobbery," but urged a liberal waterway policy.

The President's address was not diminished by the fact that he was drenched by a sudden downpour of rain while en route to the Jai Alai building, where his speech was delivered.

A tremendous ovation was accorded the National Executive when the steamer Mississippi entered St. Louis harbor to make the first stop on the voyage from Keokuk, Ia., to Memphis, Tenn., where President Roosevelt will attend the convention of the Deep Waterways Association on Friday. Thousands of persons had congregated on the levee to witness the President's arrival and were held in check by cordons of police and companies of soldiers from Jefferson Barracks. Amid a clamor of ehrieking whistles, clanging bells and cheers from the masses assembled, the President landed and was greeted by fifteen Governors from States bordering on the Mississippi river, members of Congress and officials representing the city of St. Louis.

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**Caught In Heavy Rain.**

Through a sudden heavy downpour of rain, the President, standing in an open carriage and bowing to the multitudes, was driven to the Jai Alai building, five miles from the river, where he delivered his speech.

The President took occasion to especially emphasize his views on the necessity for central control of interstate corporations, and he frequently departed from his manuscript to elaborate and make clear his views on that point. His contention was that there must be some sovereign that can control these institutions, especially railroads.

He spoke at length of the difficulty in reaching the corporations which are incorporated in one State and operate in another. He instanced, especially, his experience in getting the Southern Pacific railroad to repair a breach in the Colorado river. "That disaster occurred in California," he said, "but do you suppose I found it possible to deal with the railroad there? No. The railroad is a New Jersey corporation and I had to deal with it as such."

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**To Fit Modern Conditions.**

He contended that the Constitution must be interpreted to fit modern day conditions and not conditions that existed when it was adopted.

"It must be construed as an instrument of life and not a symbol of death," he said, epigrammatically.

The Judges of the courts should always stand against popular clamor, but they should also recognize the necessity of a general conservation of the public welfare under present conditions, he asserted. He contended that in taking this position he was fighting the future fight for the rich, for if the rich commit excesses now they invite excesses against themselves and their posterity. Speaking of the improvement of the Mississippi river, he warned the advocates of that interest against insufficiently considered local improvements. The whole waterways system must be treated as a whole and the enterprise must not be tainted either with folly or dishonesty.

President Roosevelt was introduced by Gov. Folk, of Missouri, in a brief speech.

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**The President's Address.**

As the President advanced to speak the audience arose, cheering and waving flags. President Roosevelt's speech follows:

It is a very real pleasure to address this body of citizens of Missouri here in the great city of St. Louis. I have often visited St. Louis before, but always by rail. Now I am visiting it in the course of a trip by water, a trip on the great natural highway that runs past your very doors—a highway once so important, now almost abandoned, which I hope this nation will see not only restored to all its former usefulness, but given a far greater degree of usefulness to correspond with the extraordinary growth in wealth and population of the Mississippi Valley.

We have lived in an era of phenomenal railroad building. As routes for merchandise, the iron highways have completely supplanted the old wagon roads, and under their competition the importance of the water highways has been much diminished. The growth of the railway system has been rapid all over the world, but nowhere so rapid as in the United States. Accompanying this there has grown in the United States a tendency toward the practically complete abandonment of the system of water transportation. Such a tendency is certainly not healthy, and I am convinced that it will not be permanent. There are many classes of commodities, especially those which are perishable in their nature and where the value is high relatively to the bulk, which will always be carried by rail. But bulky commodities which are not of a perishable nature will always be specially suited for the conditions of water transport.

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**The Canal System.**

To illustrate the truth of this statement: It would only be necessary to point to the use of the canal system in many countries of the Old World; but it can be illustrated even better by what has happened nearer home. The Great Lakes offer a prime example of the importance of a good water highway for mercantile traffic. As the line of traffic runs through lakes, the conditions are in some respects different from what must obtain on even the most important river. Nevertheless, it is well to remember that a very large part of this traffic is conditioned upon an artificial waterway, a canal—the famous Soo. The commerce that passes through the Soo far surpasses in bulk and in value that of the Suez Canal.

From every standpoint it is desirable for the nation to join in improving the greatest system of river highways within its borders, a system second only in importance to the highway afforded by the Great Lakes; the highways of the Mississippi and its great tributaries, such as the Missouri and Ohio.

This river system traverses too many States to render it possible to leave merely to the States the task of fitting it for the greatest use of which it is capable. It is emphatically a national task, for this great river system is itself one of our chief national assets. Within the last few years there has been an awakening in this country to the need of both the conservation and the development of our national resources under the supervision

(Concluded On 3d Page, 1st Column.)

## SHOT TO DEATH BY FATHER-IN-LAW

### JAMES CLAXTON KILLED ON SEARCH FOR HIS WIFE.

### INSANE JEALOUSY AND EXCESSIVE DRINKING CAUSE.

### ATTEMPTED TO SHOOT WIFE.

Warsaw, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Insane jealousy coupled with excessive drink was the cause of the tragic death of James Claxton at 2 o'clock this morning at the door of his father-in-law, John Webb. Claxton had been drinking for a couple of weeks. Yesterday he went to Elliston, Ky., but before leaving it is alleged made the statement that on his return he intended to clean out the whole Webb family.

After midnight Claxton returned. Finding his wife had left his home and gone to her father's he went there, and being refused admittance, tried to break down the door.

Webb appeared with a revolver in his hands and opened fire, firing three shots. One pierced Claxton's brain, another his body and the third broke his leg. Death was instantaneous.

The corpse was removed to his late home, where it lay until this morning to wait the action of the Coroner's jury. Webb was placed under guard, but not in jail. The Coroner's jury this morning returned a verdict of death by pistol shot wound at the hands of John Webb. Claxton was formerly Town Marshal, but was deposed some months ago for attempting to shoot his wife. Her brother Matt was present and knocked the weapon upward and the bullet pierced Claxton's arm, making a slight wound.

Claxton was about thirty-five years old and his wife about seventeen. He had been married before and has children by his first wife, who died at Elliston, Ky. About ten years ago Claxton killed a man named John Webster at Elliston, an uncle by marriage. The evidence was that Webster was gunning for Claxton, who got the drop on Webster and killed him. He was acquitted on the plea of self-defense.

## ON FIRST BALLOT

### JURY ACQUITS SENATOR WILLIAM E. BORAH.

### Result of Trial Is Followed By a Great Demonstration By Citizens of Boise.

Boise, Idaho, Oct. 2.—United States Senator William E. Borah to-night was acquitted of the charge of conspiracy to defraud the Government out of valuable timber lands.

The case was submitted without argument on the part of the defense and the jury was out just long enough to take one ballot. The verdict was greeted by cheers and applause, which the court officers made no effort to restrain. This demonstration in the court room served only as a beginning. As soon as the news reached the outside bells were rung and the Fire Department made a spectacular run through the principal streets, stopping eventually at the Idaho Hotel, where Senator Borah, surrounded by several hundreds of his fellow-citizens, was escorted.

A brass band appeared and, as the Senator reached the hotel steps, played "Hail to the Chief."

The street about the hotel was blocked by a cheering throng, where shouts mingled with the strain of the fire engine whistles and clangs of trolley car bells. Senator Borah thanked his hearers for their demonstration and the confidence they had reposed in him throughout the trial.

## MAN ONCE WEALTHY DIES IN POVERTY.

New York, Oct. 2.—The newspapers to-day report the death and obscure burial of William Francis Carey, who was a wealthy Wall street operator until the recent slump in stocks. Mr. Carey, who at one time had a home in fashionable Madison avenue, where he entertained extensively, ended his days in lodgings and almost in utter poverty, it is stated. It is said that just before his death he was seeking employment by the day, though at one time he enjoyed an income of about $200,000 a year.

## HORSES SUCH AS RICHARD CRAVED

### Kingdoms Couldn't Buy Some Shown Last Night.

### Third Brilliant Audience Honors Chieftians.

### Gallant Lad Downed By Miss Bedford's Hildred.

### Vice-President Charles W. Fairbanks Honored Guest.

### WOMEN FIGURE MUCH IN RING.

**Programme For To-night.**

CLASS 56—Delivery outfit, four or more horses ..... 8:00 p. m.
CLASS 46—Hainess horses, park pair ..... 8:10 p. m.
CLASS 26—Saddle horses, five galts ..... 8:20 p. m.
CLASS 18—Harness horses, tandems ..... 8:40 p. m.
SPECIAL — Davenport desert Arabian stud ..... 8:55 p. m.
CLASS A—Harness horses, single ..... 9:10 p. m.
CLASS 22—Saddle horses, three galts ..... 9:25 p. m.
SPECIAL—Salvator ..... 9:45 p. m.
CLASS 25—Saddle horses, three galts ..... 9:55 p. m.
CLASS 15—Ladies' obstacle driving ..... 10:15 p. m.
CLASS 12—Harness horses, pairs, ladies' turnout ..... 10:25 p. m.

Harness horses came into their own at the Horse Show last evening, and a series of classes were arranged, bringing together the best of the grand lot now stabled in the building. So nicely were the classifications arranged that there was no repetition, and anyone of three or four classes furnished a feature that would have made the evening notable. The next to the last class of the evening, however, stood out by itself, for when Hildred bore off the blue, defeating Gallant Lad and Lord Baltimore, Miss Emily H. Bedford's grand mare was practically crowned chappion among the high-steppers. But one horse remains which may yet take Hildred's measure before the week is over, and that is Mrs. Jarvis Hunt's Advance Guard, which won last night in the class for harness horses shown to halter.

Charles Warren Fairbanks, Vice President of the United States, was the honored guest of the evening and watched the rings from Mr. and Mrs. Solen T. Middleton's box. Mr. Fairbanks appeared to take a keen interest in every ring and applauded the winners vigorously. Having heard much of Lawrence Jones' champion saddle horse, Poetry Motion, the Vice President expressed a desire to see him, and the unbeaten animal was led out for his inspection.

* * *

**Largest Audience of Week.**

"The attendance last night was the largest of the week, surpassing in numbers even the fine crowd of Monday. It was an enthusiastic crowd, too, that cheered favorites unstintingly and fairly howled when the blue was tied on the popular choice.

The first half of the week has demonstrated that the veterans of the show ring are not yet repared to lower their colors to green horses. Hildred, Gallant Lad and Lord Baltimore, that have seen several years of service on the tanbark, have overcome with apparent ease, the newcomers, Moonshine, Mr. Hickman, Lord Lofty, Ringing Bells and many others. This fact does not prove that with more experience, some of the green horses will not yet emerge as champions, but as they stand to-day, the champions of the past are too much for all opposition.

* * *

**Gallant Lad's Champions Vindicated.**

While Gallant Lad went down before Hildred in the closest kind of a contest, there was no doubt in the Judges' minds as to placing both above Lord Baltimore and the partisans of Lawrence Jones' grand horse who felt that last year he did not get justice when Lord Baltimore was repeatedly preferred over him felt much elated at this vindiation of their judgment. Hildred's victory was probably due to her perfect manners and slightly superior action. Under the gentle guidance of Miss Bedford, the chestnut mare made a magnificent show. In contrast to many highsteppers, Hildred has a good mouth and even disposition and this without loss of spirit or dash. Gallant Lad has seldom shown to better advantage than last night. A little fractious at first, he steadied down almost immediately and outtrotted everything in the class. It was almost a toss up between the two, each excelling in some particulars and no one was disposed to quarrel with the judges when the ribbons were tied.

* * *

**Commercial Club Cup To Mr. Jones.**

Lawrence Jones, who last year got one leg on the Commercial Club cup, winning with Bill Smoke, obtained permanent possession of the trophy by winning with King Fashion. Owners were required to drive, and when Mr. Jones appeared in his perfectly appointed runabout he was warmly cheered by the crowd, which seemed to take

PATRICIAN Shoes for Women

Greek Sculptors

Pictured and chiseled the feet of their living models in such a masterly way that they were often more beautiful than the hands. But that was in the days when one was as sensibly clothed as the other.
PATRICIAN Shoes approach more closely than all others the Greek models.

Cost $3.50 and $4

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PRESTIGE

follows only one kind of reputation. LEMON & SON'S REPUTATION for selling fine Diamonds at the lowest quotations is founded upon 78 years of dealing in gems. They are connoisseurs of Precious Stones. A Diamond Ring in one of their boxes carries the impress of quality—it gives the recipient a feeling of satisfaction. The grandfather, the father and the son follow each other as their customers. Visit them to see the largest collection. Their business was built by the values they offer.

LEMON & SON JEWELERS, 511 4th ave.

advantage of the opportunity to thus congratulate him on the success of his great stable of show horses. Mr. Jones' victory was not a hollow one and the winning was all the more enjoyable for that fact.

Women figured largely in the show rings last night, adding much to the enjoyment of the evening. Miss Bedford, as usual, showed her own horses, while Mrs. Jarvis Hunt drove her pair, Latest Fad and Society Queen, to victory. Mrs. Owen Tyler rode Obeyen, one of Homer Davenport's Arabians, and proved herself a finished horsewoman.

### CLASS 47: HARNESS PONIES.

**Two Attractive Turnouts Shown, Henry Willis Brown Winning.**

But two of the three entries in the first class for local ponies under thirteen hands shown to an appropriate vehicle were shown. Little Misses Sarah Jones and Rosland Scogan drove Black Beauty, a diminutive Shetland, to a wicker cart and attracted much attention. They accepted the applause of the crowd with less concern than the pony. Henry Willis Brown, a five-year-old youngster, won the blue ribbon, as he did in the same class last year, with his pony, Mayflower, a larger and faster pony than Black Beauty.

### CLASS 7: ROADSTERS.

**Lady Ashland Maid By Better Appointed Entry.**

The roadster class, appointments to county 50 per cent., brought out six entries, including Lady Ashland Maid, champion road horse at the State Fair; Vassar, C. Jefferson's father plain, but nicely-gaited, mare; Allen S. Edelen's bay mare, Lady Grace, which was shown by "Bud" James; J. S. Ray's bay gelding, King, and two local horses, Dr. C. A. Mc-Ewaine's good brown mare, Alice M., by Allerton, and G. R. Hunt's Audubon Chief, shown by Harry Robinson.

The verdict came as a surprise, Mr. Ogden placing Lowe Wellington's Maid, but the decision was based upon the superior appointments of Mr. Cohen's turnout. Mr. Harris had a cover to his road wagon and used tugs instead of breeching in the harness. As appointments counted half, Mr. Ogden decided that the difference in the appointments was greater than in the mares.

Third place was given to King over Lady Grace. Alice M. didn't get as good a chance as she deserved. The mare has as much speed as any of the entries, and if given a chance to brush away would have shown it.

### CLASS 23: FOUR-IN-HANDS.

**C. W. Watson Entry Without Competition In Ring For Small Fours.**

C. W. Watson being the only exhibitor at the show well supplied with small high steppers, he had no competition in the class for fours under fifteen hands. Who's Ringing Bells and Chatterbox in the lead and Norena and Kitty Grey as wheelers, the coach made a splendid looking park turnout. The horses were well schooled and went together as a good four should.

### CLASS 27: FIVE-GAITED.

**Surprise Manifested When American Girl Is Beaten Under Saddle.**

The biggest upset of the evening, to use a racing term, was the defeat of American Girl in the class for five-gaited saddle horses. The crowd pulled for the fuzzy mare, as it always does, but it was not a great surprise to the railbirds when Indian Boy was preferred over her. But when Gallantry was placed second the spectators gave a shout of disapproval which was continued until the next class was in the ring. American Girl has rarely put up a better performance than she gave last evening.

Mr. Isbell, however, found the same fault with American Girl as did Mr. Bales at the State Fair, and does not consider her a true saddle type. While her performance was no better than that of Indian Boy, who is hard to beat as a "doer," it looked to many present as if it certainly entitled her to a better place than third. Gallantry was shown at his best by Allie Jones, but his habit of holding his head down when trotting counts against him severely in the show ring.

Fourth place was given to Mary Petty, shown by Ray & Petty, while R. P. Glasscock, of Elizabethtown, got nothing with Lady Ima, a toppy little chestnut mare without much substance.

### CLASS 8: HARNESS PAIRS.

**Mrs. Jarvis Hunt Wins In Pretty High-Stepping Class.**

In the class for pairs of high steppers, fifteen hands or under, Mrs. Jarvis Hunt took her first blue of the week, winning with Latest Fad and Society Queen, and defeating a high-class field. Mrs. Hunt entered at the last minute, post entries being accepted under the rules.

Opposed to her nicely matched team of bay mares were Miss Bedford with the popular little blacks, Donner and Blitzen; C. W. Watson's Kitty Grey and Norena; George Watson's Sensation and Snapshot, and J. S. Walsh's Honor Bright and Honesty, which were shown by W. J. Roberts.

It required but a brief inspection to see that the fight was between Miss Bedford, Mrs. Hunt and C. W. Watson's pair. Mrs. Hunt handled her team well and the two little mares, almost perfectly matched in conformation and way of going as well as in color, gave a smooth and even performance. It was a hard class to pick and everybody was cheered impartially when the ribbons were tied, Mrs. Hunt first, the Watson pair second and Miss Bedford third.

### CLASS 44: COMMERCIAL CLUB CUP

**Lawrence Jones Wins and Gets Permanent Possession of Trophy.**

Lawrence Jones, with King Fashion, won the Commercial Club cup and, having won it last year, it becomes his property under the rules. The class was for local runabout horses, owners to drive, and one of the best local classes of the week was shown. Mr. Jones' chief competitor was Newman Clarke with Buster Brown, and many would have reversed the tieing of the ribbons.

Buster Brown is a genuine runabout horse, possessing every qualification, sufficient action, speed, and, above all, good manner. Mr. Clarke was the only owner in the ring that put his horse to the test by throwing the lines on the animal's back and leaving the vehicle.

Harry Brown was awarded the yellow tie with a nice bay mare, Bonnie. Miss Anna Burbe Muir showed Charles F. Wooldridge's Marblestone, but under the rules owners were required to drive and Miss Muir was given the gate. Miss Pearl Cann showed her nice-looking bay mare, Alice, and Frank G. Hogan elected to show The Rake, which he had entered in addition to Mary Bodine. Mr. Caperton did not show Count, which would have been wholly out of his place in a runabout class.

### ENTRIES FOR TO-NIGHT.

**One of the Best Nights of Whole Week Expected.**

The entries in the various classes for to-night are among the best shown or listed for the whole week, and are expected to draw a large and interested audience. The entries in all but the post-entry classes follow:

CLASS 56.

Hawk, bl. g.; Barney, bl. g.; Allen, bl. g.; Dick, bl. g.; Henry Freuchtenicht.
Entry, four bl. gs.; two bl. ms.; Frank Fehr Brewing Company.
Entry, Falls City Brewing Company.

CLASS 48.

Count, bay g.; Chester Girl, bay m.; J. H. Caperton.
Bettie Carter, gr. m.; Prince, bay g.; Alvin T. Hert.
Queen, bay m.; Will Hays, bay g.; Mrs. Louis John Unz.
Bessie, ch. m.; Bonnie, bay m.; Harry W. Robinson.

CLASS 26.

Roosevelt, bay s., Collins & Redmon, North Middletown.
Bourbon Prince, bay s., W. J. Roe, Oshkosh, Wis.; by Ball Bros., agents.
Mabel Bell (Edna Mae), ch. m., Mat S. Cohen, Lexington.
Marvel King, ch. s., W. M. & A. G. Jones, North Middletown.
Golden Glow, ch. m., A. S. Burr, Bement, Ill.

CLASS 18.

Lord Baltimore, bay g.; My Maryland, bay g.; C. W. Watson, Fairmont Farms, Fairmont, W. Va.
Lord Lonsdale, bay g.; Tennessee, bay g.; C. W. Watson, Fairmont Farms, Fairmont, W. Va.
Lady Watson, bay m.; Viscount, bay g.; George Watson, New York, N. Y.
Gallant Lad, bay g.; Gallant Lord, bay g.; Lawrence Jones.

CLASS A.

Ringing Bells, ch. m., C. W. Watson, Fairmont Farms, Fairmont, W. Va.
Kitty Grey, ch. m., C. W. Watson, Fairmont Farms, Fairmont, W. Va.
Norena, ch. m., C. W. Watson, Fairmont Farms, Fairmont, W. Va.
Honor Bright, br. g., J. S. Walsh, Jr., Kinloch, Mo.
Honesty, br. g., J. S. Walsh, Jr., Kinloch, Mo.
Donner, bl. g.; Miss Emily H. Bedford, Elm Villa, Greens Farms, Conn.
Sensation, bay g., George Watson, New York, N. Y.
Snapshot, bay g., George Watson, New York, N. Y.
Guy Fortune, ch. s., Lawrence Jones.

CLASS 32.

American Beauty, Powhatan Wooldridge, Powhatan Stock Farm, Pewee Valley.
Sight Draft, bay g., Mat S. Cohen, Lexington.
Montgomery Ward, ch. s., Ball Bros., Versailles.
Elizabeth Alden, br. m., Lawrence Jones.

CLASS 35.

Miss Barrymore, br. g., J. C. O'Connell.
Sight Draft, bay g., Mat S. Cohen, Lexington.
Baldos, ch. g., C. E. Ralley, Lexington.
Julia Ray, bay m., T. E. Houtchens, Chaplin.
Syria, br. m., Ball Bros., Versailles.
Modesty, bay m., Ball Bros., Versailles.
Sunshine, bay g., Ball Bros., Versailles.
Ora Mac, bay m., Brock Bros., Georgetown.
Patsey Palmer, bay m., Miss Emily H. Bedford, Elm Villa, Greens Farms, Conn.
Jane Helm, bay m., Lawrence Jones.

CLASS 13.

Kitty Grey, ch. m.; Norena, ch. m.; C. W. Watson, Fairmont Farms, Fairmont, W. Va.
Honor Bright, br. g.; Honesty, br. g.; J. S. Walsh, Jr., Kinloch, Mo.
Latest Fad, bay m.; Society Queen, bay m.; Mrs. Jarvis Hunt, Wheaton, Ill.
Donner, bl. g.; Blitzen, bl. m.; Miss Emily H. Bedford, Elm Villa, Greens Farms, Conn.
Empress, bay m.; Emperor, bay g.; George W. Watson, New York, N. Y.

## NEW DIRECTORS FOR CHICAGO AND ALTON.

**Eight Members To Represent the Interests of the Clover Leaf Railway.**

New York, Oct. 2.—The directors of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company, at a meeting in this city to-day, named eight new members to represent the interest of the Toledo, St. Louis and Western Railway Company, known as the Clover Leaf, which company recently purchased the Chicago and Alton. The directors named are Edward Hawley, Gen. Thomas H. Hubbard, Theodore Shonts, George A. Rose, Joy Morton, S. H. Davis, William G. Beale and H. E. Huntington. The Rock Island directors, who heretofore have been in the board of the Chicago and Alton, resigned in favor of the new interests.

Those elected to-day, with Herbert B. Ream, S. M. Felton, of Chicago, formerly president of the Chicago and Alton, and J. J. Mitchell, of Chicago, of the old board of the Chicago and Alton, compose the new directorate.

The new board organized and elected officers as follows: President, S. M. Felton; vice president, Edward Hawley; chairman of the board, Gen. Thomas H. Hubbard; chairman of the Executive Committee, Theodore P. Shonts; treasurer, S. H. Davis; secretary and assistant treasurer, J. S. Meckle; general counsel, Robert Mather.

TRANSFORMATIONS

**Curious Results When Coffee Drinking Is Abandoned.**

It is almost as hard for an old coffee toper to quit the use of coffee as it is for a whisky or tobacco fiend to break off, except that the coffee user can quit coffee and take up Postum without any feeling of a loss of the morning beverage, for when Postum is well boiled and served with cream it is really better in point of flavor than most of the coffee served nowadays, and to the taste of the connoisseur it is like the flavor of fine, mild Java.

A great transformation takes place in the body within ten days or two weeks after coffee is left off and Postum used, for the reason that the poison to the nerves—caffeine—has been discontinued and in its place is taken a liquid food that contains the most powerful elements of nourishment.

It is easy to make this test and prove these statements by changing from coffee to Postum. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Rea-

## SET ASIDE

### New Trial Granted In Poolroom Case.

JUDGE O'REAR DISSENTS FROM OPINION IN TENNESSEE CASE.

AFFIRMED CASE OF LOUISVILLE PRESBYTERIAN ORPHANAGE.

REVERSED B. AND O. ACTION.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—The Appellate Court to-day, Judge Hobson writing, certified to the Kenton Circuit Court the law in a case of the Commonwealth against George P. Huber, on questions appealed to it by the Commonwealth's Attorney of that court. Huber was charged with keeping a poolroom, and upon hearing in the lower court, was allowed to prove that the room was conducted in a quiet and orderly manner. A fine of $10,000 was imposed, and Circuit Judge Berry set aside the verdict and ganted defendant a new trial.

On these two questions the court here was appealed to. In reviewing the case Judge Hobson holds that it was error to allow proof as to good order in the poolroom.

Discussing the question of granting a new trial to the defendant, the court says that no question of law arises on the granting of the new trial which may be reviewed by the higher court; that Circuit Courts have a wide discretion as to the granting of new trials, where, in their judgment, the ends of justice so require.

In another opinion written by Judge Hobson the court certifies the law to the Bell Circuit Court in a case of the Commonwealth against C. D. and Patton Ball, Chief Justice O'Rear dissents from a part of the opinion approved by a majority of the court.

The appellees were indicted by the grand jury of Bell county for the crime of killing one Meade Cottrell, and placed upon trial. It was proved that Cottrell was shot in Bell county, but that he died in the State of Tennessee, where he had been removed to the home of his father.

The trial judge, upon motion of counsel for defendants, gave peremptory instructions to acquit the accused, the jury having been sworn to try the case. The court here says the Bell Circuit Court had jurisdiction to try the accused on the charge preferred against them, and that it was error to give peremptory instructions. The court further holds that defendants having been once in jeopardy, cannot again be presented for trial on the charge made against them. From this latter ruling the Chief Justice dissents.

The court affirmed judgment of the Henderson Circuit Court in a case of the Louisville Presbyterian Orphanage against Laura H. and Mary B. Chamber's guardian, Commissioner Clay delivered the opinion. The suit was against the Ohio Valley Banking and Trust Company, guardian. The lower court dismissed the petition. The court here says that the board and schooling of the children were given them, and the law cannot impose upon their estate an implied liability to pay even for necessaries which were bestowed as mere gratuity.

Judge Hobson writing, the court reversed judgment of the Jefferson Common Pleas Court, second division, in a case of the B. and O. Railroad Company against Jesse Offutt, and remanded it to the court below for another trial under instructions. Appellee secured judgment below for personal injuries sustained while a passenger on one of appellant's trains.

## AFTER WEEK PASSES

### FAMILY REPORTS INJURIES JOHN E. LITTRELL RECEIVED.

**Aged Man Thought To Have Fallen, Although He May Have Been Assaulted.**

John E. Littrell, aged sixty-four years, lies in an extremely serious condition at the home of his nephew, Fred Butler, with whom he lives at 2431 Hemlock street, as the result of his having fallen across a railroad track, it is thought, but with a possibility that he might have been assaulted.

The serious condition of Littrell first came to light yesterday, when the affair was reported to the police department by members of the family, who explained their tardiness in reporting the matter by saying that at first they did not think the condition of Littrell serious, and they now fear that he is near death. Chief Hager immediately ordered that an investigation be started, and Detectives Foster and Baker were especially assigned to the case. After spending the afternoon in an investigation they said that from the evidence so far obtained it was almost wholly probable that Littrell came by his injuries from a fall sustained on the night of September 25.

It was not more than an hour, it is said, before he was discovered unconscious, that Littrell left the saloon of Joe W. Wolf, on the Cane Run road, and it is thought to be conclusive that by his being found a short time later on the Southern railroad tracks at Woodland avenue and Catalpa street, that he had fallen in a stupor and injured himself. It was stated last night by a member of the family to Detective Foster that they had always thought that probably he had fallen, although there is room for doubt. The condition of Littrell is extremely serious, and it is thought that in case he recovers he will be subject to epilepsy. Detectives Foster and Baker will continue their investigation to-day.

Habitual Constipation

May be permanently overcome by proper personal efforts with the assistance of the one truly beneficial laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, which enables one to form regular habits daily so that assistance to nature may be gradually dispensed with when no longer needed as the best of remedies, when required, are to assist nature and not to supplant the natural functions, which must depend ultimately upon proper nourishment, proper efforts, and right living generally.

To get its beneficial effects, always buy the genuine

Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna
manufactured by the
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ONLY
SOLD BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS
one size only, regular price 50¢ per Bottle

## BRYAN TO SPEAK

### Before Democratic Club In Washington.

MAY SAY SOMETHING AS TO HIS INTENTIONS.

CLOSE FRIENDS AVERSE TO HIS MAKING RACE.

THINK SIGN IS NOT RIGHT.

Washington, Oct. 2.—[Special.]—W. J. Bryan has accepted an invitation from the George Washington University to address his students on November 25. On or near that date he will also be entertained by the local Bryan Democratic Club and it is expected at that banquet he will have something to say concerning the Democratic presidential nomination unless he deems it advisable to make an announcement at an earlier date.

In the meantime Mr. Bryan is going to Virginia and the Carolinas and may visit other Southern States. He will confer with his friends there and by the time he reaches Washington may be in a position to make a definite declaration. The elections this fall are reasonably certain to result in Democratic gains throughout the country. In fact, it will not be surprising if the results in Ohio and New Jersey afford the Democrats great encouragement. In neither, however, will the personality of Mr. Bryan largely enter, so whether gains in them can be construed as favorable to Mr. Bryan's candidacy rather than that of Judge Gray or Mr. Judson Harmon is questionable. Several of Mr. Bryan's close friends are averse to his making the race. Their feeling is based on the view that the Democrats cannot conduct a successful campaign next year and the defeat of their leader is, therefore, an unnecessary sacrifice. Opposite to this opinion, however, is that said to be entertained by Mr. Bryan himself. He is reported to be most optimistic over the outlook next year.

* * *

**Subsidy Advocates Busy.**

Ship subsidy advocates have been busy during the congressional recess sending out documents bearing upon the subject and having men travel around to the districts represented by Republican Congressmen to put their case personally before them. They are in hopes that the President will come out strongly for the subsidy in his message to Congress, and from that time on will be busy on the Senate and House sides of the Capitol. From what can be learned, the advocates of the measure are going to ask less than usual of this Congress. The original bill passed by the Senate is said to have been abandoned.

The programme now is to ask for the enactment of the bill which passed the House before adjournment. The theory of the shipping interests is that if they can get the principle of subsidy written in the nation's laws they can with little difficulty persuade succeeding Congresses to extend the scope of the legislation.

* * *

**Sheriff Shipp's Case.**

One of the first matters which will come before the United States Supreme Court, which begins its fall term a week from Monday, will be the Chattanooga lynching case. J. F. Maher, the Court's Commissioner, has prepared his report on the testimony taken in Chattanooga, whereby it is sought to punish Sheriff Shipp, his deputies and a number of citizens for their supposed part in the lynching of Ed Johnson, a negro, whose appeal to the Supreme Court had been taken and was to have been heard when his violent death prevented. Many important questions are to come before the court at the coming session, including the constitutionality of the race law; the Chicago and Pittsburg municipality cases, railroad legislation in the Southern States and possibly the Standard Oil twenty-nine million dollar fine.

* * *

**Reed Smoot For Roosevelt.**

Senator Reed Smoot, of Utah, one of the apostles of the Mormon Church, is the latest third-termer.

"There is no way to get around the fact," says the Senator, "that the people of Utah are for the renomination of the President. They believe in him and his policies, and if he should consent to become a candidate he would undoubtedly be given the State's delegates. As for Taft being a second choice, I cannot say as to that. Nothing has been done for him or any other candidate."

* * *

**Minor Washington Matters.**

Jo Shelton, seventy-eight years old, the veteran member of the Washington police force, is critically ill. He served as an escort and accompanied President Lincoln to Ford's Theater the night he was shot and helped to carry the wounded President to the house across the street in which he died.

* * *

Former Senator Cockrell, of Missouri, celebrated his seventy-third birthday in this city yesterday. The Senator is very much improved in health, and from now on hopes to actively resume his duties on the Interstate Commerce Commission.

* * *

Representative Edwards, of the Eleventh Kentucky district, and Representative Langley of the Tenth district, are here to take part in the Sixth Internal Revenue Collectorship fight.

**Mrs. Martha B. Routt Dead.**

Lawrenceburg, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Mrs. Martha Bell Routt, one of the best-beloved and most widely known of women of this section, died at her home near Stinnett in the southwestern part of the county at noon to-day. She had been in declining health for the last year and death was due to heart trouble and other complications. Besides her husband, Mr. Clairborne L. Routt, she is survivived by five daughters and three sons.

**Took Overdose of Morphine.**

Bowling Green, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Charles Hardcastle, a member of one of the most prominent families of this county and bookkeeper for a local coal firm, attempted suicide today by taking an overdose of morphine. He is now in a dangerous condition and his physicians have very little hope for his recovery.

**Scalded To Death.**

Mt. Sterling, Ky., Oct. 2.—Joseph Swope, of this county, was scalded to death at the Shillito building in Cincinnati by the bursting of a steam pipe. The flesh was burned from the body. Mr. Swope was thirty-nine years old, a popular young farmer and single. His body will be buried at Clay City Friday.

## MORRIS JUDGE

### Oldham County Jurist Appointed In Powers' Case.

WELL-KNOWN MEMBER OF BAR AND STATE LEGISLATURE.

POWERS WIRES FRANKLIN FOR SPEEDY TRIAL.

TERM WILL SOON CLOSE.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Judge James S. Morris, of Oldham county, was to-day appointed by Gov. Beckham as Special Judge of the Scott Circuit Court to preside at the fourth trial of Caleb Powers, the alleged Goebel murder conspirator. Judge Morris will accept the commission. He succeeds Judge Joseph E. Robbins, of Mayfield, in this noted case, Judge Robbins having vacated the bench several weeks ago.

Judge Morris is well known over Kentucky. He was a member of the Lower House of the General Assembly and one of its most prominent members, especially in consideration of laws affecting courts and practice, in which he is well versed.

He was for years the Commonwealth's Attorney of the Oldham-Shelby judicial district, and practiced criminal law all over this section of Kentucky. About a year ago he removed his law office from Lagrange to Frankfort with the view of practicing in the State Fiscal Court and the Court of Appeals. He has in a number of instances in the last year or two acted as Special Judge by appointment of the Governor. Judge Morris will set a time for the hearing of the Powers case.

Caleb Powers wired Commonwealth's Attorney Robert Franklin to-day, demanding immediate trial of the indictment charging him with procuring others to swear falsely in securing manufactured evidence to use in his coming trial. As none of the parties are before the court and this is the last day of a week's extension of the regular court, Mr. Franklin did not reply.

The regular term closed last Saturday and the special term will close the coming Friday or Saturday. The indictments will be called for trial at the next regular term of the Franklin Circuit Court.

### MISS GENTRY'S DENIAL.

**Says She Never Was a Party To Powers' Alleged Conspiracy.**

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Miss Jennie Gentry, who, it is alleged, was the go-between in the negotiations between Caleb Powers and John Rogerson, a convict in the Frankfort penitentiary, by which it is alleged Powers attempted to form a plot by false testimony to fasten the murder of Gov. Goebel on Henry E. Youtsey, lives in this city with her mother, in the Merrick Lodge building. Miss Gentry is a sister of Morgan Gentry, formerly jailer of Fayette county, and Joseph Gentry, a barkeeper in this city. All of her family have been Democrats and Miss Gentry's interest in Powers seems to have been that of an emotional woman whose fancy had made a hero and martyr of the notorious prisoner. She has earned a livelihood by working for the past two years in a candy store. Miss Gentry to-day vehemently denied that she had been a party to Powers' alleged conspiracy, but admitted that she had carried a letter from Powers to Rogerson and had hastened to report to Powers, and then take refuge in Cincinnati, where she was served last week with a subpoena to appear before the Franklin county grand jury. She made the following statement to-day:

I have been a friend of Caleb Powers for about four years. About two years ago I was informed that John Rogerson, a convict in the penitentiary, whom I had never known before, had made a statement that he had heard Henry Youtsey say that he had fired the shot that killed Goebel. I undertook to carry a letter from Mr. Powers, in the Georgetown jail, to Rogerson in the penitentiary. This I did. The statement that I carried notes in a candy box or carried candy to Rogerson are wholly false.

Neither is there any truth in the statement that Rogerson was offered $7,500 or any other money to help fasten the crime on Youtsey. The money left with the clerk of the Frankfort penitentiary was to be used by Rogerson in employing attorneys with which to secure his release from the penitentiary. Neither did I take Rogerson a copy of Powers' speech. Neither was I a warm friend of Rogerson, as the statement in the morning paper would have one believe. I only acted in the matter as a friend of Mr. Powers.

I will not make any recommendations in the wisdom of which he does not believe, and he will not take any steps in the exercise of the authority confided to him except only such as commend themselves to his judgment, and even those who distrust his opinions and judgments might well forbear from making such comments in view of the fact that under our system of Government there comes in short time an end of all official power and authority for Presidents as well as Senators and other public servants; therefore whatever your individual opinions may be, do not listen to these pessimistic suggestions. On the contrary be of good cheer and go forward with confidence, for as the country is greater than any man or any official so is the future greater than the past and the rewards of business yet to come richer than any that have yet been gathered.

## LIGHTING STANDARDS WITH STREET NAMES

HOW COMMERCIAL CLUB COMMITTEE WANTS THEM.

SEEK TO HAVE NAVAL CRUISER NAMED "LOUISVILLE.

### THIS CITY ON WEATHER MAP.

An effort to have the structure of the lighting standards that will be used in the business section of the city after the wires are put under ground, changed, will be made by the City Beautiful Committee of the Commercial Club. Capt. Brinton B. Davis, chairman of this committee, reported to the directors of the Commercial Club at their meeting yesterday afternoon that a subcommittee held a meeting at noon yesterday with the Board of Public Works and conferred with the members of the board on the question of having the ornamentation that will be between the upright pole and the pole from which the arc light will be suspended taken out and in place of this have on the standards placed at the corners signboards giving the name of the streets that intersect each other. The committee will hold another conference with the Board of Public Works to-day.

Capt. Davis, who is an architect, said that the standards without this ornamentation will be more artistic, and that at the same time the signboards will cost no more than the filigree work. Capt. Davis also reported that the lighting company will place 210 standards in the business section instead of only 120, as was first intended. There will be standards at the corners and in the middle of the squares.

The directors yesterday referred to the Publicity Committee the matter of inducing the Navy Department to name a United States cruiser after Louisville. The suggestion for this was made by Louis Grossman, a member of the committee. Mr. Grossman also suggested that the committee take up the matter of placing statues of two prominent sons of Kentucky in the Hall of Fame at Washington. This matter was referred to the Committee on Education.

It was decided to ask the Weather Bureau at Washington and the Associated Press to include Louisville weather reports in the reports sent over the country by the A. P.

Pinkney Varble reported that between fifteen and twenty Louisvillians, representing the Commercial Club and the Board of Trade, will attend the waterways convention to be held in Memphis October 4 and 5. They will leave over the Illinois Central railroad to-morrow night.

The following were elected members of the club: W. A. Crader, G. A. Ellerkamp, Lawrence Hawkins and H. H. Furlow.

## FORAKER MAKES OPTIMISTIC TALK

BELIEVES A TURN OF THE TIDE WILL COME.

BEFORE WE REACH DISASTER AND PANIC STAGE.

### HYSTERIA WAVE SUBSIDING.

Cincinnati, O., Oct. 2.—Denunciation of that pessimism which "emanates from criticism of the efforts of the President to enforce the laws of the country and bring offenders to justice" concluded the address of United States Senator Foraker before the Grain Dealers' National Convention in this city this afternoon. Senator Foraker first reviewed legislation on transportation and rate matters, declaring that he had "an abiding faith that the waves of hysteria in which we have been engulfed" are subsiding. He discussed the recent falling off in Wall street valuations and the growing lack of confidence that has resulted, and spoke briefly of the inability of railroads to market enough securities to enable them to make needed improvements and enlargements. In conclusion he said:

I am optimistic enough to believe that a turn of the tide will come before we reach the stages of panic and disaster, but it must come soon or be too late to avert consequences of the most harmful character.

Only the business men of the country can turn this tide, and they can turn it only by showing confidence in each other and in our future. In that behalf it behooves them to discountenance and frown upon all kinds of pessimism, especially that which emanates from critics of the efforts of the President to enforce the laws of the country and bring offenders to justice.

He quoted from recent Wall-street reviews in various newspapers in which the effect of President Roosevelt's speeches was discussed adversely and continued:

All this is not only monstrous, but without precedent, for never before since the beginning of our Government has the mere announcement that the President was intending to make a speech been seized upon by his critics and enemies as a cause for exciting the apprehensions of the business community. It is utterly ridiculous that they should do so now, for all that the President may have to say our Government remains; and even if he should propose what might prove harmful it could not be executed without the co-operation of the other departments of that Government.

It must be remembered that it is his duty to study conditions, have opinions and make recommendations, and no matter if he should err we need not be frightened, for we do not need to adopt his views unless we approve them, and if we approve them we should find fault with ourselves rather than with him.

WHEN A MAN is out with a hammer his liver is doing the knocking.

Recommend ½ glass
Hunyadi János Water
Before Breakfast.
A NATURAL LAXATIVE WATER.

Bottled at the Springs.

Avoid substitutes.

### POWERS SCORES FRANKLIN.

**Says Commonwealth's Attorney Is Wrongfully Using the Machinery of the Courts.**

Georgetown, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Caleb Powers, among other things, when approached about the indictment returned at Frankfort said: "Mr. Franklin is not content with having wrongfully used the machinery of the courts in which he is prosecutor to harass me for nearly eight years, but now comes forward with an indictment charging me with subornation of perjury because I have ben making diligent and honest effort for these many years to uncover the murderer of Senator Goebel.

"As soon as I read in the morning paper of this indictment I sent Mr. Franklin the following telegram: 'I demand trial this week before Franklin Circuit Court adjourns on charge of subornation of perjury. If the Commonwealth is ready, set the day and wire me. CALEB POWERS.'

"I have received no reply. He will never bring me or any of those indicted on this charge to trial.

"Feeling that I will be given no chance to vindicate myself in court and to show the public I have acted honestly and in good faith for the sole purpose of exposing the guilty and vindicating the innocent, I quote the correspondence between myself and those I have ben charged with attempting to bribe.

"I do not know Dave Cushing, one party indicted as conspiring with me to bribe, etc. One letter from Stevenson, a convict, to Mr. J. Hilker, of Covington, in 1906, tells that Rogers and he, (fellow convicts), knew enough to clear Powers and that under certain conditions, they would reveal the information and asked that he interest some influential friends of Powers.

"Other letters show how Stevenson demanded deposit of certain moneys toward securing a pardon, which had been promised for three hundred and fifty dollars.

"It was claimed that Youtsey had revealed to them just how he had killed Goebel and Hockersmith had obtained the keys to enter. Only Youtsey, Hockersmith and Culton, according to their story, knew of the intent to kill.

"So far as Masterson, the other man—I am charged with attempting to bribe—I have had no communication with directly or indirectly. This indictment against me is a desperate effort on the part of Mr. Franklin and the prosecution to turn me, if possible, the tide of friends coming to me by reason of the outrages I have so long unjustly suffered."

## WAS ARRAIGNED

BUT ATTORNEYS WERE NOT READY IN GODDARD CASE.

**Released Under Bond—Saloon Safe Robbed At North Limestone.**

Lexington, Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Charles Goddard, who shot and killed his brother, James, in this city, last Sunday, was arraigned for examining trial in the County Court to-day on the charge of murder. Neither side was ready for trial, however, and the hearing was postponed till next Saturday, bail of $1,000 being in the meantime fixed for Goddard's appearance next Saturday.

The bond was soon after given and Goddard was released from jail and returned to his father's home. The killing was plainly accidental. Goddard having inadvertently shot his brother while engaged in a fight with Henry Hunter. The probabilities are that he will be dismissed on the examining trial Saturday.

* * *

**Robbed the Safe.**

The saloon of Arthur Jack, on North Limestone, near Main street, and in the heart of the city, was broken into last night and $155 taken from the safe. Several boxes of cigars and bottles of whisky were also taken.

The burglar entered through an upstairs window in the rear and obtained the money by prying open the inside door of the safe, the heavy outside door having accidentally been left unlocked.

* * *

**Crashed Into Street Car.**

A narrow escape was made this morning by the passengers on a street car at the point where the belt line railroad crosses North Limestone street. As the car was crossing the railroad track a C. and O. freight train, which was standing near, suddenly backed against the car, knocking the car over and tearing a hole in its side.

The only passengers on the car were J. G. Herr, a member of the Bluegrass Tobacco Company; Clarence Fowler and a negro woman. Messrs. Herr and Fowler had rushed to the platform when they saw the danger and were thrown to the street by the shock. Both were badly bruised, and but for the freight train being quickly stopped would have been crushed to death. The negro woman remained in her seat and escaped unhurt.

* * *

**Had Narrow Escape.**

Mrs. I. T. Harbison had a narrow escape from serious injury to-day by a runaway horse colliding with a surrey in which she was riding on North Mill street. Both Mrs. Harbison and the driver of the surrey were thrown out, but neither was injured beyond connecting bruises.

* * *

J. D. Fugate, who was arrested here last week on the charge of being a fugitive from Wise county, Va., was released in the Circuit Court to-day on a writ of habeas corpus, the Virginia authorities having failed to send the papers on which to hold him.

**Patrolman Cited For Contempt.**

When a case against Patrolman Edward Kasenbrock was called in the Police Court yesterday morning it developed that on the night of September 23 he made the arrest of John Cunningham, of 1526 Portland avenue, because, it is said, Cunningham reported him to the Board of Public Safety for being drunk on the night before while watching his beat. When the case was called yesterday Kasenbrock was not present, and Judge Blain ordered a rule for contempt to be issued against him. The case against Cunningham was dismissed.

$37.05 to Pacific Coast

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University of Louisville.
62d session begins October 1. Professors Emmet Field, C. B. Seymour, W. O. Harris. For catalogues apply to W. O. HARRIS, Dean.

Wintersmith's Chill Tonic will rid you of malaria.

## STREET CAR AD MEN COMBINED.

(Continued From First Page.)

east of the Mississippi river. The A. E. McBee Company had succeeded in getting control of most of the street-car advertising business in the South, there being only one company located south of the Ohio river with headquarters in Nashville, in competition with them.

* * *

**Mc'Bee's Holdings Bring $800,000.**

However, the A. E. McBee Company had not succeeded in getting contracts for the business in the North and Northeast, three other concerns, located at Cincinnati, Wheeling, W. Va., and Detroit, it is understand, having control there. Mr. McBee purposed to merge all these companies into one big company and recently he consummated his plans. He sold out his personal holdings in the McBee Company, it is understood, for $800,000.

During all this time the A. E. McBee Company and, prior to the formation of this company, the Standard Advertising Company, had its headquarters in Louisville. Since the completion of the Paul Jones building it has maintained offices in this building and from now on will continue to keep a branch office here, with

H. J. Gutman & Co. INCORPORATED

Special Waist Values

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Ten distinct styles of Net and Lace Waists, at the special price of $5.00 —They are elaborately trimmed and represent good $7.50 values.

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Pure Irish Linen Waists; tailored effects, at $2.95, $3.95 and $5.00

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Secured by First Mortgages on Kentucky Real Estate.

They yield the Investor

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CALL ON OR ADDRESS

Kentucky Title Savings Bank,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

# NATIONAL TASK, SAYS PRESIDENT

(Continued from First Page.)

of and by the aid of the Federal Government. This is especially true of all that concerns our running waters. Of the mountains from which the springs start we are now endeavoring to preserve the forests which regulate the water supply and prevent too startling variations between droughts and freshets. Below the mountains, in the hot, dry regions of the Western plains, we endeavor to secure the proper utilization of the waters for irrigation. This is at the sources of the streams. Farther down, where they become navigable, our aim must be to try to develop a policy which shall secure the utmost advantage from the navigable waters.

* * *

**Levee Building.**

Finally, on the lower courses of the Mississippi, the nation should do its full share in the work of levee building; and, incidentally to its purpose of serving navigation, this will also prevent the ruin of alluvial bottoms by floods. Our knowledge is not sufficiently far advanced to enable me to speak definitely as to the plans which should be adopted; but let me say one word of warning. The danger of entering on any such scheme lies in the adoption of impossible and undesirable plans, plans the adoption of which means an outlay of money extravagant beyond all proportion to the return, or which, though feasible, are not, relatively to other plans, of an importance which warrant their adoption. It will not be easy to secure the assent of a fundamentally cautious people like our own to the adoption of such a policy as that I hope to see adopted; and even if we begin to follow out such a policy it certainly will not be persevered in if it is found to entail reckless extravagance or to be tainted with jobbery. The interests of the nation as a whole must be always the first consideration.

* * *

**A National Movement.**

This is properly a national movement, because all interstate and foreign commerce, and the improvements and methods of carrying it on, are subjects for national action. Moreover, while of course the matter of the improvement of the Mississippi river and its tributaries is one which especially concerns the great middle portion of our country, the region between the Alleghenies and the Rockies, yet it is of concern to the rest of the country, for it cannot too often be said that whatever is really beneficial to one part of our country is ultimately of benefit to the whole. Thus it is a good thing for the interior of our country that the seaports on the Atlantic and the Pacific and the gulf should be safe and commodious, so it is to the interest of the dwellers on the coast that the interior should possess ample facilities for the transportation of its products.

Our interests are all closely interwoven and in the long run it will be found that we go up or go down together.

* * *

**Panama Canal.**

Take, for instance, the Panama canal. If the Mississippi is restored to its former place of importance as a highway of commerce, then the building of the Panama canal will be felt as an immediate advantage to the business of every city and country district in the Mississippi valley. I think that the building of that canal will be of especial advantage to the States that lie along the Pacific and the States that lie along the gulf; and yet, after all, I fell that the advantage will be shared in an only less degree by the States of the interior and of the Atlantic coast. In other words, it is a thoroughly national work, undertaken for and redounding to the advantage of all of us—to the advantage of the nation as a whole. Therefore I am glad to be able to report to you how well we are doing with the canal. There is bound to be a certain amount of experiment, a certain amount of feeling our way, in a task so gigantic—a task greater than any of its kind that has ever hitherto been undertaken in the whole history of mankind; but the success so far has been astonishing, and we have not met with a single one of the accidents or obstacles which I freely confess I expected we should from time to time encounter.

We, in the first place, laid the foundation for the work by securing the most favorable possible conditions as regard the health, comfort, and safety of the men who were to do it; and now the Canal Zone is in point of health better off than the average district of the same size at home. Then we went at the problem of the actual digging and dam building. For over a year past we have been engaged in making the dirt fly in good earnest, and the output of the giant steam shovels has steadily increased. It is now the rainy season, when work is most difficult on the Isthmus, yet in the month of August last we excavated over a million and two hundred thousand cubic yards of earth and rock, a greater amount than in any previous month. If we are able to keep up substantially the rate of progress that now obtains we shall finish the actual digging within five or six years; though when we come to the great Gatun dam and locks, while there is no question as to the work being feasible, there are several elements entering into the time problem which make it unwise at present to hazard a prophecy in reference thereto.

* * *

**The Navy.**

Now, gentlemen, this leads me up to another matter for national consideration, and that is our navy. The navy is not primarily of importance only to the coast regions. It is every bit as much the concern of the farmer who dwells a thousand miles from sea water as of the fisherman who makes his living on the ocean, for it is the concern of every good American who knows what the meaning of the word patriotism is. This country is definitely committed to certain fundamental policies—to the Monroe doctrine, for instance, and to the duty not only of building, but, when it is built, of policing and defending the Panama canal. We have definitely taken our places among the great naval powers, and it would be a sign of ignoble weakness, having taken such a place, to shirk its responsibilities. Therefore, unless we are willing to abandon our insistence upon the Monroe doctrine, to give up the Panama canal, and to be content to acknowledge ourselves a weak and timid nation, we must steadily build up and maintain a great fighting navy.

Our navy is already so efficient as to be a matter of just pride to every American. So long as our navy is no larger than at present it must be considered as an elementary principle that the bulk of our battle fleet must always be kept together. When the Panama Canal is built it can be transferred without difficulty from one part of our coast to the other; but even before that canal is built it ought to be thus transferred to and fro from time to time. In a couple of months our fleet of great armored ships starts for the Pacific. California, Oregon and Washington have a coast line which is our coast line just as emphatically as the coast line of New York and Maine, of Louisiana and Texas. Our fleet is going to its own home waters in the Pacific, and after a stay there it will return to its own home waters in the Atlantic. The best place for a naval officer to learn his duties is at sea, by performing them, and only by actually putting through a voyage of this nature, a voyage longer than any ever before undertaken by as large a fleet of any nation, can we find out just exactly what is necessary for us to do now as to our naval needs and practice our officers and enlisted men in the highest duties of their profession. Among all our citizens there is no body of equal size to whom we owe quite as much as to the officers and enlisted men of the army and navy of the United States, and I bespeak from you the fullest and heartiest support, in the name of our nation and of our flag, for the services to which these men belong.

* * *

**Control of Corporations.**

In conclusion I wish to say a word to this body, containing as it does so many business men, upon what is pre-eminently a business proposition, and that is the proper national supervision and control of corporations. At the meeting of the American Bar Association in this last August Judge Charles F. Amidon, of North Dakota, read a paper on the National and the Constitution so admirable that it is deserving of very wide study; for what he said was, as all studies of law in its highest form ought to be, a contribution to constructive jurisprudence as it should be understood not only by judges, but by legislators, not only by those who interpret and decide the law, but by those who make it and who administer or execute it. He quoted from the late Justice Miller, of the Supreme Court, to show that even in the interpretation of the Constitution by this, the highest authority of the land, the court's successive decisions must be tested by the way they work in actual application to the national life; the court adding to its thought and study the results of experience and observation until the true solution is evolved by a process both of inclusion and exclusion.

Said Justice Miller: "The meaning of the Constitution is to be sought as much in the national life as in the dictionary; for, as has been well said, government purely out of a law library can never be really good government."

Now that the questions of government are becoming so largely economic, the majority of our so-called constitutional cases really turn not upon the interpretation of the instrument itself, but upon the construction, the right apprehension of the living conditions to which it is to be applied. The Constitution is now and must remain what it always has been; but it can only be interpreted as the interests of the whole people demand. If interpreted as a living organism, designed to meet the conditions of life and not of death; in other words, if interpreted as Marshall interpreted it, as Wilson declared it should be interpreted. The Marshall theory, the theory of life and not of death, allows to the nation, that is to the people as a whole, when once it finds a subject within the national cognizance, the widest and freest choice of methods for national control, and sustains every exercise of national power which has any reasonable relation to national objects. The negation of this theory means, for instance, that the nation—that we, the 90,000,000 of people of this country—will be left helpless to control the huge corporations which now domineer in our industrial life, and that they will have the authority of the courts to work their desires unchecked; and such a decision would in the end be as disastrous for them as for us. If the theory of the Marshall school prevails, then an immense field of national power, now unused, will be developed, which will be adequate for dealings with many, if not all, of the economic problems which vex us; and we shall be saved from the ominous threat of a constant oscillation between economic tyranny and economic chaos. Our industrial, and therefore our social, future as a nation depends upon settling aright this urgent question.

* * *

**Changing Conditions.**

The Constitution is unchanged and unchangeable save by amendment to its form. But the conditions to which it is to be applied have undergone a change which is almost a transformation, with the result that many subjects formerly under the control of the States have come under the control of the nation. As one of the Justices of the Supreme Court has recently said: "The growth of national powers, under our Constitution, which marks merely the great outlines and designates only the great objects of national concern, is to be compared to the growth of a country not by the geographical enlargement of its boundaries, but by the increase of its population." A hundred years ago there was, except the commerce which crawled along our seacoast or up and down our interior waterways, practically no interstate commerce. Now, by the railroads, the mails, the telegraph and the telephone an immense part of our commerce is interstate. By the transformation it has escaped from the power of the State and come under the power of the nation. Therefore there has been a great practical change in the exercise of the national power, under the acts of Congress, over interstate commerce; while, on the other hand, there has been no noticeable change in the exercise of the national power "to regulate commerce with foreign nations and with the Indian tribes." The change as regards interstate commerce has come, not in the Constitution, but in the business of the people to which it is applied. Our economic and social future depends in a very large part upon how the interstate commerce power of the nation is interpreted.

I believe that the nation has the whole governmental power over interstate commerce and the widest discretion in dealing with that subject; of course, under the express limits prescribed in the Constitution for the exercise of all powers, such, for instance, as the condition that "due process of law" shall not be denied. The nation has no power over purely intrastate commerce, even where it is conducted by the same agencies which conduct interstate commerce. The courts must determine what is national and what is State commerce. The same reasoning which sustained the power of Congress to incorporate the United States Bank tends to sustain the power to incorporate an interstate railroad, or any other corporation conducting an interstate business.

* * *

**Power of Amendment.**

There are difficulties arising from our dual form of government. If they prove to be insuperable, resort must be had to the power of amendment. Let us first try to meet them by an exercise of all the powers of the National Government which in the Marshall spirit of broad interpretation can be found in the Constitution as it is. They are of great extent. The chief economic question of the day in this country is to provide a sovereign for the great corporations engaged in interstate business; that is, for the railroads and the interstate industrial corporations. At present the supervision and control over the railroads. When railroads were first built they were purely local in character. Their boundaries were not coextensive even with the boundaries of one State. They usually covered only two or three counties. All this has now changed. At present five great systems embody nearly four-fifths of the total mileage of the country. All the important railroads are no longer State roads, but instruments of interstate commerce. Probably 85 per cent. of their business is interstate business. It is the nation alone which can with wisdom, justice and effectiveness exercise over these interstate railroads the thorough and complete supervision which should be exercised. One of the chief, and probably the chief, of the domestic causes for the adoption of the Constitution was the need to confer upon the nation exclusive control over interstate commerce. But this grant of power is worthless unless it is held to confer thoroughgoing and complete control over practically the sole instrumentalities of interstate commerce—the interstate railroads. The railroads themselves have been exceedingly shortsighted in the rancorous bitterness which they have shown against the resumption by the nation of this long-neglected power. Great capitalists, who pride themselves upon their extreme conservatism, often believe they are acting in the interests of property when following a course as shortsighted as to be really an assault upon property. They have shown extreme unwisdom in their violent opposition to the assumption of complete control over the railroads by the Federal Government. The American people will not tolerate the happy-go-lucky system of no control over the great interstate railroads, with the insolent and manifold abuses which have so generally accompanied it. The control must exist somewhere; and unless it is by thoroughgoing and radical law placed upon the statute books of the nation, it will be exercised in ever-increasing measure by the several States. The same considerations which made the founders of the Constitution deem it imperative that the nation should have complete control of interstate commerce apply with peculiar force to the control of interstate railroads at the present day; the arguments of Madison, of Virginia; Pinckney, of South Carolina, and Hamilton and Jay, of New York, in their essence apply now as they applied one hundred and twenty years ago.

* * *

**Federal Control.**

The national convention which framed the Constitution, and in which almost all the most eminent of the first generation of American statesmen sat, embodied the theory of the instrument in a resolution, to the effect that the National Government should have power in cases where the separate States were incompetent to act with full efficiency, and where the harmony of the United States would be interrupted by the exercise of such individual legislation. The interstate railroad situation is exactly a case in point. There will, of course, be local matters affecting railroads which can best be dealt with by local authority, but as national commercial agents, the big interstate railroad ought to be completely subject to national authority. Only thus can we secure their complete subjection to, and control by, a single sovereign, representing the whole people, and capable both of protecting the public and of seeing that the railroads neither inflict nor endure justice.

Personally I firmly believe that there should be national legislation to control all industrial corporations doing an interstate business, including the control of the output of their securities, but as to these the necessity for Federal control is less urgent and immediate than is the case with the railroads. Many of the abuses connected with these corporations will probably tend to disappear now that the Government—the public—is gradually getting the upper hand as regards putting a stop to the rebates and special privileges which some of these corporations have enjoyed at the hands of the common carriers. But ultimately it will be found that the complete remedy for these abuses lies in direct and affirmative action by the National Government. That there is constitutional power for the national regulation of these corporations I have myself no question. Two or three generations ago there was just as much hostility to national control of banks as there is now to national control of railroads or of industrial corporations doing an interstate business. That hostility now seems to us ludicrous in its lack of warrant. In like manner, gentlemen, our descendants will regard with wonder the present opposition to giving the National Government adequate power to control those great corporations, which it alone has full and yet wisely, safely and justly control. Remember also that to regulate the formation of these corporations offers one of the most direct and efficient methods of regulating their activities.

* * *

**No Centralization.**

I am not pleading for an extension of constitutional power. I am pleading that constitutional power which already exists shall be applied to new conditions which did not exist when the Constitution went into being. I ask that the national powers already conferred upon the National Government by the Constitution shall be so used as to bring national commerce and industry effectively under the authority of the National Government and thereby avert industrial chaos. My plea is not to bring about a condition of centralization. It is that the Government shall recognize a condition of centralization in a field where it already exists. When the national banking law was passed it represented in reality no centralization, but recognition of the fact that the country had so far advanced that the currency was already a matter of national concern which must be dealt with by the central authority at Washington. So it is with the interstate industrialism and especially with the matter of interstate railroad operation to-day. Centralization has already taken place in the world of commerce and industry. All I ask is that the National Government look this fact in the face, accept it as a fact, and fit itself accordingly for a policy of supervision and control over this centralized commerce and industry.

* * *

**Luncheon At Hotel.**

At the conclusion of the President's address he and the party of escorts hurried to waiting carriages and were taken at a gallop to the Jefferson Hotel, where they were the guests of the St. Louis Business Men's League at luncheon. Covers were laid for more than 400 guests. There were no set speeches, but the President responded to the toast of James E. Smith, president of the league, by expressing the wish that the ends of the league might be achieved. The "end of the league" just now means the securing of a fourteen-foot river channel.

The party was scheduled to leave the hotel at 2:30 o'clock, but the President did not enter his carriage until after 3 o'clock. Arriving at the wharf it was found that Gov. Curry, of New Mexico, who was to travel with the President, was not aboard the steamer Mississippi.

A search of a half hour revealed Gov. Curry on the steamer Alton. He was summoned by the President, and the Mississippi cast off her moorings shortly after 4 o'clock, an hour behind schedule time. She was followed by the United States steamer Col. MacKenzie, carrying the members of the Inland Waterways Commission; the Alton, bearing the Governors of fifteen States; the Tennessee, chartered for thirty-six visiting Congressmen, sixteen other large steamboats and a host of smaller craft.

* * *

**Presidential Salute Fired.**

As the flotilla passed Jefferson barracks, twelve miles below St. Louis, the soldiers quartered there stood attention at the shore and the presidential salute was fired.

The President intended to go aboard the MacKenzie to-night for a conference with the members of the Inland Waterways Commission, according to Dr. W. J. McGee, the commission's secretary. It was intended that the Mississippi and MacKenzie come together in midstream and the President go from one boat to the other.

To-morrow the President will deliver a speech at Cairo, Ill.

**Cairo Ready For President.**

Cairo, Ill., Oct. 2.—All preprarations are complete for the entertainment of President Roosevelt to-morrow. The President and party will arrive at 9 a. m. and will be taken in carriages to St. Mary's Park, where Mayor George Parsons will introduce Gov. Dorneen, of Illinois, who will in turn introduce the President to the crowd. The city is a mass of flags and decorations and preparations are made for taking care of 50,000 visitors.

**CONGRATULATES ALTON,**

**With Its 25,000 Inhabitants and Its "Stork Mayor."**

St. Louis, Oct. 2.—As President Roosevelt's steamer passed Alton, Ill., this morning a mammoth poster placed along the river front confronted those on board, reading:

"This is Alton, 25,000 Inhabitants, twenty-five miles from St. Louis. We have a stork Mayor."

When President Roosevelt reached here he sent back the following telegram to Alton:

"Congratulations to Alton and its 25,000 people, including its stork Mayor."

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# ONE OF THE BEST EVER BRED

Montgomery Ward, reg. No. 2237, ch. s., 15.3, 3 years; s., Montgomery Chief, owned by Ball Bros., Versailles, Ky. This stallion was the best five-gaited saddle horse shown in Class 25, for horses under four years, and won the American Saddle Horse Breeders' Association trophy.

# DISTILLERIES FOR PRODUCTION OF DENATURED ALCOHOL

## Commissioner Capers Gives Information On Subject In a Circular Letter To Revenue Collectors.

Washington, Oct. 2.—[Special.]—John G. Capers, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, to-day addressed a circular to Internal Revenue Collectors and Agents on the subject of denatured alcohol, with special attention to the more liberal construction as provided through amendments by Congress of the original law.

The commissioner also points out that in cases where the prohibition sentiment has rendered stills useless for distilling beverages, they can, with slight changes, be converted into industrial distilleries. The commissioner says:

In the preparation of regulations effort was made so to liberalize the methods of dealing with the production of industrial alcohol as to encourage such production. Many of the provisions of the laws relating to the operation of distilleries at which spirits for tax payment are produced were suspended as applied to industrial distilleries, and the artificial element of cost of production resulting from rules and regulations more or less restrictive in their character necessary at regularly established distilleries are eliminated. Industrial distilleries are authorized to be established under the authority of the General Government and thereby avert industrial chaos. My plea is not to bring about a condition of centralization. It is that the Government shall recognize a condition of centralization in a field where it already exists. When the national banking law was passed it represented in reality no centralization, but recognition of the fact that the country had so far advanced that the currency was already a matter of national concern which must be dealt with by the central authority at Washington. So it is with the interstate industrialism and especially with the matter of interstate railroad operation to-day. Centralization has already taken place in the world of commerce and industry. All I ask is that the National Government look this fact in the face, accept it as a fact, and fit itself accordingly for a policy of supervision and control over this centralized commerce and industry.

One or more persons, or an association of persons, may set up, register and operate an industrial distillery—that is to say, it may be operated by one farmer, two farmers or a dozen farmers.

The operators may have all or a part of the product denatured at the distillery for their own use or for local consumption, or they may sell all or a part of it to central denaturing bonded warehouses for transfer thereto for denaturing purposes.

Alcohol before or after, being denatured may be transferred from the distillery in tanks or tank cars.

Record of all spirit-producing material brought on the distillery premises and used for the manufacture of spirits; of the time the many operations each day, and of all alcohol produced each day and removed or denatured must be kept by the operator of the distillery, and monthly returns of the operations of the distillery must be made to the Collector of the district.

In the application for the survey of his distillery, the owner or operator must name some person who will be in charge of the distillery and be responsible for the same during his absence.

The Government, on application made to the proper Collector of Internal Revenue for the establishment of an industrial distillery, will send an officer to make the necessary estimates, surveys, etc., and to advise persons desiring to establish industrial distilleries as to what is required of them, etc.

In view of the fact that in many sections of the country local prohibitory municipal, county, or State laws making the production of distilled spirits unlawful have rendered worthless, for the production of beverage spirits, many distilling plants, this office deems it proper to call the attention of those interested to the fact that it is entirely practicable, by making slight changes and additions to many of said plants, to convert them into industrial distilleries. In many instances it is believed that the slight additions necessary can be made with a small expenditure of money.

This office is not in possession of any information as to the application of the various State laws to the production of spirits for denaturation only. In some States the prohibitory laws have especially provided for the manufacture and sale of denatured alcohol. In other States it will probably be a question for judicial determination. The prospective manufacturer of industrial alcohol should investigate for himself as to the laws of his own particular State.

It has been demonstrated by experiment that 100 pounds of the following productions of the farm will produce alcohol in the following quantities: Rice, 6 wine gallons, 190 degrees proof; rye, barley, spelt, corn and sorghum seed, 5 gallons; Irish potatoes, 1½ gallons; cassava, 2½ gallons; turnips four-fifths gallon; artichokes, 1¼ gallons; sugar beets, 2 gallons; sorghum or sugar cane, 1 gallon; waste molasses, 3 gallons; grapes, 1 1-6 gallons; bananas, 1 4-5 gallons, and other fruits from 1 to 1½ gallons.

Before filing with the collector of the district a statement describing the distillery, the distilling apparatus, and the distillery premises.

The distiller must give bond equal to the tax on the spirits than can be produced at the plant in thirty days operating at its full capacity, and the penal sum of this bond must at all times be equal to the tax on all undenatured spirits on hand at a distillery.

The proprietor of an industrial distillery is not required to produce 80 per cent. of the spirits called for by his survey. If he accounts for all the material used and all the spirits produced, he cannot be held for deficiency under his survey. He can operate his distillery at such times as suit his convenience, and an officer is not put on duty at the distillery unless in the opinion of the collector of the district the interests of the service demand it.

**Luncheon At Hotel.**

At the conclusion of the President's address he and the party of escorts hurried to waiting carriages and were taken at a gallop to the Jefferson Hotel, where they were the guests of the St. Louis Business Men's League at luncheon. Covers were laid for more than 400 guests. There were no set speeches, but the President responded to the toast of James E. Smith, president of the league, by expressing the wish that the ends of the league might be achieved. The "end of the league" just now means the securing of a fourteen-foot river channel.

The party was scheduled to leave the hotel at 2:30 o'clock, but the President did not enter his carriage until after 3 o'clock. Arriving at the wharf it was found that Gov. Curry, of New Mexico, who was to travel with the President, was not aboard the steamer Mississippi.

A search of a half hour revealed Gov. Curry on the steamer Alton. He was summoned by the President, and the Mississippi cast off her moorings shortly after 4 o'clock, an hour behind schedule time. She was followed by the United States steamer Col. MacKenzie, carrying the members of the Inland Waterways Commission; the Alton, bearing the Governors of fifteen States; the Tennessee, chartered for thirty-six visiting Congressmen, sixteen other large steamboats and a host of smaller craft.

* * *

**Presidential Salute Fired.**

As the flotilla passed Jefferson barracks, twelve miles below St. Louis, the soldiers quartered there stood attention at the shore and the presidential salute was fired.

The President intended to go aboard the MacKenzie to-night for a conference with the members of the Inland Waterways Commission, according to Dr. W. J. McGee, the commission's secretary. It was intended that the Mississippi and MacKenzie come together in midstream and the President go from one boat to the other.

To-morrow the President will deliver a speech at Cairo, Ill.

**Cairo Ready For President.**

Cairo, Ill., Oct. 2.—All preprarations are complete for the entertainment of President Roosevelt to-morrow. The President and party will arrive at 9 a. m. and will be taken in carriages to St. Mary's Park, where Mayor George Parsons will introduce Gov. Dorneen, of Illinois, who will in turn introduce the President to the crowd. The city is a mass of flags and decorations and preparations are made for taking care of 50,000 visitors.

**CONGRATULATES ALTON,**

**With Its 25,000 Inhabitants and Its "Stork Mayor."**

St. Louis, Oct. 2.—As President Roosevelt's steamer passed Alton, Ill., this morning a mammoth poster placed along the river front confronted those on board, reading:

"This is Alton, 25,000 Inhabitants, twenty-five miles from St. Louis. We have a stork Mayor."

When President Roosevelt reached here he sent back the following telegram to Alton:

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# GREAT SEND-OFF

## Taft Departs Amid Display of Fireworks.

JAPANESE OFFICIALS ASSEMBLED ON PLATFORM.

AUDIENCE WITH EMPEROR AT IMPERIAL PALACE.

ELABORATE BANQUET SERVED.

Tokio, Oct. 2.—William H. Taft, American Secretary of War, officially bade farewell to Japan at 6:15 o'clock this evening and left the brilliantly decorated Shimbashi railroad station for Kobe amid the firing of an artillery salute and a great display of fireworks. Officials of the Government, including the heads of the War and Navy Departments, the staff of the American Embassy and the municipal officers of Tokio, assembled on the platform to extend their best wishes for the health and success of the distinguished traveler during his tour around the world.

At noon to-day, Mr. and Mrs. Taft, accompanied only by Brig. Gen. Edwards, Chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, and Frederick W. Carpenter, Mr. Taft's private secretary, drove in an imperial carriage, escorted by a troop of cavalry to the Emperor's palace with all the ceremony surrounding a royal reception.

* * *

**Received By the Emperor.**

Entering the audience room, accompanied by Gen. Edwards, Mr. Taft was greeted by his majesty, who invited the Secretary to accompany him to an adjoining room where they conferred in private, with the aid of an interpreter, for ten minutes, after which they returned to the audience room.

While the private audience was in progress, Mrs. Taft was received by the Empress. Both their majesties showed great cordiality in their reception of the American visitors.

While no official statement of what transpired at the private audience was given out, it is understood that the Emperor expressed his friendship for America and his admiration of President Roosevelt, and that Mr. Taft assured him that these sentiments were reciprocated by the people of the United States.

After the audience Mr. and Mrs. Taft called on the Crown Prince, Yoshihito Harunomiya, and upon Prince Fushimi, the Emperor's cousin, who visited the United States in 1904, and then returned to the palace. On their arrival there Mr. and Mrs. Taft were ushered into the banquet room, where a luncheon was served, the Emperor and Empress sitting on one side of the table with Mr. and Mrs. Taft opposite them.

* * *

**Elaborate Luncheon.**

The luncheon was most elaborate, the banquet room being profusely decorated with American and Japanese flags and flowers. The favors were of silver, exquisitely designed. After the luncheon Mr. and Mrs. Taft bade farewell to their majesties and returned to the Shiba palace, their headquarters, reaching there at about 3:30 p. m.

The Foreign Minister, Count Hayashi, called on Secretary Taft at 4 o'clock and had a long conference with him.

The Taft carriages, during the drive to the Shimbashi railroad station, were preceded and followed by detachments of cavalry, and also accompanied to the station by the Japanese War Minister, Lieut. Torchi, and by Count Hayashi and other officials of the Government. Mr. and Mrs. Taft will spend part of to-morrow at Kyoto, visiting the temples and tombs there, and will continue their journey to Kobe the same afternoon. The Minnesota will leave Kobe for Nagasaki at 10 p. m. to-morrow.

* * *

**Newspaper Comment.**

The leading newspapers to-morrow will publish enthusiastic appreciations of the excellent results from the presence here of Secretary Taft. The visit is characterized as most opportune, and as removing all doubts and apprehension as to the matter of relations between Japan and the United States, and it is the general feeling in Tokio that the assurances of cordial relations so forcibly given by Secretary Taft in his outspoken utterances were just the thing needed at the moment.

The Yokumin Shimbun will pay a high tribute to Mr. Taft's personality, and express its deep appreciation of the confidence so widely inspired by the American Secretary. This paper regrets sincerely the anti-Japanese expressions appearing in some American journals, and it will suggest an exchange of visits by journalists and members of the Legislatures of the two countries, saying that such an undertaking would undoubtedly prove a powerful factor toward dispelling the suspicions, misapprehensions and opinions held in America concerning Japan.

# ATTORNEY GENERAL AFTER TELEGRAPH COMPANIES.

**They Must Show Cause Why They Should Not Be Sued For Forfeiture of Charters.**

New York, Oct. 2.—The Western Union Telegraph Company and the Postal Telegraph Company were ordered to-day by Justice Ford, of the Supreme Court, New York State, to show cause on Friday why State Attorney General Jackson should not be permitted to sue them for forfeiture of their charters on the ground that they have formed a combination to increase telegraph tolls. Mr. Jackson, in his application, alleges that the combination was made January 1, 1907, and that a new and increased schedule of rates was put into effect, and that the companies agreed to maintain joint offices at certain points and divide the profit of business received therein.

"Refreshment"—

Elijah's Manna

with Cream and Sugar

Easily the most delicious flavor of any flake food known.

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

Grocers sell this crisp food 5 cents for Pony pkg. and 15 cents for Family size.

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.

[Business Established Sixty Years.]

NEW YORK STORE.

READY-TO-WEAR— Third Floor.

ATTRACTIVE PRICES
—IN—
WOMEN'S TAILORED COATS AND SUITS.
AUTUMN'S NEWEST STYLES ON
SALE TO-DAY.

Women's Tailored Suits, in blue and black Cheviots or fancy mixtures; made in 32-inch coat model; silk lined; plaited skirt—Special Price Thursday $18.75.

Women's Tailored Suits, in Cheviots, Broadcloths or Mixed Suitings; large collection of styles, with the newest skirt models; all colors—Special Price $27.50.

Women's Covert Coats, good quality; 20 inches long; taffeta lined; regular $8.75 value—Special Price $5.00.

Women's Black Cloth Coats, medium length; satin lined; regular $6.50 value—Special Price $5.00.

Children's and Misses' Peter Thompson Dresses, made in Cheviots, Serges and Mohairs; colors brown, blue and black. Broken sizes; regular $10.00 and $12.00 values—Special Thursday $4.98.

LACE ROBES— Second Floor

IMPORTANT REDUCTION SALE
—OF—
WHITE LEER LACE ROBES
ON SALE TO-DAY.

Fully determined to close out this special line of handsome Leer Lace Robes we have marked them at a price that will certainly accomplish this end. All are regular $20.00 values, with very full flounce and extra wide skirt—Thursday's Special Price $10.98.

COLORED DRESS GOODS— Second Floor.

69c SPECIAL
—IN—
COLORED WOOL DRESS GOODS
FOR TO-DAY'S SELLING.

Special lot of plain and fancy weaves in All-wool Suitings for street and house dresses. Twenty-five different shades to select from; all desirable and new effects; former prices 85c, $1.00 and $1.25 yard—Thursday's Special Price 69c yard.

CURTAINS— Fifth Floor.

CURTAIN SPECIAL
AT $7.50
FOR TO-DAY.

Irish Point Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, 60 inches wide, 13-inch border; made of heavy imported net; $10.00 value.

RUGS— Fifth Floor.

RUG SPECIAL
AT $37.50
FOR TO-DAY.

9x12 Wilton Rug, Oriental colors and designs; heavy, close quality, strong and durable; one of the best Rugs made; regular price $40.00.

KNIT UNDERWEAR— Main Floor.

INTERESTING SPECIAL PRICES
FOR TO-DAY
—IN—
FALL WEIGHT UNDERWEAR
FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Women's Merode Medium Weight Cotton Underwear; hand-silk-finished, vests and pants—Price 39c. Union Suits 65c.

Women's Merode Fall Weight Ribbed Cotton Underwear; hand-silk-finished; vests, pants, tights and corset covers—Price 50c. Union Suits—Price $1.

Women's Corset Covers; fall weights; white ribbed cotton, high neck, long sleeves, long or short bodies—Price 50c.

Children's Black Ribbed Cotton Pants; fast and stainless; splendid quality; sizes for all ages—Price 50c.

Children's Black Wool Pants; ribbed, tight-fitting; splendid quality; sizes for all ages—Price 85c pair.

Boys' and Girls' Nazareth Waists; white ribbed cotton; all sizes—Price 25c.

Children's White Cambric and Drilling Waists; ages 4 to 12 years—Prices 25c and 35c.

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.
(INCORPORATED.)
IN CONNECTION WITH JAMES McCREERY & CO., NEW YORK.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Shortest Line to St. Louis, Evansville and the West

PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS—FREE RECLINING CHAIR CARS—PARLOR CAFE CARS.

TICKET OFFICES, 234 FOURTH AVE., and 7th-ST. DEPOT.

DRUNKENNESS

cured without inconvenience or loss of time from business by the James Home Cure for Drunkenness, a product of the famous James Sanatorium. Over 14,000 cases have been successfully treated. Write in confidence for our 60-page illustrated and interesting booklet, sent free under plain cover.

JAMES SANATORIUM, Memphis, Tenn.

Nadine Face Powder

Produces a Beautiful Complexion.

Soft and velvety. Remains until washed off. Purified by a newly discovered process. Harmless as water. Prevents return of discolorations. (In green boxes only.)

Buy one 50c. package and money will be refunded if you are not entirely satisfied. Tints—White, Flesh, Pink, Brunette. By leading druggists or mail.

Prep'd by NATIONAL TOILET CO., Paris, Tenn.

# HOUSEBREAKERS HELD ON GRAND LARCENY CHARGES.

When presented in the Police Court yesterday morning on the charge of grand larceny and robbery Landon Smith and George Rose, who were arrested over a week ago, were held over to the grand jury under bond of $1,000 on the former charge, while as a reward for their admission of the charge the latter case was dismissed against them. The robbery case against them charged them with looting the residence of C. F. Woods, of 1743 First street, from which goods to the amount of $325 were taken several weeks ago.

When Smith and Rose were arrested by Detective Walker a week ago for this charge, and at the same time on the charge of stealing embossing dies from the Peter-Jacobson Furniture Company, they agreed to acknowledge the latter offense provided Rose to a second-hand dealer, they would not be held responsible for the first when presented in court. The evidence also showed that the dies had been sold by Smith and

MORPHINE

and other drug habits are positively cured by HABITINA. For hypodermic or internal use. Sample sent to any drug habitue by mail. Regular price $2.00 per bottle—FREE at your druggist or by mail in plain wrapper.

Delta Chemical Co., St. Louis, Mo.

For Sale by T. P. Taylor & Co., Incorporated.

S.S.S. A CERTAIN SAFE TREATMENT

S. S. S. is the only safe and reliable cure for Contagious Blood Poison. It is purely vegetable, made entirely from healing, cleansing roots, herbs and barks, and in addition to curing this vile disorder, S. S. S. builds up every part of the system. Mercury and potash cannot cure the trouble; they can only mask it in the system for awhile, and when they are left off the disease returns, usually, in worse form than before, and the patient finds he has damaged his health with these strong minerals, which disease the delicate lining of the stomach, affect the bowels, produce chronic dyspepsia and often set up Mercurial Rheumatism. It will not do to trifle with a disease so powerful as Contagious Blood Poison, for every day it remains in the blood it is progressing toward a dangerous stage, and will in the end get beyond the control of any treatment. S. S. S. cures blood poison in the right way, it goes down into the circulation and removes every particle of the virus. No bad results are ever experienced from the use of S. S. S. It is gentle and pleasant in its action, and forty years of cures warrant the statement that S. S. S. is not only a safe but a certain treatment. Home treatment book on this disease and any medical advice desired sent free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

# Courier-Journal.

—Published—
DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

Office, cor. Fourth Ave. and Green st,

A Consolidation of
THE LOUISVILLE DAILY JOURNAL.
Louisville, Ky., Nov. 24, 1830.
LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.
Louisville, Ky., 1843.
MORNING COURIER.
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Communications.

All communications should be addressed to the Courier-Journal and not to individuals. If writers who submit MSS. for publication wish to have rejected articles returned, they must in all cases send stamps. The editors are glad to examine MSS., but return postage must be included.

TEN PAGES

THURSDAY.....OCT. 3, 1907


### "Business."

Wednesday Evening, Oct. 2.—After moving within narrow limits nearly all day, the New York stock market became heavy in the last hour, closing ½ to 1½ points net lower.

Money on call was strong at 4½ to 8 per cent., ruling at 6. Time loans were dull and firm at 5¼ to 6. Sterling exchange was strong.

The Chicago wheat market was strong, the December delivery closing ⅝c to ¾c higher. Corn was down ⅛c to 1c. Oats were a shade lower.

The cotton market opened easy at a decline of 1 to 6 points and ruled easy following the Government reports, closing 13 to 22 points lower than the opening.

The Chicago cattle market was steady, the hog market 10c lower and the sheep market weak.

### Very Mixed Pickles.

The meeting of the Independence League at Carnegie Hall the other night, and the speech of Mr. William Randolph Hearst to the assembled braves, contradict what Mr. Steely told us the friends of Mr. Hearst at Washington told him, that is, that Mr. Hearst is a true and believing Democrat, and at the same time they gainsay Mr. Lissner's prognostication that Mr. Hearst is in alliance with Mr. Murphy and Mr. Conners to work the New York delegation in the next National Democratic Convention as the combine worked the nomination for Governor in the last State Convention of New York.

The Independence League, which Mr. Hearst has made his own, is a proposed new party, a People's Party, based upon the assumption that neither the Republican party nor the Democratic party can be trusted by the people because both are under the domination of the corporations.

On the other hand, Mr. Root tells us and Son-in-law Longworth tells us that Mr. Roosevelt will not be a Candidate to succeed himself, whilst the Washington Correspondents are just as united and vociferous as ever they have been in saying that he will be a candidate.

A three-cornered fight between Roosevelt and Bryan and Hearst would need but one missing ingredient in Tom Lawson, to make it, like Mary Ann, "a daisy, a dandy, a cauliflower and a clam."

But to whom shall we go, and where, to get the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth? The Bryan-Roosevelt-Hearst game seems a kind of fake. It would impose upon our credulity. Meanwhile, where is Taft? And where is Fairbanks? Where is Hughes and where is Uncle Joe Cannon? Is there not enough life in the Chanler boom—Chanler having been the successful yoke-mate of Hearst—to kill the Independence League?

### The International Cabbage Snake.

"War between America and Japan would be a crime against civilization, as wicked as it would be insane."—[Taft at Tokio.

Some three or four years ago a Tennessee correspondent originated the famous cabbage snake fake. Before the New York paper in which he published his "story" had reached Tennessee other correspondents had taken up the hue and cry against the microscopic reptile that dealt death to cabbage eaters. Ill-informed physicians lent their aid to the promotion of insanity by giving out solemn interviews warning persons not to trifle with cabbage. Thousands of families were forced by fear to forego the pleasure of eating the delicious, if humble, vegetable. The markets became demoralized and tons of cabbage rotted in the patch. Finally it was discovered that the only cabbage snake that ever existed was the little reptile that uncoiled itself in the imagination of the space-fighting country correspondent. The war scare of to-day is merely another cabbage snake. A yellow correspondent in a Pacific slope city makes a race riot out of a row between Hooligans of two complexions, another discovers a probable casus belli in another city, while others read "war" upon the flags of a moving fleet. The wires are kept hot by the yellow press between Tokio and New York, and so the cabbage snake is fostered and fattened.

The gist of Secretary Taft's speech is that there are many reasons why neither Japan nor America should want war, and that there is no reason why either nation should desire it. Any good Japanese or American citizen could have said as much, few could have said it as well and none could have said it with more authority or effect. Mr. Taft may not have killed the cabbage snake, but he left the imprint of his heel upon its head, and the serpent will suffer the shooting pains and dull, dreary aches of the morning after.

Many men, many minds; many correspondents, many divergent views of events and differing chronicles thereof. The correspondent of the Associated Press at Tokio says Secretary Taft's speech aroused the wildest enthusiasm. Very probably certain yellow correspondents will present another picture. If we believe that the average citizen of Japan is as sane as the average American we can but believe that the Associated Press report is correct. The sensible utterances of the Secretary of War should have a wholesome and lasting effect in both countries.

### Democratic Factionism.

Our esteemed contemporary, the Banner, of Nashville, is kind enough to put in a good word for Old Dog Tray, as follows:

"The Democratic party has become sorely disjointed, and its controlling faction is suspicious of any suggestion not from one of its own number. But surely a veteran like Henry Watterson, who has done such long and such valiant service in the Democratic cause, could have nothing but the good of the party at heart. He exalted the Star-eyed Goddess in the Democratic temple before Mr. Bryan had ever made a political speech, and he was ready to march with that army of unarmed Kentuckians to the rescue of the Tilden cause while the Nebraskan was yet in school. He did not agree with the party organization on the famous 16 to 1 proposition, but time and the logic of events have proved that he was right. Why should not such a sage and veteran now be given a hearing in the party councils? We believe that Mr. Watterson too much discounts his own influence. The party cannot succeed by refusing to hear men who have been so long in the forefront of its battles, and that fact is more widely appreciated than he supposes."

The Banner says this apropos of some observations made by the Editor of the Courier-Journal to a representative of the American Magazine touching a rather mild, midsummer "sensation" made by the newspapers out of a suggestion in these columns to the effect, that, if Mr. Bryan was out and gone, "like Ranger's eye," we knew of a fine, likely young fellow to take his place in the running.

Nothing was mentioned about a "mustache" until Scott Bone butted in; and then there ensued a good deal of humor, so-called, having that tired feeling rather inevitable to the dog-days, in which a "dark horse" with a "dark mustache" figured. Think of a dark horse with a mustache, either light or dark. As Rip used to say, "you would make some jokes mit me."

However, after all this was done and gone and forgotten, the American Magazine, Miss Tarbell and Lincoln Steffens, Dooley, et al., came along and wanted a whack at it—though the real man in the case had declared that he was not in it—and, a lot of the boys, returning from their vacations, having never heard of it, and knowing nothing that did not happen before their own eyes, have started it again, and we are beginning to see the baked meats of a wedding that failed to come off, warmed over and served for the funeral of a most promising Presidential boom.

Here is what the Editor of the Courier-Journal said to the American Magazine, to which the Banner refers:

"If you will acquit me of any purpose to set up for an oracle, or to pique the public curiosity, I don't mind telling you that it was Gov. Johnson I had in mind. Mr. Bryan, you may recall, had declared in a speech that, if the party could find a representative man who might get more votes than he was likely to get, it would make him its Presidential nominee. Mr. Bryan's friends were everywhere saying that he did not desire the nomination. Upon these hints I spoke. I said that I knew of such a man—a dyed-in-the-wool, regulation Democrat, and—as both a concession and an answer to Mr. Bryan's rather proscriptive requirement—I added that he did not live either in the despised East or the neglected South.

"I did not blurt his name for the reason that, in the first place, I was not undertaking to play Warwick—I wanted Mr. Bryan to play Warwick—and, second, that any suggestion coming from me would be at once blackballed by that very considerable but unthinking body of extremities and visionaries who seem to want to reduce the Democratic party to Mr. Bryan and themselves.

"That is about the sum of it. I proposed to make myself no more than the chorus of the piece—if that—Mr. Bryan, the Star; because I realized and still realize that, if the Democrats are to elect in 1908, Mr. Bryan and his following must be satisfied. Each faction of Democrats has had its share of throat-cutting, the Conservatives in 1896 and the Radicals in 1904. If this is to go on forever we may as well disband the party. The Conservatives, embracing the Independent vote, can never be united on Mr. Bryan. Neither will the Radicals vote for a candidate whom Mr. Bryan supports only as he supported Judge Parker, having knifed him ruthlessly in advance.

"There are myriads of Democrats, like myself, who are sick and tired of all this. We are not unfriendly to Mr. Bryan—though we reject some of his gospels—and we agree that the campaign of 1904 was in many ways illogical. We would have done with factionism.

"It happens that I have known Gov. Johnson for many years, and have watched his career with interest. He is a most exceptional man, both in character and ability; a steady-going, level-headed man, who thinks first and acts afterward; a man who does things worth doing; nothing visionary or fantastic about him. He is as typical an American in his personality, in his working methods and in his mental processes and perspectives as may be found among the rich progeny of the Scotch-Irish to which the country owes so much, being of Scandinavian origin, next after the Scotch-Irish high upon the racial honor roll whence we have drawn so many of our statesmen and soldiers. That means that he could not fail to prove, as he has already proven, a great vote-getter. He has not been mixed up in any faction-fighting. He comes from the right quarter. Even as Lincoln emerged from obscurity to take the helm, it seems to me this man might, so like Lincoln in his simplicity and modesty as well as his hard up-hill antecedent experience.

"That is all, but don't say I told you, because I am wholly out of politics and much out of favor, not yet making Presidents, so that my words might do Gov. Johnson more harm than good, in the event—which I take leave to doubt—that he is seriously thinking about being a candidate."

The plea of the Banner for a fair hearing, meant for kindness, yet having rather too much of a pity-the-sorrows-of-a-poor-old-man air to it, leaves out of its account the fact that a daily newspaper never grows old whilst its hold upon the public remains intact, that at no time has it any other influence than radiates through its columns, and that the incessant personalization of any man, young or old, has a tendency to obscure the free ply of truth for truth's sake. There must be, of course, and there is, of course, a man behind the gun, but it is the gun that carries the shot.

There has arisen in the Democratic party an element of Populism and Socialism which no wisdom can reason with. Mr. Bryan leads one wing of this and Mr. Hearst the other. They are intensely hostile to one another; but they combine to rule out any third entry. They refuse to consider the debatable States necessary to elect a President. Suggestions from any source outside the Hearst camp and the Bryan camp are denied a hearing. Though two-thirds, or three-fourths of the rank-and-file of the party—and all of its intelligence—know the truth, these two factions will not have it, and they are strong enough to defeat any action that is not distinctly their own. Hence, the Courier-Journal not only has no candidate or policy to offer from the purely party stand-point — expecting nothing from either Mr. Bryan or Mr. Hearst than factionism with its embitterments, confusions and signal defeats—and, not wishing to injure Gov. Johnson, of Minnesota, it withheld his name.

The Editor of the Courier-Journal complains of nothing and regrets nothing. He claims nothing. As a writer he will seek to tell the truth always; whilst as a daily newspaper, the Courier-Journal, which was never so prosperous, is as independent as a woodsawyer. It is an organ of opinion not an office brokerage, and they who disregard its disinterested counsels will have only themselves to thank if they fall by the way.

### A Belated Inquiry.

In the current number of The Independent is an article with the startling caption: "Is the Supreme Court Constitutional?"

It seems easy to answer this question, for the Constitution explicitly states that "the judicial powers of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and such inferior courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish." It is clear, then, that the Supreme Court is a constitutional court, and the only court expressly named in that instrument. The others are subject to the control of Congress; the Supreme Court cannot be abolished by Congress or any other power, under the Constitution.

The article is written by Walter Clark, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, who is described as the author of many volumes of history and law and among the most careful and earnest students of constitutional law. We cannot, therefore, suppose that he is ignorant of the constitutional origin of the Supreme Court, but must suppose that the inquiry he institutes relates to the powers claimed and exercised by the Supreme Court as it exists to-day. Accordingly, he addresses himself at once to the right of the Supreme Court to declare a law of Congress unconstitutional.

"In the great convention of 1787," says Judge Clark, "when the Constitution of the United States was framed, a proposition was made that the Judges should pass upon the constitutionality of the acts of Congress." He goes on to show that this was defeated, in the first instance, receiving the votes of only two States. It was renewed several times, but at no time was supported by more than three States, although it received the powerful support of Mr. Madison and Mr. James Wilson. Mr. Mercer summed up the thought of the convention as adverse to the authority of the Judges to declare a law unconstitutional, saying that he thought that "the laws ought to be well and cautiously made, and then be incontrovertible."

This bit of history shows that the framers of the Constitution were unwilling to put into it a provision for the annulment of acts of Congress by the courts. But they also failed to put in any prohibition of such action. In effect, therefore, they remitted it to the Supreme Court, which they created. They said in the Constitution that the judicial power should extend to all cases in law or equity arising under the Constitution, and mentioned also some specific cases. They went further, and said that the laws made in pursuance of the Constitution should be supreme, and that seemed to mean that laws not made in pursuance of the Constitution should not be respected. At any rate the question speedily arose whether an act of Congress which contravened the Constitution had any real validity—that is, whether it was law at all. Necessarily this question came before the tribunal that had finally to decide all cases in law or equity which arose under the Constitution. The question was, of course, earnestly discussed, and it was finally decided that the courts possessed the power to decide a law of Congress unconstitutional and void. This power has been exercised frequently for more than a century, and it is now too late to call it in question.

In claiming the right to pronounce a law void because contrary to the Constitution the court must necessarily have taken into consideration the reason for adopting a Constitution at all. In forming the Federal Government it was the explicit intention to create a Government of limited powers. The State Governments were all in full being, and had no intention of going out of business. The object was not to form a Government that should take from the States the powers which they had before except in certain matters which related to the general good. It was decided that foreign relations should be managed by the Federal Government; that interstate as well as foreign commerce should be under its control; and that various other matters which could not safely be intrusted to the States should be controlled by the general Government. A system of checks and balances was instituted to prevent abuse of the powers granted to the different departments. The veto power was given the President to restrain bad legislation. On the other hand, the power to impeach was given to the House to keep the officers of the Government within bounds.

But how was the law-making power to be kept within the Constitution? It was very well to say that laws ought to be well and cautiously made, but in point of fact they are not always so made. The theory that the Constitution must not be respected "between friends," though not formulated so early, was yet early recognized by legislators. To make the laws incontrovertible was to make Congress omnipotent, as the British Parliament assumed to be. This was certainly not the intent of the framers of the Constitution. They ordained and established the Constitution securely, and said it should be the Supreme law of the land. Such a Constitution is inconsistent with the idea of a Congress, whose laws are incontrovertible. To make them so is to make Congress superior to the Constitution; the creature greater than the creator. No such Government was thought possible or desirable, and so the Congress was limited to the exercise of the enumerated powers and, to the passage of such laws "which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States or in any department or officer thereof."

Judge Clark enumerates some instances in which this great power, claimed and exercised by the Supreme Court, has been abused. He tells how the legal tender act was invalidated by the Supreme Court and then validated after a change in its personnel. The income tax was held constitutional for a hundred years, then again held so, and by the sudden change of a vote of one Judge, it was nullified. He asks of what avail will be the Rate Regulation Bill if five lawyers on the Supreme Bench choose to destroy it, as they did the income tax. But these instances, while they show that the great power of the Supreme Court is liable to abuse, as all delegated power may be, do not prove that we ought to have a Congress that may set aside the Constitution by a statute. The abuses that would result from such a doctrine would be infinitely worse than those that have been perpetrated under the present system. Judge Clarks' proposition that the Judges be elected by the people for a term of years might merit some consideration did it not involve a constitutional amendment, which is impracticable. The people have a right to change the Constitution, but experience shows that it is hard to induce them to do it.

### The Passing of the Julep Joke.

"A literature is passing now that the South is going dry. A whole army of Southern colonial anecdotes must be mustered out of service," says Uncle Remus' Magazine, of Atlanta.

With a feeling of sadness and longing that is not akin to pain,
But resembles sorrow only as mist resembles rain.

The julep joke, according to this periodical, has served a good purpose in amusing thousands of readers at light expense to the Southerner, who is pictured as spending lazy days upon his veranda drinking heavenly juleps, but it is doomed. And, adds our neighbor in Georgia, there are just as good julep mixers in New York or Chicago as in the South, and just as many julep drinkers.

The Courier-Journal has pointed out many times that the per capita consumption of ardent spirits is higher on Broadway than in the heart of the Bluegrass. If there was ever a reason for a literature founded upon the flavor of the mint julep in the South it was that the drink was nectared to the guest by the setting in which it was served. The returning Northerner, confusing the grace of Southern hospitality with the fragrance of the mint, kept green the memory of the decoction he drank on the veranda and forgot the flavor of the score he drank over a busy Broadway bar. It is as plain as that two and two do not make eight, that the secret of making a drink upon which a literature has been builded could not long be held in a section of the country while there exists in other sections the thirst that knows no breaking.

Again, it is not the amount that he drinks, but his manner of drinking, that distinguishes the Southerner from his neighbor in New York. The Southerner sips his julep with the leisurely dignity of a Roman discussing a choice vintage at a symposiac. The New Yorker, in a hurry by nature and by fate, dashes his drinks to their destination as a carpenter drives a nail. He takes more of them in twenty-four hours than a "bibulous colonel," and considers himself temperate. In his conviviality, as in his oratory, the Southerner has a somewhat florid style that is full of possibilities to the artists who sketch him for the comic weeklies. From this arises his place in literature as a "picturesque" figure, and his thirst is, naturally, caricatured.

But why should the julep joke and the shad-bellied colonel with the fierce mustache and the dusty larynx pass from literature merely because of a wave of prohibition engulfing the South—if anything so dry as prohibition may properly be called a wave? The stories told by Uncle Remus, concerning certain philosophical observations of Brer Rabbit and Brer Fox have always been, and will always be, good literature. A majority of readers know that the interesting conversations between the animals do not actually take place, but nevertheless, Brer Rabbit and Brer Fox are interesting personalities, and to most of us, real acquaintances. Even if prohibition proves as eternal as the hills, and the weeds grow knee-high in the paths to the prohibition drugstores, there is no good reason why the mint julep joke, which is probably one of the original thirteen, should pass from our literature, or why the Southern colonel of fiction should be shelved by the illustrated weeklies.

### The Wisdom of Mr. Williams.

John Sharp Williams says his heavy duties in the House have caused him to neglect his reading, and he proposes to spend two years absorbing recent literature before entering the Senate. With modesty rare in a member of Congress he says that he is not now qualified to represent his State creditably. Mr. Williams has long been considered the scholar of the House, and the announcement that his education has been neglected may well nigh splinter the funnybone of the intelligent observer of national legislation, but it is unquestionably wise not to enter any arena unprepared, and doubtless the distinguished Mississippian knows where he is deficient.

Great embarrassments might come to Mississippi if Mr. Williams should go into the Senate short upon such literature as a gentleman, a scholar and a statesman should be familiar with. It is true that Mr. Deboe of Kentucky has returned to the peace of private life, and that Mr. Clark of Montana has forsaken the false joys of a political career to dig in the earth for sordid treasure, but there are many well-honed intellects in the great deliberative body. It behooves the new member to look to his armor and his arms before rushing into danger. Mr. Williams might meet in debate some burner of midnight oil like Mr. Guggenheim, some pale student of economics, such as, for instance, Nelson B. Aldrich, or some persistent delver into the pay dirt of the classics like Tom Carter. The Senate is composed so largely of statesmen who owe their seats to their erudition that no man who assumes the toga should feel qualified to represent a confiding constituency without spending some years in preparing himself to cross swords with giants.

It is interesting to speculate upon what the United States Senate would be like in personnel if it were composed entirely of men who, with John Sharp Williams' native ability and education, felt called upon to spend two years in study before attempting to make the Nation's laws.

* * *

Giving a cow a decent home is, according to the New York World, a greater problem than busting a trust. Keeping an ox from being gored is a problem that has prevented the busting of trusts, or at least the curtailment of their piracy. For further information inquire of the tariff revision postponers.

In the opinion of the Houston Post Secretary Root would have thought he was in Heaven if he had landed in Houston. The observation is doubtless that of the Post philosopher, who scoffs at the advance of two cents a gallon on red liquor.

The loon in the New York aquarium cries, "Who, who" at every stranger that approaches. At last the plain people may enjoy something very like the drawing-room conversation of the real society woman.

If the Cleveland Leader does not keep quiet about Odell being a worse senatorial possibility than Platt New York may send him down to Washington to maintain her reputation in the matter of selecting timber.

"Taft says war would be a crime; 24,000 see the ball game," says a headliner, and yet there are croakers who say American newspapers have no sense of news values.

The Newport society girl who rises at daylight to milk five cows is probably making a choice against the evil of sitting up after dark at monkey dinners.

A Pennsylvanian has named his infant daughter Lusitania. There will be no logic in kicking if the young woman tries to live up to her name.

County Leo Kazansky, master of the hunt in the Czar's household, who is in New York looking for a wife, will probably find game plentiful.

The woman who chartered the train to bring a sick dog to a New York hospital is still at large, and is probably harmless.

"Henry Watterson seems to think that Oklahoma has only Republicans and Populists."—[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Now you're shoutin'!

Someone should borrow the pen that wrote Tommy Atkins, and write a poem to the valor of Thomas Lipton.

## POINTS ABOUT PEOPLE.

Mr. and Mrs. John Middleton were the hosts at a handsome luncheon given at their home yesterday afternoon in honor of Vice President Fairbanks and Mrs. Fairbanks. The Vice President arrived yesterday morning, but Mrs. Fairbanks was unable to accompany him on account of illness. A number of entertainments will be given in honor of Mr. Fairbanks during his short stay in Louisville, and it is regretted that Mrs. Fairbanks has been detained at home.

The decorations at Mr. and Mrs. Middleton's luncheon yesterday were unusually attractive, and the flowers used were dahlias. In the dining-room a large table stood in the center, and around it were smaller tables. The large table had as a center ornament a silver pitcher filled with deep red dahlias. At the smaller tables white, yellow, pink and mauve dahlias were used. The only light used was candlelight. On the center table numbers of silver candlesticks were arranged with white tapers, unshaded. The ices were in the form of dahlias, in the different shades. The favors were confections in the form of old-fashioned roses.

Besides the Vice President, Mr. and Mrs. Middleton's guests were:

MESSRS. AND MESDAMES.

Charles Huntley Gibson, Lawrence Jones, Alex. P. Humphrey, A. J. Carroll, Gilmer Speed Adams, Alvin T. Hert, Samuel A. Culbertson, Baylor Hickman, Bend. Warfield, John Marshall, S. Thruston Ballard, Jack K. Woodward, Donald McDonald, Norvin T. Harris, W. Percy Semple, John Doolan.

MESDAMES.

Charles W. Gheens, George W. Long, John T. Bate,
Miss Emily H. Bedford, of Brooklyn.

MESSRS.

Peter Lee Atherton, Chas. G. Middleton.

* * *

Miss Ellen Semple, who has been at Onteora during the summer and who for several weeks was in Boston, has returned home, and is with Miss Josephine Danforth, on Ormsby avenue, for the winter.

* * *

Miss Theresa Worthington, of Danville, returned home last night, after a visit of several weeks to Mrs. Charles Warren and Miss Lucy White Booker.

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Miss Mary Frazee will leave to-morrow for Bryn Mawr, where she will be a pupil at Miss Wright's school during the winter.

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Mr. P. L. Williams, of Salt Lake City, who has been the guest of Mr. Milton Smith, Jr., returned home last night.

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Miss Dora Bridgeford and niece, Miss Bella Loyd, who have been abroad for several months, are now in Paris, where they have an apartment with Mrs. Semple Floyd-Jones.

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Mr. and Mrs. John B. Wintersmith had as guests in their box at the Horse Show last night Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Clancy, Miss Emmie Graham and Mr. Bigelow, of New York.

* * *

Miss Anna Wood, who has been visiting Miss Sue Dixon, in Henderson, for the last two weeks, will return home to-day.

* * *

Mrs. John Morris, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Frederick Anderson, for two months, will return to her home in Columbus, O., on Saturday.

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Mrs. Alfred Pirtle, who has been seriously ill at her home for the last week, is greatly improved.

* * *

Mrs. John Armstrong and her daughter, Miss Nelchen Armstrong, who have been abroad for several months, will arrive in New York on Sunday. Mrs. Arthur Granville Langham, who has been abroad during the summer, will return on the steamer with Mrs. Armstrong and her daughter.

* * *

Miss Mary Shreve Lyon will be the hostess at a luncheon to-day given at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lyons, in honor of Miss Anita Moore, of Harrodsburg.

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Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Grubbs, of Philadelphia, have returned home, after a visit to her sisters, Mrs. Charles Campbell and Miss Florence Dumesnil.

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Miss Madelle Lyons will give a party on Friday at her home in honor of her tenth birthday anniversary.

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Mr. and Mrs. Norvin T. Harris had as their guests in their box at the Horse Show last night Mr. and Mrs. King Stewart and Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Breaux.

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In Mr. Bruce Haldeman's box at the Horse Show last evening were Misses Louise Marshall, Elizabeth Marshall, Lida Kelly, Messrs. Archibald Young, Walker Hancock and Richard Marshall.

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Drs. W. O. and D. Y. Roberts have removed their offices to the Atherton building, corner Fourth avenue and Chestnut street.

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Mr. and Mrs. John L. Dunlap had with them in their box at the Horse Show last night Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Robinson and Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Curtis.

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Mr. and Mrs. Thomas DeCourcy Osborne have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Miss Agnes Osborne, to Mr. Christopher Urwick. The wedding will take place on Wednesday evening, October 16, at 9 o'clock at the Broadway Baptist church. Mr. and Mrs. Urwick will be at home after November 1 on Castlewood avenue.

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Miss Cornelia Macpherson has returned from Jackson, Tenn., where she visited her sister, Mrs. P. J. Murray, for two weeks.

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Mr. Alexander A. Bullitt has gone to Riverdale, Ind., where he is visiting his mother, Mrs. Virginia Bullitt.

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Mr. and Mrs. John T. Ditto, of Decatur, Ill., have returned home after a visit to Mrs. David W. Fairleigh.

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Miss Aline Armstrong, who has been in New York for several weeks, will return home Sunday.

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Mr. and Mrs. L. Shreve will give a box party at the Mary Anderson to-morrow night in honor of Miss Sallie Trabue and Mr. George Wright, who are to be married this month.

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Mr. Henry T. Duncan, of Lexington, has returned home after a short visit in Louisville. Mr. Duncan was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Haggin at the Horse Show on Monday evening.

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The Rev. James Coffin Stout and the Misses Stout, of St. Augustine, Fla., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. I. McNair, of 25 St. James Court. Dr. Stout will occupy the Warren Memorial Presbyterian church pulpit next Sunday.

* * *

The Kentucky State Journal of Tuesday had the following:

"Col. J. Stoddard Johnston, of Louisville, passed through here yesterday en route for Norfolk, Va., where for two weeks he will be host at the Kentucky building of the Jamestown Exposition. As hostess he will have his niece, Mrs. W. H. Coffman, of Georgetown, who is the daughter of Judge George V. Payne, of that place, and the granddaughter of George W. Johnson, who was the Confederate Governor of Kentucky and who was killed at the battle of Shiloh."

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Mrs. Charles Chess, of Irvine, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Robert C. Snoddy, and her sister, Mrs. S. S. Ombers.

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Mr. and Mrs. Benoni Irwin, of 1075 Third avenue, left Tuesday for an extended trip East. They will visit New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Scranton, Chicago and the Jamestown Exposition.

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Mr. William Warner Bishop, reference librarian of Princeton University and president of the New Jersey Library Association, has been appointed superintendent of the reading-room, which position includes supervision of the book stacks of the Library of Congress, with a force of about forty assistants. He and Mrs. Bishop, who before her marriage was Miss Finie Murfree Burton, of this city, will shortly move from Princeton, N. J., to Washington, D. C.

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Mrs. Jessie L. McChesney, and Miss Margaret Tompkins, of Owensboro, are spending the week in Louisville attending the Horse Show.

* * *

Miss Angela Gratzer entertained in honor of her cousin, Miss Elise Gratzer, and of Miss Elsie Hill, of Bedford, Ind. Those present were Misses Elise Gratzer, Elsie Hill, Clara Vogt, Gertrude Kohler, Logan Krebs, Agatha Hillmier, Ella Griffe, Miss Jordan and Mrs. Andrew Gratzer, of Bedford, Ind.; Mrs. Thomas Leatherman; Messrs. Charles Krebs, Fred B. Kohler, Joe Kimberger, Dr. C. W. Witt, of Hardin Springs, and Robert Gratzer.

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Mrs. Oscar H. Aurin, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Baumberger, left for Knoxville Wednesday morning. During her visit a number of charming entertainments were given in her honor.

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Miss Lucille Lewis, who has been visiting in California since March, is expected to reach home on Saturday.

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Mrs. M. J. Schneiderhan, of 1821 West Chestnut street, who has been ill, is greatly improved.

* * *

Miss Hester Newman and Mr. Louis W. Green were quietly married last night at the home of the Rev. Clarence K. Crawford, 1805 First street. After the ceremony they left for a short wedding trip, with the expectation of being back and in their home on Longest avenue within two weeks. Miss Newman is the daughter of Mrs. Josie Newman and a sister of Mrs. C. K. Crawford. Mr. Green is the son of the late Mr. Thomas Marshall Green, of Danville, and a nephew of Lewis Warren Green, formerly the president of Central University. He has lived in Louisville for several years, and is connected with John L. Dunlap & Co., brokers.

* * *

Nicholasville, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Miss Mamie Reister and Louis Cooks, prominent young people of the county, surprised their friends by driving to Lexington this afternoon, where they were married at the home of the officiating minister, Elder H. L. Calhoun. The bride is the daughter of Augustus Reister, a wealthy farmer, and is quite attractive. The groom is a well-known farmer.

* * *

Lancaster, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Miss Lillian Poor, daughter of Mr. John Poor, of Lower Garrard, and Ed. H. Ballard, of Lincoln, went to Jellico, Tenn., and were married. The groom is one of the wealthiest young farmers of the Stanford vicinity, owning what is known as the handsome Withers farm, and is a nephew of the late Robert Swope, of Lexington.

## THE VICE PRESIDENT

### The Guest of Honor At a Beautiful Dinner Given Last Evening At the Pendennis Club By Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Jones were the hosts at a beautifully appointed dinner given last evening before the Horse Show at the Pendennis Club in honor of Vice President Fairbanks, who is in Louisville until to-morrow morning.

The decorations were among the handsomest and most artistic that have been seen at an entertainment in Louisville.

The round table had a cover of satin damask, and in the center was a high mound of maiden hair fern, around which was a broad, high circle formed of hundreds of American Beauty roses. The roses were fringed with maiden hair fern over which was thrown a light scarf of green tulle.

Broad, low silver baskets filled with hothouse grapes in green and purple had the handles tied with tulle, in which were caught clusters of maiden hair fern. Single silver colonial candlesticks were placed between the baskets, holding white tapers shaded in square shades of green tulle and maiden hair fern.

Two large candy baskets of green, tied with green tulle and filled with confections made in the shape of American Beauty roses, stood on either side of the centerpieces. Low silver bonbon dishes were scattered irregularly about the table, filled with marons, glaces and nuts.

The place cards were beautiful and most appropriate, being square in shape, with a steel engraving of Mr. Jones' horse, Poetry of Motion, which won the championship at the London Horse Show last year. The men's places were also marked with boutonnieres of mauve orchids and the places for the women had brooches of brilliants made in the shape of horseshoes.

Mr. and Mrs. Jones' guests were:

MESSRS. AND MESDAMES.

Jack K. Woodward, Alexander P. Humphrey,
Baylor Hickman, John Middleton, W. Percy Semple,
Norvin T. Harris, Samuel Culbertson,
Oscar Fenley, John B. Castleman.

MESSRS.

Homer Davenport, P. B. Bradley, of New York; New York.

## FOR COTTON MILL

### LOUISVILLE IN FIELD COMPETING WITH GEORGIA.

### Boston Man Looking Into Advantages of South's Gateway Before He Decides.

Louisville has become a competitor with Georgia for the establishing of a big cotton mill, as was shown by a letter received yesterday by A. T. Macdonald, Industrial Commissioner, from Arnold B. Sanford, of Boston, Mass., a leading cotton man of this country. Mr. Sanford in his letter, requests Mr. Macdonald to inform him regarding the advantages of Louisville as a cotton mill center, and closes with a request for a reply at once as he must decide within the next week or ten days whether he will establish this mill in Louisville or Georgia. Until recently, Mr. Sanford was one of the directors of the New Hampshire Spring Mills, of Penacook, N. H., and resigned his position because he intends to establish a mill of his own. An extract of his letter reads as follows:

"I have always considered Louisville an ideal location for the cotton industry and have expressed my surprise more than once that the same has not been established there on a large scale. You have many economic advantages, unexcelled transportation facilities, low freight rates on coal and cotton and you are ideally located for the markets using the mill's production.

"I wish you would write me about labor conditions in Louisville. If labor is plentiful there is no doubt in my mind, that with good management, an enterprise like my own would be very profitable."

### Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following: William Clifford White and Mary Linda Sheets, Charles E. Fuller and Lula A. Huff, Joseph W. Carroll and Elizabeth Schley, Lewis W. Green and Hester McAdams Newman, Walter A. Lawrence and Gabriella O'Connor, Thomas H. Pauley and Hallie Clay Phelps, Frank Uhl and Christina Kellar, Charles G. Gastbon and Rose Craven, Walter M. Armstrong and Bertha Ann Crandell.

### Miss Flarsheim's Funeral.

The funeral of Miss Helen Amelia Flarsheim was held yesterday afternoon at the residence at 1525 Cherokee Parkway. The services were conducted at the chapel at Adath Israel cemetery by Dr. H. G. Enelow. Death came to Miss Flarsheim Tuesday morning after several weeks' illness of typhoid fever.

### To Build Joint Brick Residence.

Mrs. Elizabeth Black and Miss Lula Schweitzer yesterday took out a permit for the erection of a one and one-half-story brick residence on the north side of Broadway, ninety feet west of Forty-second street. The house, which will be owned jointly by Mrs. Black and Miss Schweitzer, will cost $7,000.

## MUSIC AND THE DRAMA

CLARA BLOODGOOD, one of the few "society actresses" who have won themselves an assured position among our foremost players, will be seen in Clyde Fitch's most recent success "The Truth," at Macauley's to-night, Friday and Saturday.

As is usual with Mr. Fitch's characters, the heroine of the play is not at all the kind of woman one expects in such a position; and that, instead of being, like most star parts, either a saint or a sinner, she is a society woman, whose only distinction lies in the manner amounting almost to a passion—of telling no end of apparently harmless lies.

* * *

### "The Wizard of Oz."

"The Wizard of Oz," the most pretentious offering of the season at the Masonic theater, will be the bill at this playhouse all next week. The piece, it is announced, will differ only in a few insignificant details from the original production. All of the original scenery and many of the first company will be seen in the extravaganza. For color, beauty and novelty there have been few musical comedies durin the last decade that could equal "The Wizard of Oz." The offering promises to be a banner popular-priced event.

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### Hanford Next Week.

Charles B. Hanford will be seen at Macauley's the first half of next week in a spectacular production of "Antony and Cleopatra." Mr. Hanford is said to be supported by a strong company. It includes Miss Alice Wilson, an English actress, who has been seen in this country in support of Nat Goodwin, Otis Skinner, Charles Hawtrey and Viola Allen.

* * *

### Miss Sable Asks To Be Hissed.

Josephine Sable, who is well known in Louisville and who has recently been at the Ambassadeurs in Paris, comes to the Mary Anderson next week. Miss Sable's press agent gives a thrilling account of how Parisians responded to her singing of the American song, "There'll Be a Hot Time in the Old Town To-night." When the audience was making every demonstration of appreciation Miss Sable requested the house to whistle the refrain. Her manager was aghast at the proposition, and explained that the French whistle to express dislike, the London "boo," the American hiss and the French whistle expressing the same sentiment. The very polite Frenchmen declined to whistle, of course, and the "artiste" continued her performance.

* * *

### At the Hopkins.

A pleasing feature of the continuous vaudeville at the Hopkins is variety. The current bill includes various forms of music and comedy, character studies, juggling and bicycling feats. For next week there is promised a varied bill. The six leading acts will be: Ward and Curran, in "The Terrible Judge;" "Those Four Girls," singers and dancers; Piccolo Midgets, in comed

## Kaufman-Straus Co.
(Incorporated.)

*About Men's Goods.*

All dealers handle Dollar Shirts. Dollar Shirts are a staple article, but there is a vast difference in them.

Of course it is natural to have each man think that HIS Dollar Shirts are better than the other fellow's.

That is what WE think of our line of Shirts at this price. We looked at almost everything on the market at this price, and decided upon the goods we are now offering as being the best values procurable.

They come in colors or white, as you choose; plaited or plain bosoms; attached or detached cuffs, and some of the prettiest patterns you have ever had an opportunity to buy at this price.

*$1 Each, 3 for $2.75.*

We are just a wee bit proud of the line of Neckwear we are offering this fall. It shows distinctiveness and class. Looks like Broadway, New York. We feel that you will appreciate the snap, the tone and the well-selected patterns shown in these goods.

They are in all styles, Four-in-Hands, Ascots, English Squares, Bows; all the latest width; and priced as high as good judgment will allow you to go for serviceable Neckwear. The most popular line we show is at

*50c.*

We import almost all of the Hosiery we offer over our counters, and would ask that you look at the values found here. The qualities are good, the styles are good and the prices show a saving over the general run of prices asked for similar Socks. To appreciate just how decided the values are just go to our furnishing stock and ask to see the goods we sell at

*25c and 35c Pair.*

Our Men's Underwear is one of the best money-saving departments in the store. We have had great success in meeting the requirements of the men who are a bit particular as to what they wear next to the skin. You can easily see why this is if you will compare the qualities of our goods with the offerings found elsewhere at similar prices. Two very popular lines of medium - weight goods for early fall wear come at, per garment,

*50c and $1.00.*

Kaufman-Straus Co.
(Incorporated)


### Wholesale Grocery Incorporates.

The Bollinger-Babbage Company, wholesale grocery, incorporated yesterday with a capital stock of $35,000 divided into shares of $100 each. The incorporators and their holdings are: Alexander Bollinger, 21 shares; Mrs. Anna M. Bollinger, 30; Benjamin F. Schreck, 10; Louise P. Schreck, 20; May Schreck, 40; Mary M. C. Schreck, 30; Edward F. Floetter, 50; Clarence P. Babbage, 50; McClellan Goode, 50. The maximum debt shall not exceed the paid up capital.

### Burned Fingers Valued At $10,000.

Mamie Cavanaugh filed suit against the American Skirt Company for $10,000 as damages, charging that on August 16, while she was in defendant's employ, she suffered an electric shock. She alleges that she received the shock by turning on a lamp said to have been defective and that her fingers were burned and she was reduced to an unconscious state.

# OF LOWER GRADE

## Are Street Improvements Wanted In New Albany.

### EAST TENTH AND ELEVENTH STREETS CONCERNED.

### SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH INSTALLS PASTOR TO-NIGHT.

### THE REV. DR. JOHN MOFFATT.

Petitions were filed yesterday with the New Albany Board of Public Works by interested property owners for the improvement of East Tenth and East Eleventh streets from Spring to Oak streets. The improvement asked for includes a roadway and curb with out sidewalks. The roadways are to be twenty-four feet wide. The petitions were accepted, ordered placed on file and October 15 was fixed as the date on which objections may be heard.

The petitioners for Tenth street are Mary Conklin, John W. Rough, Mary and Anna O'Neil, John Quences, Alex. Studer, Arthur Hegewald and Charles Hegewald. Those asking for the improvement of Eleventh street are: Herman Knirihm, J. W. Rough, Mary and Anna O'Neil. The improvement of these streets was asked for a few days ago, but the project was knocked out by objecting property owners. It is possible this petition will go through as the improvement will cost less than the one asked for before and fewer property owners will object.

A communication was received from Evan B. Stotsenburg, attorney for the Barber Asphalt Company, accepting the provisions of a resolution adopted by the Board of Public Works a few days ago, annulling the contract for the improvement of West Main street from First to Tenth. The company accepts the resolution, however, with the provision that the two suits brought by thirty-four property owners in the Floyd Circuit Court and in the Federal Court at Indianapolis be withdrawn. The communication was accepted by the board and ordered placed on file.

The contract for supplying coal for the use of the city for the coming year was awarded to the New Albany Coal Company, the bids being Pittsburg lump, $4.15 a ton; Pittsburg nut, $3.85; nut and slack, $2.25; mine run, $2.75. The only other bid was made by T. W. Goulding, who offered to furnish lump coal at $4.30 a ton, nut coal at $4 and nut and slack at $2.25. A resolution was adopted providing for the purchase of 1,000 Mack brick, to be used in repairing Pearl street. This street was built fifteen years ago, and although subjected to hard usage, has had no repairs made to it.

### MAY ACCEPT SEWERS.

#### Board of Public Works Insists On Certain Conditions.

There is a possibility that within a few days the sewer system of New Albany, which has been in course of construction for two years, will be accepted by the Board of Public Works, provided certain conditions to be formulated by Judge Alexander Dowling and John S. McDonald, representing the Citizens' Committee, are agreed to by the Marion County Construction Company, the contractor for the sewer. Several of the members of the Citizens' Committee wanted the maintenance bond increased from $25,000 to $34,500.

This proposition was stoutly opposed by the representatives of the contractor, and the committee finally agreed to have the bond remain as it is. In regard to the bills for extra work amounting to $18,000 the committee had them reduced $3,200. The talk in New Albany last evening was that a special meeting of the Board of Public Works will probably be held to-day when if the conditions are complied with by the contractor, the improvement will be accepted and the assessment roll ordered made.

### PASTOR'S INSTALLATION

#### Will Be Observed At Second Presbyterian Church To-night.

At the Second Presbyterian church in New Albany to-night, the Rev. John P. Moffatt, D. D., who was recently called to the pastorate, will be installed with impressive and solemn ceremonies. The Rev. Dr. John S. Howk, moderator of the New Albany Presbytery, will preside over the meeting and the sermon will be preached by the Rev. R. W. Moffatt, of the Fort Wayne Presbytery, a cousin of the minister to be installed.

The charges to the congregation will be delivered by the Rev. W. M. Elliott, of the Third Presbyterian church, while that to the pastor will be by the Rev. W. R. Brown, of Louisville, and the installation prayer will be offered by the Rev. Dr. Frank A. Grossman, of the First Presbyterian church, New Albany. The Rev. Dr. Moffatt was called to the pastorate of the Second church in June to succeed the Rev. Dr. Hamilton A. Hymes, who is now pastor of Grace Presbyterian church, Evansville.

### ITS SEVENTIETH ANNIVERSARY

#### To Be Celebrated At German Evangelical Church October 27.

The congregation of the German Evangelical church, New Albany, will celebate the seventieth anniversary of its organization in that city with impressive religious ceremonies Sunday, October 27. Several speakers from other cities will be present and an attractive programme of music will be given. The first church built by the congregation was on State street, below Main, and a few years later a more pretentious building was erected on the same street near Oak.

Over forty years ago the congregation purchased St. Paul's Episcopal church, on Spring street. This was a large frame structure, and situated on the lot adjoining the one now occupied by the German Evangelical Sunday-school chapel. Nearly forty years ago the handsome church now used by the congregation was built. This church is one of the wealthiest in the city, and its members are noted for their liberality and zeal in church work.

### JURY FAILS TO AGREE.

#### New Trial In Charles Shafer "Blind Tiger" Case.

After a trial that occupied two days the jury in the Harrison Circuit Court at Corydon, twenty miles west of New Albany, failed to agree in the case of the State against Charles Shafer, after having been out twelve hours, and there will be a new trial at the November term. In August Shafer was arrested on a charge of operating a blind tiger, because a lot of lithia malt had been seized on the premises under his control. He contended that lithia malt was not of a sufficiently high percentage of alcohol to make the seller liable for the license fee. Many witnesses testified, and the testimony of experts was introduced, but the jury could not agree upon a verdict. The State was represented in the case by D. F. Lemon, deputy prosecuting attorney; Thomas S. Jones, R. S. Kirkman and E. D. Mitchell, while Shafer was defended by Stotsenburg & Weathers, of New Albany, and W. C. Roose, of Corydon.

### ITEMS OF INTEREST IN NEW ALBANY.

—Mrs. Herman Bradford is here from Dunkirk, N. Y., to visit Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Bradford, East Oak street.

—Mrs. Frank Gwin and her daughter, Agnes, who have been spending several weeks at Petoskey, Mich., are expected home this week.

—Mr. and Mrs. James McKinster, old residents of Harrison county, were in the city yesterday, spending a few hours with New Albany friends.

—P. J. Straus, district deputy of the Modern Woodmen of America, has gone to Odon, Ruggiesville and Heltonsville on business connected with the fraternity which he represents.

—The Fortnightly Club will hold its first meeting for the fall and winter Saturday afternoon with Mrs. C. A. Prosser, of 1220 East Elm street. An interesting programme has been prepared.

—Mrs. Eugene Richmond, who has been a resident of this city for several years, left yesterday with her children for Creighton, Pa., where her husband has a position in the Ford Plate Glass Works.

—Five applicants for pensions, old soldiers of the Civil War, appeared before the Board of United States Surgeons, at the rooms on the second floor of the Federal building, for examination yesterday.

—The Rev. R. A. Kamp has removed from Sellersburg to this city and has leased a home on Ekin avenue. His daughters will engage in the dry goods business, opening a store on Vincennes street.

—The Franklin township schools will open next Monday for the fall and winter term. The teachers selected are: C. O. Furnesley, No. 1; Artie Campbell, No. 2; J. T. McClaren, No. 3; E. E. McClure, No. 4.

—Miss Alta Knapp and Roy Lee Hottell, young people having many friends in this city, were married a few days ago at the home of the bride, near Corydon. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. A. M. Sappenfield.

—A report is in circulation in the city that the Rev. Dr. Charles Preston Foreman, formerly pastor of the First Presbyterian church here, will succeed the Rev. W. C. Helt as superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League in the Evansville district.

—A number of the employes in the shops of the Louisville-St. Louis division of the Southern at Princeton have been laid off indefinitely. The reason, the officials explain, is that the appropriation is smaller than for years. The shops employ about 600 men.

—The Sheriff of Dubois county has notified the police authorities here that John Daggs has made his escape from the Dubois county jail at Jasper Monday night and he is thought to have come in this direction. He offers a reward of $25 for his return.

—Wilford Applegate, a thrifty farmer of Heth township, Harrison county, threshed a few days ago fifty-three bushels of clover seed from twenty-two acres of ground. The seed is selling at $7.50 a bushel, realizing to the farmer a handsome profit from the second crop.

—By a fall while at work in the Pennsylvania yards at Jeffersonville Tuesday, William Kennedy, son of P. W. Kennedy, of this city, sustained a fractured leg. He was taken to a hospital, where he will be under treatment for several weeks. He lives at 218 West Sixth street, this city.

—A decree of divorce has been granted in the Harrison Circuit Court to Mrs. Emma Kinzer from William J. Kinzer, and the matter of alimony was settled by mutual agreement out of court. They were married in December, 1906, and a few months after Mrs. Kinzer filed the divorce suit.

—Mr. and Mrs. James Wolpert, who have been attending a family reunion at the home of Mr. Wolpert's father, Dr. W. I. Wolpert, Elizabeth, Harrison county, have returned home. Dr. Wolpert celebrated his eighty-second birthday anniversary and thirty members of the family attended the reunion.

—Mrs. C. A. Reineking, who has been visiting her children, Mr. and Mrs. George W. MacMullen, at Pittsburg, is expected home to-day. She will be accompanied by Mrs. MacMullen, who will spend a few days with Mrs. Reineking and her daughter, Mrs. Annie R. Glover, at their home in St. Paul's Place.

—James C. Nance, formerly connected with the American Express Company, this city, who was recently appointed joint agent of the American and National Express Companies at Charlestown, Ill., has returned home. He went to Charlestown, but did not find the job just what he fancied it would be, and declined to take it.

—The Rev. D. P. Holt, former pastor of the Jennie DePauw Memorial M. E. church, who is visiting in the city, conducted the prayer-meeting services at that church last night. He and Mrs. Holt have been visiting members of his old congregation, and they will return to-morrow to their home at Moore's Hill, Ind.

—The funeral of Carl Mahaffey, the Southern brakeman, who was killed near the city Monday, having fallen between two cars, took place yesterday afternoon at the home of his uncle, R. C. Campbell, 905 West Main street. Services were conducted by the Rev. W. R. Plummer, pastor of Wesley chapel, and the burial was in Fairview cemetery.

—The case of the State against Theodore Endris, proprietor of the Green Tree House, on the River road west of the city, was called in the City Court yesterday and continued until to-day. He is charged with having violated the Nicholson law by keeping his house open last Sunday. The complaint against him was filed by Sergt. McLaughlin.

—"Boss" Williamson, of this city, a baseball player and champion sprinter, had his shoulder dislocated in a game with the Freshman at the State University a few days ago. He was booked to play halfback in the University football team, but it is probable that on account of the injury he will be kept out of any football games during the season.

—The Rev. Charles H. Kiracoff, for several years pastor of Mt. Tabor Presbyterian church, east of this city, has gone to Walkertown, Ind., where he has been appointed to the pastoral charge of a Presbyterian church. The Rev. Mr. Kiracoff was transferred from the New Albany Presbytery at the meeting of that body a few weeks ago to the Logansport Presbytery.

—Mrs. Mary Moritz, mother of Theodore M. Moritz, manager of the New Albany Artificial Ice Company, died Tuesday night at her home in Louisville. She was sixty-eight years old, and she leaves besides two sons and a daughter a brother, George H. Bock, of Lafayette township. The funeral will take place Friday morning from the family home, 1257 Portland avenue, Louisville.

—Virginia Rose, by her attorneys, Stotsenburg & Weathers, has filed a suit for divorce in the Floyd Circuit Court against Cassius Rose. She alleges cruel treatment as the grounds of the action and complains that her husband made a practice of beating her and had frequently struck her. She asks custody of their three children. They were married January 15, 1900, and separated last month.

—Capt. Charles Tighe, of this city, one of the best baseball players in Indiana, is suffering from an injured knee and will not be seen in the line-up of the Indiana University team in the contest with the DePauw University eleven next Saturday. Capt. Tighe has been suffering for several months, having strained the member in a baseball game in July. He expects to be able to play in a Chicago game October 12.

## BLINDS BARRED

### JEFF SALOONS, WHEN CLOSED, MUST BE OPEN.

#### Metropolitan Police Commissioners Issue Final Order.

The hardest blow given the Jeffersonville saloons for some time was dealt to them at the monthly meeting of the Board of Metropolitan Police Commissioners on Tuesday night, at which time Capt. M. E. Clegg was instructed to notify the proprietors of drinking resorts that in the future they must comply strictly with the section of the Nicholson law, which provides that during the restricted hours and days the room in which intoxicating liquors are sold must be left in a condition so that the entire interior can be seen from the street by anyone passing the place. According to this the rooms must be so that the interior can be seen from 11 o'clock p. m. to 5 o'clock a. m., every night in the year and during the daylight hours of Sunday and legal holidays.

Heretofore it has been the custom of the saloonkeepers to comply with the law only in a manner and it has been their habit to push the curtain back far enough so that the interior can be partially seen. The board says this will not do any longer and the screens must be taken down of nights and on Sundays and other restricted days. Some of the saloons were fitted to comply with the Nicholson law and have swinging doors that can be opened and the interior can be seen, but others are arranged differently and at considerable expense some of them will have to be changed.

The board also took up and dismissed, after a hearing, a charge that was filed by Henry Smith against Capt. Clegg. It being alleged by the complainant that he had been assaulted without cause. The charge was filed some time ago, but Smith never went before the board until Tuesday night. The trouble occurred over a game of ball that was being played in the old graveyard at the foot of Chestnut street, where Capt. Clegg was called by the residents of the locality who said balls were being batted into their yards. Smith was among those on the grounds and was inclined to dispute the right of Capt. Clegg, so he says, to order him away and words followed, during which Capt. Clegg gave Smith a shove, he alleges, to hasten him along. The hearing was behind closed doors and the evidence that was given was not made public.

### THROUGH THEIR CHILDREN

#### Pair Becomes Reconciled and Divorce Proceedings Cease.

On motion of the plaintiff, and at his costs, the divorce suit filed on July 8, 1907, by John Stone against Hannah Stone was dismissed in the Clark Circuit Court at Jeffersonville yesterday, the two having become reconciled on account of their sons and daughters, some of whom have children. Stone is more than seventy years old, and his wife has turned sixty. They had lived together for nearly forty-five years before the separation took place, and when Stone filed the proceeding he was accompanied by his youngest daughter, a pretty girl of sixteen. He was very bitter in his expressions against his aged wife, and declared it was out of the question to live in peace with her.

The complaint set forth that they were married on March 22, 1863, and lived together until July 2, 1906, on which date the plaintiff, as he alleged, was compelled to leave his home on account of the cruel treatment of the defendant. It was set forth that for five years previous to the filing of the suit the defendant had almost daily reviled the plaintiff and called him vile names in the presence of his children. He also set forth that the defendant refused to cook his meals or perform any domestic duties about their home for him.

At the time of the marriage Stone was twenty-eight years old and his bride, who was Miss Hannah Plummer, was a girl of sixteen. At the time they lived at Broom Hill, which has always been their home, Clark county, Ind., and to secure the license Stone rode a horse to Charlestown, which was many miles distant, it requiring several hours to make the trip on account of the bad roads. The ceremony was said by the Rev. Martin Crim and many persons were present at the wedding.

### TO SETTLE PERRY ESTATE.

#### Mrs. Pettis, Prospective Nebraska Heir, Arrives On Scene.

That steps are to be taken to make what is looked upon as an equitable division of the estate of Isaac M. Perry, who died September 18, at the advanced age of ninety-seven years, at his home some twelve miles north of Jeffersonville, is evident from a visit that is now being paid by Mrs. Viola Pettis, of Wilcox, Neb., to Jeffersonville. She came unheralded yesterday and her visit to the courthouse was in the way of a surprise. She asked many questions and learned that John P. Jackson, whose mother was a sister of Mr. Perry, had taken out letters of administration last Saturday under bond of $400, twice the estimated value of the personal property.

Mrs. Pettis said she was a niece of Mr. Perry and that her father, who was Milton Perry, was a brother. She said there was a will made by Mr. Perry at one time, but she did not know what had become of it. It was in his secretary, she said, at his home, the last time she knew anything of it. Mrs. Pettis questioned the right of Mr. Jackson to qualify as administrator and said court had not been in session since September 18, but she was informed that the fall term of the court convened on September 16, and had been in session every week-day since that time. Mrs. Pettis said her uncle had Mr. Stotsenburg, of New Albany, write his will and she wanted to find him. She was told that she had met Evan Stotsenburg as she came into the courthouse, but he had gone to Louisville. Later in the day Mrs. Pettis paid a visit to the home of Mr. Jackson and was there last evening, a cordial greeting having been given her.

Mrs. Pettis has four brothers and sisters, and they with her represent an hairship equal to a one-fifth interest in the estate of Isaac M. Perry if they are entitled to anything. John P. Jackson's interest is the same.

### HIGH LICENSE MOVEMENT

#### Just Now Attracting Attention In Southern Indiana.

Interest is being manifested in Jeffersonville over a temperance movement that has taken root in Indiana in favor of high license for conducting saloons. Many owners of drinking places say that a high license will tend to drive out the bucket shops and elevate the legitimate saloons that cater to a better class of trade. At the last session of the Indiana Legislature Senator Ezra Mattingly, who represents the counties of Davies and Pike, championed a measure for a $1,000 saloon license, but it had some objectionable features that resulted in it being killed. He has a new measure under preparation, which he hopes to get through.

For this purpose a campaign of education is to be inaugurated among the voters, as there is another election to be held before the Legislature begins its biennial session in January, 1909. High license will be made a leading issue during the campaign and candidates for the nomination of State Senator or Representative, it is understood, will be required to express themselves on one side or the other of the question. Senator Mattingly has made public the main points in his proposed measure, but as a whole the bill is not entirely complete.

The license fee, provided the bill goes through, is to be $1,000 per annum, of which $800 will go to the corporation in which the resort is located and $200 to the school fund in the county where the license is granted. At this time the license fee is $100, which goes to the schools, and the towns and cities regulate their own fees. The number of saloons is to be regulated according to the population, it not being permissible under the bill to have more than one saloon for each 1,000 inhabitants. In Jeffersonville this would reduce the number from forty-five to less than fifteen, while the revenue would be increased from about $6,750 to $12,000.

### NOTES OF THE NEWS FROM JEFFERSONVILLE.

—Dollie Slater was granted a divorce from Henry O. Slater in the Circuit Court yesterday on the ground of cruel treatment and was awarded custody of their daughter, Mary Slater. They live at Utica.

—George W. Badger, Circuit Clerk, was notified yesterday by George F. Edenharter, superintendent of the Central Hospital for the Insane, that George Nolan, a tramp now in the county jail, would be accepted.

—The divorce suit of Bettie Green against James Green, which has been on the docket for some time, was heard yesterday by Judge Harry C. Montgomery in the Circuit Court and taken under advisement.

—Louis Durgee, an employe of Howard's shipyard, sustained severe injuries to his right leg yesterday when caught in machinery. He was taken to his boarding house, 309 Division street, where he was attended by Dr. O. P. Graham.

—George Kraemer, Jr., executor of the estate of George Kraemer, Sr., filed a petition in the Circuit Court yesterday, which was granted, to be permitted to pay several legacies for small amounts under the will.

—The Rev. S. M. Miller, who has been pastor of Morton Memorial church for the past three years and has been transferred to Elizabethtown, Ky., conducted his farewell service last night and will take his new charge Sunday.

—Suit in partition was filed yesterday in the Circuit Court by Henry L. E. Pope against Burwell K. Marshall and a number of others to sell a valuable tract of land east of this city and divide the proceeds among the numerous heirs.

—The Ohio Buggy Company filed suit in the Circuit Court yesterday against Edward S. Bernett for the collection of an account of $126.25, alleged to be due for a buggy, cart and pole sold to the defendant on April 13, 1907, there being a dispute over the transaction.

—The Farmers' Protective Association of Southern Indiana held a meeting at Claysburg Tuesday night and all of the old officers were elected. The object of the organization is looking after horse stealing and other cases of crime that are committed in the rural districts.

—Harry Hydron, an engineer, and W. E. Hosea, a brakeman, on the Pennsylvania railway, to keep from being hurt by colliding with a cut of cars near Indianapolis, jumped, and each was more or less hurt, Hydron being attended by Dr. O. P. Graham after reaching his home in this city.

—Bessie Collins, Winnie Chambers and William Chrisman were arrested Tuesday night on the charge of associating and in the City Court yesterday morning each was fined $10 and costs, $20 in all, and the women were given ten days in jail while Chrisman was presented with twenty days.

—The Board of Public Works has adopted a resolution declaring a necessity for a sewer on Seventh street, from Graham street to a point between Mechanic and Fulton, where connection can be made with the Mechanic-street sewer. October 17 has been named as a time for hearing remonstrances.

—It has been given out in an official way that the present traction service between this city and Sellersburg will be left as it is when the new line is opened and the cars of the Indianapolis and Louisville Traction Company will be run independently unless the business of the old company should fall off.

—While performing his duties as a coal clerk in the Pennsylvania yards Tuesday midnight, William H. Kennedy, of 218 West Sixth street, New Albany, walked to the end of a freight car and in falling sustained a broken leg. He was taken to the Deaconess Hospital, where he is being attended by Dr. C. F. C. Hancock.

—Exhaustive arguments were made before Judge Montgomery yesterday in the suit of John B. Baker against Walter Stewart to collect $3,000 for boarding the children of the defendant, who are the plaintiff's grandchildren. An attempt was made to get a written examination of Stewart, but it is said he has evaded process of court on several alleged grounds.

—To hit James Holloway with a brick in a fight several months ago cost Will is Birch exactly $264.95 and considerable "bawling," the final settlement having been made yesterday. Birch was fined $50 and costs, a total of $88.20, in a criminal action, and judgment for $10 as damages and $76.75 as costs was rendered against him in a civil suit. Both are negroes.

### DEATHS.

ERNSTBERGER—Mrs. M. Ernstberger, October 2, 1907, at 10:30 p. m., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Theodore D. Davis, 1318 Pirtle street.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

GANT—William Edmund Gant, of Bright's disease, at Knoxville, Tenn.

Funeral Wednesday, October 2, at 12 o'clock noon.

KELLY—October 2, 1907, at 1:40 a. m., Martin J. Kelly, son of John and Mrs. Margaret Kelly, aged 15 years and 9 months.

Funeral will take place from the residence, 1205 Eighth street, Friday morning, October 4, 1907, at 8:30 o'clock and at St. Louis Bertrand church at 9 o'clock. Interment in St. Louis cemeterv. Relatives and friends invited to attend.

Chicago, Ill., and Janesville, Wis., papers please copy.

McPHIE—Departed this life Wednesday, October 2, 1907, at 9:40 p. m., at her late residence, 1331 Brook street, Mrs. Henrietta McPhie, widow of the late S. M. S. McPhie, in her 58th year.

Due notice of funeral later.

WARNER—October 2, at 1:20 a. m., Kate Grady Warner, mother of Mary Belle Warner Zoll.

Funeral from residence, 503 West Chestnut street, Friday morning, October 4, at 8:30 o'clock, and from the Cathedral at 9 o'clock. Interment in St. Louis cemetery.


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DO you know why Piper Heidsieck Chewing Tobacco is on sale in every good tobacco store in America? Because every dealers' best customers demand it.

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That's why no other tobacco is good enough for those who know the delightful, distinctive champagne flavor of Piper Heidsieck.

Costs a little more—but chewing is such an inexpensive habit, anyway, that you might as well have the best.

*"The Height of Good Taste"*

# In An Artistic Colored Cover The Courier-Journal Illustrated Sunday Magazine Will Appear Next Sunday

Just one year ago, the Courier-Journal added to its already nearly perfect Sunday issue an Illustrated Sunday Magazine. This magazine met with instant popular favor, and it has continued to make readers and friends. Week by week it was improved, until now it is as good as any ten-cent magazine published. Beginning next Sunday, the form will be slightly changed, the Magazine being twenty pages instead of sixteen as heretofore, and a handsome Colored Cover will be added. It will be

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Hard Drinking
cannot be thrown off by sheer will force. The habit once established, becomes a blighting disease, which the victim, unaided cannot cure. Recently science has found a way by which the hardest drinkers can be relieved of the appetite, and restored to a vigorous manhood with nerves like steel, and this remarkable transformation can be accomplished in from three to four weeks. If the reader has a friend who drinks too much, and who would know the way to be freed from this curse, write for full particulars to the
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EDWARD N. ROTH,
Managing Director.

For the malaria — Wintersmith's.

# TIGERS SCORE TWO GREAT VICTORIES

## Detroit Downs Washington In Both Games of Double-Header and Practically Cinch American League Pennant.

## PHILADELPHIA ATHLETICS LOSE TO CLEVELAND

Battle Desperately, But Are Unable To Hit Thielman.

JENNINGS' MEN FAR IN LEAD.

MUST LOSE TWO AND ATHLETICS MUST WIN FIVE TO CHANGE RESULT.

WHITE SOX DROP ANOTHER.

### YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

**American League.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| DETROIT | 9—10 | CLEVELAND | 4 |
| WASH'GTON | 5—2 | PHILADELPHIA | 3 |
| NEW YORK | 4 | ST. LOUIS | 4 |
| CHICAGO | 3 | BOSTON | 2 |

**National League.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| CHICAGO | 13 | PHILADELPHIA | 4 |
| NEW YORK | 7 | PITTSBURG | 1 |

### STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

**American League.**

| | W. | L. | P.C. | | W. | L. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Detroit | 90 | 55 | .621 | New York | 68 | 78 | .466 |
| Philadel | 84 | 57 | .596 | St. Louis | 67 | 81 | .453 |
| Chicago | 86 | 62 | .581 | Boston | 58 | 89 | .395 |
| Cleveland | 85 | 65 | .567 | Wash'gton | 59 | 98 | .338 |

**National League.**

| | W. | L. | P.C. | | W. | L. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 105 | 42 | .714 | Brooklyn | 65 | 87 | .448 |
| Pittsburg | 85 | 59 | .590 | Cincinnati | 63 | 84 | .429 |
| New York | 77 | 68 | .531 | Boston | 55 | 88 | .385 |
| Philadel | 76 | 64 | .543 | St. Louis | 49 | 99 | .331 |

### SCHEDULE FOR TO-DAY.

**American League.**

Chicago at New York. Detroit at Washington.
St. Louis at Boston. Cleveland at Philadel.

**National League.**

Philadelphia at Pittsburg.

### AMERICAN LEAGUE.

**Detroit 9—10, Washington 5—2.**

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Twice victorious over the Washingtons this afternoon, coupled with the defeat of the Philadelphias by Cleveland, the day closed with Detroit lacking only a fraction of a point from being the undisputed champions of 1907. Already Manager Jennings and his men are hailed as victors, and to-night they are being overwhelmed with congratulatory messages from all points in the American League circuit and elsewhere. Their almost unexampled exploit in going into "the enemy's country" and bringing a close and stubbornly fought contest to a successful issue compels admiration in every quarter, and it is felt here in Washington, at least, that the team which will battle for world championship honors this year measures fully up that which lowered the colors of the National League champions last year.

In virtually winning the American League championship to-day the Detroits fairly outplayed themselves. Fifteen men were in the line-up for the local team, first and last, but they could not stop the Tigers at any stage of the eighteen innings played. Manager Jennings selected Killian to pitch the first game, but after three innings he retired in favor of Mullin, who finished the game so well that he came back and pitched the second game in even better form.

Four Washington twirlers in turn faced Detroit in the opening game, but they all looked alike to the coming champions, and each was touched up sharply. Oberlin was the last of the quartette to try to stop the tide, and he was again sent in for the last half of the double-header. He lasted but one inning, the visitors scoring three runs off four hits. Charley Smith, who also had figured in the box earlier in the day, finished the game. He was hit safely thirteen times.

Cobb's base running was the feature. He stole four bases in the first game. Schaefer led the winners with the stick, getting eight hits, four in each game. Cobb was a close second with seven. Blankenship batted well for the locals, pulling off six hits, three in each game. Scores:

| Detroit. | ab. | bh. | po. | a. | | Wash. | ab. | bh. | po. | a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| D. Jones lf. | 4 | 2 | 3 | 0 | | C. Jones cf. | 5 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Schaefer 2b. | 5 | 4 | 2 | 5 | | Ganley lf. | 5 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
| Delhanty cf. | 4 | 1 | 4 | 0 | | Delehanty cf. | 4 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Cobb rf. | 5 | 4 | 2 | 0 | | Milan rf. | 2 | 0 | 5 | 1 |
| Rossman 1b. | 4 | 0 | 9 | 0 | | Hitchcock 1b. | 5 | 3 | 8 | 1 |
| Coughlin ss. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | Smith ss. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Schmidt c. | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0 | | O'Brien ss. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| O'Leary ss. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 2 | | Shipke 3b. | 4 | 2 | 5 | 1 |
| Mullin p. | 4 | 1 | 0 | 2 | | Block c. | 4 | 1 | 7 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Warner c. | 3 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| | | | | | | C. Smith p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Falkenberg p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | | | | | | Patten p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | | | | | | Oberlin p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | *Kay. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Totals. | 38 | 16 | 27 | 12 | | Totals. | 39 | 12 | 27 | 17 |

*Batted for C. Smith in second.

| Innings. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9—T. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Washington | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0— 5 |
| Detroit | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1— 9 |

Errors—Delehanty, Milan, Blankenship, T. Smith, Block. Three-base Hit—C. Smith. Sacrifice Hit—Schmidt. Stolen Bases—Cobb 4, Rossman, Ganley, Blankenship, Shipke. Double Play—T. Smith and Blankenship. Left on Bases—Detroit 6, Washington 9. Bases on Balls —Off Falkenberg 5, off Patten 2, off Killian 1, off Mullin 1. First on Error—Detroit 1. Hit by Pitcher—By Killian 1. Struck Out—By Falkenberg 1, by Patten 2, by Oberlin 1, by Killian 1, by Mullin 2. Wild Pitch—Of C. Smith 2 in one-third of an inning; off Falkenberg 7, in three and two-third innings; off Patten 7 in four innings; off Oberlin one in one inning; off Killian 6 in two and two-third innings; off Mullin 6 in six and one-third innings. Time—Two hours. Umpires—Brown and Hurst.

SECOND GAME.

| Wash. | ab. | bh. | po. | a. | | Detroit | ab. | bh. | po. | a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Milan cf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | D. Jones lf. | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Ganley lf. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | | Schaefer 2b. | 4 | 4 | 2 | 6 |
| Delhanty 2b. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 4 | | Crawford cf. | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Kay rf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | Cobb rf. | 5 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| O'Brien ss. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 5 | | Rossman 1b. | 5 | 2 | 12 | 1 |
| Warner c. | 4 | 1 | 7 | 0 | | Coughlin ss. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Hitchcock 1b. | 4 | 2 | 11 | 1 | | Schmidt c. | 5 | 3 | 6 | 0 |
| Shipke 3b. | 4 | 0 | 3 | 2 | | O'Leary ss. | 5 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Oberlin p. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | Mullin p. | 5 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Smith p. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4 | | | | | | |
| *Jones. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| †Block. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| Totals. | 39 | 7 | 27 | 20 | | Totals. | 42 | 17 | 27 | 14 |

*Batted for Smith in ninth.

†Batted for Milan in ninth.

| Innings. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9—T. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Detroit | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4—10 |
| Washington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1— 2 |

Errors—Delehanty 2, O'Brien 2, Blankenship, Schaefer, Rossman. Two-base Hits—Crawford, Rossman. Hits—Off Goeffin 4 in one inning; off C. Smith 13 in eight innings. Stolen Bases —D. Jones 2, Schaefer, Schmidt. Double Plays —O'Brien, Blankenship and Shipke; O'Brien and Warner; Delehanty and Blankenship. Left on Bases—Detroit 7, Washington 7. First Base on Errors—Detroit 3; Washington 1. Struck Out—By Mullin 5; by Smith 3. Wild Pitch—C. Smith. Time—One hour and fifty minute. Umpires—Hurst and Brown.

* * *

**Cleveland 4, Philadelphia 3.**

Philadelphia, Oct. 2.—The chances of the Philadelphia Americans winning the championship were lessened to-day by their defeat at the hands of Cleveland. They still have a chance, although practically a hopeless one, to land the flag. For Philadelphia to win the pennant Detroit must lose two of its four remaining games while Philadelphia must win all five on its schedule. This would give Philadelphia the pennant by a fraction of a point.

The home team to-day fought every inch of the ground to stave off defeat, but the steadiness of Thielman when men were on the bases proved too great a stumbling block. Plank outpitched Thielman, but Cleveland's hits were more opportune. Cleveland took the lead at the start and was never headed. Score:

| Cleve. | ab. | bh. | po. | a. | | Philadel. | ab. | bh. | po. | a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Flick rf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | Hartsel lf. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Bradley 3b. | 4 | 0 | 3 | 4 | | Nicholls ss. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Nill ss. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 4 | | Seybold rf. | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Lajoie 2b. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | | Davis 1b. | 5 | 2 | 5 | 1 |
| Bemis c. | 5 | 0 | 5 | 1 | | Murphy 2b. | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| Hinchman cf. | 2 | 0 | 5 | 0 | | Collins 3b. | 4 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Birmingham lf. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | | Oldring cf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Lister 1b. | 3 | 2 | 10 | 0 | | Powers c. | 3 | 1 | 11 | 1 |
| Thielman p. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | | Plank p. | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | | | *Bender. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Totals. | 34 | 7 | 27 | 13 | | Totals. | 38 | 11 | *26 | 7 |

*Bemis out, hit by batted ball. †Batted for Powers in ninth.

| Innings. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9—T. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cleveland | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0— 4 |
| Philadelphia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0— 3 |

Errors—Nill, Murphy. Two-base Hits—Lajoie, Birmingham, Murphy, Collins. Sacrifice Hits—Bradley, Thielman, Hartsel. Stolen Bases—Birmingham, Lister, Davis. Left on Bases—Cleveland 10, Philadelphia 10. Bases on Balls—Off Thielman 1, off Plank 5. Struck Out —By Thielman 3, by Plank 11. Wild Pitch— Thielman. Time—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpires—O'Loughlin and Connolly.

* * *

**New York 4, Chicago 3.**

New York, Oct. 2.—Chicago lost another game to the local team to-day, the score being 4 to 3. Rohe made a home run hit in the fifth inning, scoring Donohue and Hickman ahead of him. Score:

| Chicago. | ab. | bh. | po. | a. | | N. Y. | ab. | bh. | po. | a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hahn rf. | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 | | Conroy cf. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Jones cf. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | Gilberfeld ss. | 4 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Isbell 2b. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 5 | | Chase 1b. | 4 | 2 | 11 | 0 |
| Donohue 1b. | 4 | 2 | 13 | 0 | | Moriarty 3b. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| G. Davis ss. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | Laporte rf. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Dou'herty lf. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | Bell lf. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Hickman lf. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | Williams 2b. | 3 | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| Rohe 3b. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | | Keinow c. | 3 | 1 | 7 | 1 |
| Hart c. | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | | Castleton p. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| White p. | 4 | 1 | 0 | 5 | | Doyle p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Totals. | 34 | 9 | 24 | 13 | | Totals. | 31 | 9 | 27 | 14 |

| Innings. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9—T. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0— 3 |
| New York | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | x— 4 |

Error—Hahn. Two-base Hits—Conroy, Kleinow, Williams, White. Home Run—Rohe. Hits —Off Castleton 7 in six innings; off Doyle 2 in three innings. Stolen Base—Hart. Left on Bases—Chicago 8, New York 3. Bases on Balls —Off Castleton 3. Struck Out—By Castleton 2. Time—Two hours. Umpires—Egan and Evans.

* * *

**St. Louis 4, Boston 2.**

Boston, Oct. 2.—The Boston Americans were beaten to-day by the St. Louis team, 4 to 2, thus tieing the local Nationals for the season's record of sixteen consecutive defeats. Score:

| St. Louis. | ab. | bh. | po. | a. | | Boston. | ab. | bh. | po. | a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Niles 2b. | 5 | 3 | 2 | 5 | | Chadb'rne lf. | 4 | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| Hemphill cf. | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | | Sullivan cf. | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Stone lf. | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | Parent 2b. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| Pickering rf. | 4 | 1 | 0 | 1 | | Gygalton rf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Wallace 3b. | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 | | Grimshaw 1b. | 4 | 2 | 8 | 1 |
| Hartsel 3b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | | Lord 3b. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Spencer c. | 4 | 0 | 12 | 3 | | Wagner ss. | 3 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| Jones p. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | Shaw c. | 3 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| Pelty p. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 5 | | Young p. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Totals. | 37 | 10 | 27 | 18 | | Totals. | 32 | 9 | 27 | 12 |

| Innings. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9—T. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1— 4 |
| Boston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0— 2 |

Errors—Stone, Wallace 2. Parent. Lord. Wagner. Three-base Hit—Grimshaw. Stolen Bases—Niles, Jones, Grimshaw. Sacrifice Hits —Parent, Hemphill. Left on Bases—St. Louis 8, Boston 6. Bases on Balls—Off Pelty 2, off Young 4. Struck Out—By Pelty 3, by Young 4. Time—One hour and forty-seven minutes. Umpire—Sheridan.

### NATIONAL LEAGUE.

**Chicago 13, New York 7.**

Chicago, Oct. 2.—Chicago to-day celebrated its last home appearance of the season before the world's championship series by defeating New York 13 to 7 in one of the worst games of the season. The game was called at the end of the eight on account of darkness. The score:

| Chicago. | ab. | bh. | po. | a. | | N. Y. | ab. | bh. | po. | a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Slagle rf. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | | Shannon lf. | 3 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Sheckard lf. | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | | Browne rf. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Chance 1b. | 3 | 2 | 7 | 1 | | Doyle 2b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Steinfeldt 3b. | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | | Strang cf. | 3 | 1 | 6 | 2 |
| Kling c. | 5 | 2 | 4 | 2 | | Curtis c. | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Evers 2b. | 5 | 2 | 4 | 4 | | Mckie 1b. | 4 | 2 | 8 | 0 |
| Hofman rf. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | | Dahlen ss. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Tinker ss. | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | Hanifan 3b. | 4 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Brown p. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | Taylor p. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Howard 1b. | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | |
| Durbin p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | Totals. | 31 | 11 | 24 | 16 |
| *Schulte. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| Totals. | 39 | 18 | 24 | 18 | | | | | | |

*Batted for Brown in seventh.

| Innings. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9—T. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 0—13 |
| New York | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0— 7 |

Errors—Tinker 2, Shannon, Doyle, Curtis, Mckie 2, Dahlen. Two-base Hits—Sheckard, Dahlen, Strang, Hanifan, Brown, Kling 2. Evers. Hits—Off Brown 11 in seven innings. Sacrifice Hits—Steinfeldt, Tinker. Stolen Bases— Slagle, Sheckard 2, Curtis, Tinker 3, Howard, Evers, Schulte. Double Plays—Steinfeldt, Chance and Evers; Tinker, Evers and Chance; Strang, Curtis and Hanifan. Left on Bases— Chicago 7, New York 5. Bases on Balls—Off Brown 4, off Taylor 3. Hit by Pitcher—By Taylor 1 (Strang). Struck Out—By Brown 3, by Durbin 1, by Taylor 2. Time—Two hours. Umpires—O'Day and Zeigler.

* * *

**Philadelphia 4, Pittsburg 1.**

Pittsburg, Oct. 2.—Philadelphia again won over Pittsburg. Score:

| Pitts'g. | ab. | bh. | po. | a. | | Philadel. | ab. | bh. | po. | a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Anderson rf. | 3 | 0 | 5 | 1 | | Osborne cf. | 4 | 2 | 4 | 0 |
| Leach cf. | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | | Kanbe 2b. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Clarke lf. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | | Titus rf. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Ab'ttchio 2b. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | | Magee lf. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Swacina 1b. | 4 | 0 | 10 | 0 | | Bransfield 1b. | 4 | 1 | 9 | 1 |
| Storke 3b. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | | Grant 3b. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Sheehan ss. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | Doolin ss. | 3 | 0 | 4 | 5 |
| Gibson c. | 3 | 0 | 6 | 0 | | Doolin c. | 3 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| Camnitz p. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4 | | McQuillin p. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Totals. | 29 | 3 | 27 | 11 | | Totals. | 30 | 6 | 26 | 11 |

| Innings. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9—T. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburg | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0— 1 |
| Philadelphia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | x— 4 |

Two-base Hits—Abbattichio, Storke. Three-base Hit—Osborne. Sacrifice Hit—Knabe. Stolen Bases—Titus, Magee, Grant. Double Plays—Anderson and Swacina; Bases on Balls—Off Camnitz 3, off McQuillin 3. Struck Out—By Camnitz 4, by McQuillin 2. Left on Bases— Pittsburg 4, Philadelphia 3. Wild Pitch—McQuillin. Time—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Johnstone and Klem.

* * *

### CHAT OF THE GAME.

The Detroit ball club will clean up $50,000 or $60,000 this year.

* * *

Should Detroit be fortunate enough to land the American League pennant the gate receipts for the world's championship series will be much smaller than they ever have been before, because of the lack of capacity of the Detroit grounds, where half of the games would be played.

* * *

Steve Reagan was sent in as a substitute batter eleven times during the past season. Eight times he failed to hit.

* * *

George Davis expects to take with him to Cuba this fall "Hub" Hart, Smith, Altrock, Hickman, Hahn and Welday. The party will leave October 29 for a stay of three weeks in Havana.

* * *

The eight owners of American League clubs will clean up something like $500,000 this season.

* * *

Johnson has appointed Jack Sheridan as the American League umpire for the world's series.

* * *

Early in the season Cincinnati was termed "The Morgue" by the Gotham scribes. But the term has switched to Pittsburg and it is really remarkable when one considers the number of injuries that have been the results of sliding into the second base in the Smoky City. George Van Haltren had his baseball career, or at least his big league career, cut short one day by breaking his leg while going into second there. Next came Lefty Davis, who was then playing with Pittsburg, and he met with the same kind of an accident. Otis Clymer broke his leg last year and was out of the game almost all season, while Harry Lumley, the Brooklyn man, broke his leg last week and his injury may prove his undoing in the national game. Cy Seymour has been the last, although Cy got off luckier than the rest of them. He came out of it with a severe sprain. That second sack in Smoketown certainly appears to be hoodooed.

* * *

Frank Killen, for two years an umpire on the staff of President F. R. Carson, of the Central League, will in all probability resign to accept the management of a Central League team. Killen has had two offers so far since the season closed. As South Bend, Terre Haute and Grand Rapids are said to be in the field for new leaders, two of these clubs clubs are supposed to have made the umpire offers.

### Giants and All-Professionals.

At Eclipse Park Sunday afternoon one of the best games of the season will be witnessed, when the Louisville All-Professionals will play the Louisville Giants. They line-up as follows:

| All-Professionals. | Giants. |
|---|---|
| Crowder, ss. | Emery, cf. |
| Gnadinger, cf. | Briscoe, lf. |
| Blake, lf. | Miles, rf. |
| Evans, 2b. | Ross, 1b. |
| Kalkoff, c. | Watson, 3b. |
| Ayers, 1b. | Wallace, 2b. |
| Tilford, 2b. | Rogers, ss. |
| Stults, rf. | Coleman, c. |
| Gerrard or Schwenck, p. | Griffin or Dickey, p. |
| | Davis, ut.lity. |

## TYRUS COBB, DETROIT'S BASEBALL MARVEL, FOR WHOSE RELEASE THE TIGERS WOULD NOT TAKE $50,000

TYRUS RAYMOND COBB, the baseball sensation of the season, will not be twenty-one until December 18.

His remarkable all-around ball playing for the Detroit club has kept the Tigers in the race for the American League Championship, and all baseball experts agree that he is no doubt the find of the season. They are also unanimous in the opinion that he is one of the greatest ball players that ever donned a uniform.

Cobb is the leading batsman of the American League, as well as one of the foremost outfielders, run-getters and base runners. Six feet in height and balancing the scales at 172 pounds, he looks the ideal athlete, and gives promise of some time being ranked with the immortals of the profession.

Off the field Cobb is as unassuming as a modest maiden from the rural districts, a striking contrast to his demeanor on the ball field, where he is a most alert bundle of nerves and compelling aggressiveness, off like a spark from a trolley wire at the least opening, and displaying a ready wit to take advantage of every opportunity to win.

Cobb was playing with the Augusta club of the South Alantic League in 1905 when Manager William Armour realized that the youngster was a comer, although he had not reached his eighteenth birthday. Armour agreed to purchase his release for $750, but the Detroit club refused to permit the deal, and Armour, having faith in his man, paid the money out of his own pocket. Subsequently he convinced the Detroit owners that the youngster was worth the money.

Cobb remained with Detroit last year as an extra man until late in the season, when he was tried out on the regular team and became a batting sensation. His aggressiveness was not to the liking of one member of the club, and it was thought that the young man would be traded, but Hugh Jennings was too good a judge of talent to allow him to go. He soon had him playing the game of his life, a game fully as strong as anything in the two big leagues. The fans were amazed and everywhere there was a desire to get a look at him.

"I never mind how the crowd acts toward me, but I always save the pleasant things I find in the newspapers, and I am very much obliged to you for the nice things I have read about myself from your pen."

This quotation is a repetition of what Cobb said to me last week, writes Tim Murnane.

I found the great young player willing to talk baseball and the part he has taken in it, and very keen and anxious to pick up all the fine points. I learned that he had finished two years at a prep. school and finished two years at a prep. school at Stone Mountain Park, and was about to enter college when his father died, upsetting his plans. The elder Cobb was State Senator from the Thirty-first Georgia district, and a man of considerable influence in that part of the South. Young Cobb played ball as a boy on the open lots of his native village, and soon won a place on the prep. school team as an outfielder. He was not long in securing a place with the Augusta team, and speaking of that event in his career he said:

"If I had not made the big league after a year or two I would have taken up some other profession, but now I intend to remain in baseball just as long as the salary is good."

I asked Cobb if there were any pitchers that he couldn't hit to his satisfaction.

"Well, yes," he replied, "but I don't like those pitchers who sidestep. For example, Doc White, of the Chicago club, has got me on his staff. I hope, however, that in time I will get a better line on all the league pitchers, and thereby improve my batting."

"I have never tried to copy any one at the bat, simply doing what is perfectly natural. I believe a batsman should assume a natural poise at the plate and try to never give away just what he has in mind, as the fielders are likely to get a line on him and stop many a good drive.

"I try to gauge the different batsmen of the league and keep in mind the way they hit different pitchers, and I can readily appreciate the benefit to be derived from the advice of a man like Mr. Jennings, whom I consider to be one of the leading experts of the game, and a fine fellow to work for."

To show that Cobb is always in the playing, Manager Jennings told of a little incident that occurred during the second game with Boston. It was in the tenth inning and Detroit was one run to the good. Parent was on third, with two down and Unglaub at the bat. Unglaub is a dangerous man in an emergency and has a record for hitting right-hand pitchers. Some of the Detroit players advised passing Bob, and taking a chance with Hobe Ferris. Cobb contended that by passing Unglaub, Ferris would have a show to win the game with a long drive, that no one knows where to play when Ferris is at the bat, and no pitcher is yet wise to the way of how to work the Boston second baseman. Cobb further insisted that should Unglaub hit safe it would only tie the score, and that it was better ball to take chances on both men than to put up to Ferris.

The play was executed along the lines suggested by Cobb, and after the game Jennings complimented him for his acumen and good judgment. Cobb is a student of the game, a pheunomenal player, and could not be purchased from the Detroit club for an even $50,000. He has practically made a champion team out of a second-rater, and the Detroit club will be a big money-winner with his help instead of a constant financial failure.

Great ball players come into the business very rarely, and Detroit possesses in Tyrus Raymond Cobb one of the greatest.

## FOREIGNERS TO TAKE PART IN BALLOON RACE

### German Competitors Reach New York and Will Contest at St. Louis.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Three celebrated German aeronauts, two of whom will take part in the international aeronautic cup race, to start from St. Louis, October 21, have just arrived here from Europe. These who will compete for the international cup are Oscar Irbalch and Hans Heildemann, and with them is Capt. A. D. Hildebrandt, representing the aeronautic branch of the German army. He has come to this country to witness the big race, in which he is not to be a competitor.

The third German competitor is Paul Meckel, who, with Capt. Hugo von Abercron, another aeronaut, will leave Germany for the United States next week.

The international flying event, which is now an annual affair, was held last year from Paris. Lieut. Frank Lahm, of the United States army, winning with a flight of 452 miles. Within the next few days the balloonists from England and France will arrive and proceed to St. Louis.

As now arranged, only nine balloons will take part in the international race, three from America, three from Germany, two from France and one from England, Italy, Spain and Switzerland were barred because they failed to comply with the technical requirements of the International Aeronautic Federation. Lieut. Lahm, last year's winner, will not compete because of illness. He is in a hospital in France, suffering from typhoid fever.

### Presented With a Cup.

London, Oct. 2.—The Prince of Wales, who witnessed the double match for the Davis cup July 22 last, has presented the All-England Lawn Tennis Club with a silver cup to be held for a year by the winner of the all-comers singles in the contests for the championship of the world, as provided for under the rules governing the Davis cup competitions.

## CHANGES IN LOCAL FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

### Harvard, Yale, Pennsylvania and Other Big Teams Win Their Midweek Games.

OFFICIALS of the High School football team last night announced several changes in the local schedule. The revised schedule as given out last night is as follows:

October 5, High School vs. Georgetown, at High School Park.

October 12, High School vs. St. Mary's College, at St. Mary.

October 19, High School vs. K. M. I., at High School Park.

October 25, High School vs. University School, at High School Park.

November 2, High School vs. Indianapolis Manual, at High School Park.

November 9, High School vs. Shortridge, at Indianapolis.

November 16, High School vs. St. Mary's College, at High School Park.

November 23, open.

November 28, High School vs. Englewood High School, at High School Park.

The contest that will attract attention will be that University School. The Blue and White people have worked hard to gather together a strong eleven. It was for a time rumored that University School had secured the services of E. Fox and W. Frank, two of last year's High School stars, who had graduated, and also those of H. McCann, O. McCann, and Batman, from Manual. Of all these, however, F. x is the only one now at University School, bringing much strength to the eleven, but it can hardly be expected to defeat the High School bunch.

Outside of the Thanksgiving day battle with Englewood High School, of Chicago, the local boys will probably find the game with K. M. I. the hardest of the year.

### Harvard Beats Bowdoin.

Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 2.—Harvard defeated Bowdoin in a ragged played game to-day, 5 to 0. The only score was made when Apollonio carried the ball across Bowdoin's goal for a touchdown after a series of line plunges. Open plays, including the forward pass and the onside kick, were freely used by both elevens, but with little effect.

### Yale Defeats Wesleyan.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 2.—In the first game of the football season here Yale to-day defeated Wesleyan 25 to 0.

Quarterback Tad Jones crossed Wesleyan's goal line shortly after the game opened, taking the ball on a forward pass and running thirty yards through a broken field. Wylie kicked the goal.

### Other Football Games.

At Philadelphia—University of Pennsylvania 18, Villa Nova 0.

At New Haven, Conn.—Yale 23, Wesleyan 0.

At Providence—Brown 5, Massachusetts Agricultural College 0.

At Cambridge—Harvard 5, Bowdoin 0.

At Ithaca—Cornell 23, Hamilton 0.

### Football Game Called Off.

The game which was announced between Manual and University School for Friday afternoon has been called off. Coach Rounds, of the University School, did not like to go into a game with a crippled eleven, as long as there will be a game later in the season.

## PRESIDENT HITE TO HEAD BOARD OF TRADE DELEGATES.

The directors of the Board of Trade yesterday completed arrangements for the Board of Trade to be represented at the Waterways Convention at Memphis to-morrow and Saturday. The delegates will be headed by President W. W. Hite, and will leave Louisville via the Illinois Central railroad this evening, reaching Memphis on the following morning. A large and representative delegation will go.

### Fell Down Stairs.

New Castle, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Mrs. Frank L. Clubb, living near Point Pleasant, fell down a stairway last night and was dangerously injured. Her head was badly cut, the skull probably fractured, and she was bruised all over.

## LONG BASEBALL CONTESTS OF PAST.

Sept. 1, 1906—Philadelphia 4, Boston 1; 24 innings.

Aug. 24, 1905—Chicago 2, Philadelphia 1; 20 innings.

July 4, 1905—Philadelphia 4, Boston 2; 20 innings.

June 22, 1905—Chicago 3, Pittsburg 2; 19 innings.

June 24, 1905—Chicago 2, St. Louis 1; 18 innings.

Aug. 17, 1902—St. Louis 7, Brooklyn 7; 18 innings.

Aug. 11, 1904—St. Louis 4, Brooklyn 3; 17 innings.

Sept. 18, 1904—Chicago 2, Cincinnati 1; 17 innings.

May 18, 1902—Chicago 2, St. Louis 1; 17 innings.

July 9, 1902—Philadelphia 4, Boston 2; 17 innings.

Sept. 21, 1901—Chicago 1, Boston 0; 17 innings.

June 26, 1893—Cincinnati 5, New York 5; 17 innings.

LAID UP WITH A BAD COLD.

You may be without any necessity of it, but this fine, old, full bodied WHISKEY in APPLE BRANDY will cheer, and if taken in time will prevent attack.

L. D. Addison,
N. E. Cor. Seventh and Market Sts.
LOUISVILLE, KY.


### NO CHILD JOCKEYS ARE TO BE ALLOWED.

COVINGTON, Ky., Oct. 2.—A warrant was sworn out to-day for the arrest of M. D. Davis, owner of Double Trouble, a race horse at the Latonia track. Davis is charged with having violated the state law which prohibits the employment of child labor. Last Monday afternoon Walter Anderson, aged fourteen years, a jockey, while riding Double Trouble, was badly injured by being thrown from the horse in the first race. He sustained concussion of the brain. To-day he is much improved.

## LONG SHOT WINS FEATURE EVENT

### Sewell Takes the Mercury Handicap In Very Fast Time.

### BAT MASTERSON RUNS SECOND

Suffrage, the Even Money Favorite, Puts Up a Bad Race At Brighton Beach.

A LARGE CROWD IS PRESENT.

BRIGHTON BEACH, N. Y., Oct. 2.—Sewell, a 10 to 1 shot, won the Mercury Handicap, six furlongs, at Brighton Beach to-day in the fast time of 1:12 2-5. Bat Masterson, a long shot, cut out a fast pace to the stretch, where Sewell took command and won by a length. Suffrage, the even money favorite, ran a bad race.

There is no question of Brighton's popularity with New Yorkers. Each day brings forth a more enthusiastic gathering than the afternoon before, and to-day, with the Mercury Handicap down as a headliner of a good card, the attendance was splendid and kept the boys on the stools busily engaged handling the money of those speculatively inclined. Summaries:

First Race—For three-year-olds; selling; six furlongs:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Berwick, 110 (Nicol), 7 to 1 and 3 to 1 | 1 | |
| Momentum, 103 (Miller), 2 to 5 place | 2 | |
| Troublemaker, 109 (Herbert), 4 to 1 show | 3 | |

Time, :22 3-5. The Wrestler, Prisoner, George S. Davis, Killochan, Golden Shoes, Frank Lord, Umbrella, Belle of Iroquois, Toy Boy, Cl

# OF FIVE CITIES

## Louisville Strongest Bidder For Sales Department.

### PROPOSAL MADE TO AMERICAN SOCIETY OF EQUITY.

### LOCAL WAREHOUSE COMPANY OFFERS DISPLAY SPACE.

### LARGE INTERESTS AT STAKE.

Local leaf tobacco interests are making a strong effort to secure the headquarters and sales department of the American Society of Equity. Cincinnati, Lexington, Maysville and Winchester are also making efforts looking to the same end.

The location of the Society's headquarters in Louisville would mean that this city is to continue the largest leaf tobacco market in the world. The American Society of Equity has about 68,000,000 pounds of tobacco ready for the market. This tobacco has been sampled and it is stated to be the intention of the Society to collect all the samples in one central warehouse in the city offering the most advantages. These samples will be graded and a price set on the tobacco they represent.

The Louisville Tobacco Warehouse Company has written a letter to Clarence Lebus, of Cynthiana, president of the Society, offering a well-lighted wareroom with space enough to display 75,000 to 100,000 samples and supplied with sample chests and also all the office space required free of charge. This represents an outlay of between $3,000 and $,000 on the part of the local concern.

* * *

**Committee To Push Claims.**

Representatives will also be sent to Winchester Monday when the Executive Committee of the society meets to consider the propositions of the cities. These representatives will urge the claims of Louisville.

Louisville possesses many advantages over any other of the contesting cities. It has by far the largest warehouse capacity. It is most centrally located in the tobacco-growing sections. It can offer to the buyer the largest number of varieties either for home consumption or export and is usually the first city visited by buyers.

* * *

**Most Tobacco Comes Here.**

Most of the tobacco bought by the American Tobacco Company in Cincinnati, Lexington and other points out in the State is first shipped to this city, where it is rehandled and then allotted to the factories to which it is best suited. Nearly every day representatives of factories of the American Company come to Louisville to select tobaccos. In fact, the principal redrying and rehandling departments of the company are located in Louisville.

There are already stored in local warehouses 2,500 hogsheads of tobacco pledged to the 1906 pool of the American Society of Equity. Local tobacco interests are assisting in the financing of the crops in several counties.

# RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation for the twenty-four hours ended October 2, at 7 p. m.:

| Stations. | Temp. | Pre. | Stations. | Temp. | Pre. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Abilene | 92 | .00 | Little Rock | 86 | .00 |
| Amarillo | 86 | .01 | Marquette | 72 | T |
| Atlanta | 78 | .00 | Memphis | 86 | .00 |
| Bismarck | 54 | T | Modena | 44 | .10 |
| Cairo | 86 | .00 | Montgomery | 84 | T |
| Cincinnati | 84 | .00 | Nashville | 86 | .00 |
| Charlotte | 90 | .00 | New Orleans | 88 | T |
| Chattanooga | 82 | .00 | New York | 64 | .00 |
| Chicago | 80 | .01 | Oklahoma | 88 | .00 |
| Corp. Christi | 88 | .08 | Omaha | 72 | T |
| Davenport | 84 | .00 | Palestine | 88 | .04 |
| Dodge City | 88 | .08 | Pittsburg | 76 | .00 |
| El Paso | 86 | .00 | San Antonio | 94 | .00 |
| Fort Smith | 86 | T | Shreveport | 88 | T |
| Galveston | 84 | .02 | St. Louis | 78 | .14 |
| Indianapolis | 82 | .00 | St. Paul | 74 | .04 |
| Jacksonville | 80 | .30 | Vicksburg | 88 | .32 |
| Kansas City | 80 | .00 | Washington | 70 | .00 |

T—Trace rainfall.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

| [Official.] | Louisville, Oct. 2, 1907. | |
|---|---|---|
| | 7 a. m. | 7 p. m. |
| Barometer | 30.10 | 30.05 |
| Temperature | 62 | 76 |
| Dewpoint | 56 | 60 |
| Relative humidity | 82 | 59 |
| Wind velocity | 4 | 0 |
| State of weather | Pt. Cldy | Pt. Cldy |

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

| [Official.] | Louisville, Oct. 2, 1907. |
|---|---|
| Constants and Normals. | |
| Maximum temperature | 85 |
| Minimum temperature | 59 |
| Mean temperature | 72 |
| Normal temperature | 64 |
| Departure for day | +8 |
| Departure for month | +11 |
| Departure since March 1 | +50 |
| Prevailing winds | Southerly |
| Mean barometer | 30.08 |
| Mean relative humidity | 70 |
| Character of day | Pt. Cldy |
| Total precipitation | T |
| Normal precipitation | .10 |
| Departure for day | —.10 |
| Departure for month | —.21 |
| Departure since March 1 | —1.84 |

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

River continues to fall. Gauge—On the falls, 2.7 feet; in the canal, 4.9 feet; at the foot of the locks, 9.4 feet. Weather clear and cool. Business lively on the levee.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

Indiana, Capt. Lindenburn, for Cincinnati, at 6 p. m....Helen M. Gould, Capt. Suplee, for Carrollton, at 4 p. m....Glenmore, Capt. Anderson, for Evansville, at 4 p. m.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

City of Louisville, from and to Cincinnati....Tarascon, from and to Evansville....Helen M. Gould, from and to Carrollton.

DRIFTWOOD.

The Glenmore came in last evening from Evansville with a good trip....The John Quill, a cotton and passenger packet which is being built at Howard's for Capt. Quill, for the Mobile trade, is now receiving her engines. She will be ready to leave in twenty days. The steamer is 175 feet long, thirty-four feet wide and five and one-half feet deep. She will cost $25,000....A Government snagboat, 150 feet long, thirty-two feet wide and four and one-half feet deep, which will be used in the Vicksburg district, will be launched in ten days at Howard's. In two weeks Howard will launch a Government towboat for the Muskingum river. It is 115 feet long, twenty-two feet wide and four feet deep....The Charles R. Pearce has reached Helena, Ark., with French's Floating Sensation....The Reuben Dunbar is running in place of the Dick Fowler in the Paducah and Cairo trade. The Fowler is en route to Memphis....At Point Pleasant, O., yesterday the birthday anniversary of Gen. U. S. Grant was celebrated. A big crowd went to the place from Cincinnati on the steamer Sunshine....The Robert P. Gillham, which took a tow of empties from here to Cincinnati, has gone to the Kanawha river....The towboat Cruiser, which was sunk last winter at Dam No. 3, is off the ways....Capt. Frank Tilley arrived in Louisville yesterday from Pittsburg, and went to St. Louis to join the twenty representatives from the Pittsburg Chamber of Commerce, bound for Memphis, to attend the waterways convention. Capt. W. B. Rogers was in the party....The head of navigation is again at Louisville. In the expectation of a rise at Pittsburg, boats are hitching up tows and are preparing to go out at the earliest possible moment the stage of the river will permit....The Virginia is now in the Louisville City marine ways....Louisville's twenty-five delegates will leave to-morrow night at 9:40 o'clock for Memphis to attend the waterways convention. While in the Bluff City the Louisville delegates will occupy Pullman cars, which will be parked at the Poplar-avenue passenger station....Evansville packets running to this city are enjoying an unusually prosperous season, both as freight and passengers....The bar at Rising Sun is not interfering with the steamers plying between Louisville and Cincinnati....The Louisville and Portland canal will be closed October 14 in order that repairs may be made. On that date Louisville and Evansville packets will arrive and depart from Portland wharf. Freight and passengers for points beyond Derby will not be received by those steamers while the canal is closed.

## RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Rivermen who have been accustomed to pass Letart Island, upper Ohio river, many times each year learned with sorrow today of the death of Capt. Thomas Alexander, which occurred yesterday. Capt. Alexander was one of the most unique figures along the rivers. Since his retirement about fifteen years ago he had been accustomed to wave to every towboat that passed Letart Island. Pilots have been accustomed to look for him, and in order that they might be sure to see the accustomed figure, a blast of the whistle would warn the old riverman of the approach of a boat. Capt. Alexander, who was ninety-four years old and had ten living children of a family of eleven. There was 5.5 feet at Davis' Island dam and 3.3 feet at Dam No. 2. Ohio river this evening is stationary.

Wheeling, Oct. 2.—River 4.4 feet; rising.

Point Pleasant, Oct. 2.—River 3.6 feet; falling. Clear.

Cincinnati, Oct. 2.—[Special.]—At 6 p. m. today the river at Cincinnati was 9 feet 4 inches and falling. The departures of packets to-day were: Greenland for Pomeroy, Courier for Maysville, Bonanza for Madison and Indiana for Louisville. The packets due Thursday are: Greenland from Pomeroy, Courier from Maysville, Lizzie Bay from Madison and City of Louisville from Louisville. The George Mathewson passed up from below to-day with empties. The Douglas Hall returned to-day to Point Pleasant with empties. Clear and warm.

Madison, Ind., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—River 9 feet; falling. Warm.

Evansville, Oct. 2.—River 8.8 feet; rising. Fair.

Cairo, Oct. 2.—River 15.3 feet; rose .1. Fair and warmer. Arrived: Peters Lee, Memphis; 3 a. m. Departed: Peters Lee, St. Louis, 4 a. m.

St. Louis, Oct. 2.—River 9.4 feet; rising. Clear and moderate. Departed: Mississippi for Memphis.

Memphis, Oct. 2.—[Special.]—River 9.9; a rise of .4 in twenty-four hours. S. S. Brown departed for Vicksburg. Government steamer Minnetonka departed for Old Town Bend, Ark., with two barges of stone for Government work.

## MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, Oct. 2.—Sailed: Steamers Majestic, Plymouth, Cherbourg and Southampton; Nordam, Rotterdam via Boulogne; Sannio, Naples and Genoa; Madonna, Marseilles and Naples.

Queenstown, Oct. 2.—10:35 a. m.—Sailed: Steamer Lucania (from Liverpool) New York.

Southampton, Oct. 2.—12:40 p. m.—Sailed: Steamer Teutonic, New York via Cherbourg and Queenstown.

Trieste, Oct. 2.—Arrived: Steamer Ultonia, New York via Naples.

Palermo, Oct. 1.—Sailed: Steamer Slavonia (from Naples) New York.

Rotterdam, Sept. 25.—Sailed: Steamer Korea (from Libau) New York (not as before).

Genoa, Sept. 29.—Sailed: Steamer Luisiania, New York.

Naples, Oct. 2.—Sailed: Steamer Slavonia, New York.


# Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

Cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth, and Purifies the breath

A superior dentifrice for people of refinement

Established in 1866 by

*J. W. Lyon, D.D.S.*


## FOR RENT—HOUSES.

**Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.**

FOR RENT—By FIDELITY TRUST CO., 212 Fifth st.:

RESIDENCES.

417 W. Oak, 9 rooms, with all conveniences ..... $35 00
1427 Second st., 9 rooms, with all conveniences, per month ..... 40 00
1422 Garvin Place, 10 rooms, bath, etc., per month ..... 25 00
1229 Fourth ave., 10 rooms and all conveniences, per month ..... 35 00
1360 Second st., 10 rooms, stable and all conveniences, per month ..... 60 00
1413 Ferndale, 7 rooms and conveniences, per month ..... 30 00
735 Third ave., 13 rooms and all conveniences, per month ..... 75 00
1441 Second st., 6 rooms and all conveniences, per month ..... 37 50
1514 Cherokee Road, 7 rooms, servants' quarters and conveniences; per mo ..... 35 00
119 E. Caldwell, 6 rooms and conveniences; per mo ..... 27 50
1113 Third st., 14 rooms and conveniences; per mo ..... 50 00

BUSINESS HOUSES.

735 Fourth ave., 11 rooms, stable and 2 servants' rooms; suitable location for doctor, dentist, insurance or other general business office.
829 W. Main st., 4 stories, 200 ft. deep, elevator; per year ..... 1,300
812 E. Market, store and 5 rooms, per month ..... 25 00
737 W. Market, store and 2 rooms, per month ..... 22 50

OFFICE.

341 Fifth st., 3 rooms, 2d floor, lawyer or real estate, etc.; per month ..... 30 00

FLATS.

514 Belgravia, 5 rooms, beautiful flat, per month ..... 35 00
Coke bldg., Fourth and Chestnut, several apartments and offices not yet taken.

FOR RENT—

If you are looking for a home to rent in either a large or small house, call and examine my large list of "For Rents."

I have made the rental business a specialty, and my list is being renewed constantly, so that you can surely find what you want.

Houses of medium rent in Louisville are very scarce, so if you see anything advertised, call and examine it at once.

BRUNER,
Rent Agent,
205 Fifth st. *

FOR RENT—New modern 8-room house, 1816 Coral ave.; fine residence neighborhood; $30 per month.

FOR RENT OR SALE—One 4-room cottage, Clifton Heights, $9 per month. One 3-room cottage, Clifton Heights, $7.50. JAS. E. BELL, EDW. F. WEIGEL, 517 Paul Jones bldg. Phone 8129.

FOR RENT—1708 Fourth ave., full 3-story pressed brick residence; 15 rooms, 2 bathrooms, furnace, electric lights, stable. E. D. FOREE, 542 W. Jefferson st. *

FOR RENT—One or more years, old homestead; city water, modern plumbing; 10 acres of bluegrass, forest trees, shrubbery, etc.; high elevation; ¼ mile from city limits; 500 ft. from paved street; 5 minutes' walk of two car lines; ideal country home. Call and let us show it to you. W. C. PRIEST & CO., 351 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—$35; 2039 Brook, near Ormsby; modern 9-room residence; cabinet mantels, natural ex. hardwood floors, large lot, excellent neighborhood. L. T. WOODSON, JR., care Peter-Burghard Stone Co., 317 W. Jefferson. *

FOR RENT—South Louisville, at L. and N. station, Wilder Park, several new 3 and 4-room cottages; save two-thirds of your coal bill by living in a house properly constructed. W. S. MILLER, Lou. Trust bldg. Both phones.

FOR RENT—7-room furnished house from about October 25 to June 1. Apply 1203 Garvin Place. Reference required. *

FOR RENT—From October 1, 500 W. Ormsby ave., partly furnished. Apply room 412, Louisville Trust bldg. **

## FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

**Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.**

FOR RENT—Modern apartment, 5 and 6 rooms and bath; steam heated, hot and cold water, janitor, etc.; s. w. cor. Fourth and Oak. 5 rooms and bath, 1202 Fourth, $35. RITCHER, 1200 Fourth. Phone S. 256.

FOR RENT—4-room modern flat; bath, water, heat and janitor service; price $30; 2d floor. NATIONAL ICE CREAM CO., 128-130 E. Broadway. *

FOR RENT—A very desirable apartment, 5 rooms and bath, in St. James Court; price $40. Address K 173, this office. *

FOR RENT—5-room apartment; Highlands; all modern conveniences. Phone E. 878—M. *

FOR RENT—Flat, modern, upstairs; 4 rooms; all conveniences. 2221 Fourth. *

FOR RENT—Up-to-date flat in Central Apartments, 3d near Ky, tel. 4621. *

FOR RENT—1907 Barret; modern flat, 4 rooms. J. I. BOONE, 255 Fifth. *

FOR RENT—2 nice flats. Apply 409 26th. *

## FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

FOR RENT—Furnished room for couple; modern conveniences. Flat 18 Pope bldg., Third and Walnut. **

FOR RENT—2 front rooms, nicely furnished for light housekeeping, $14. 609 W. Oak. **

FOR RENT—Newly furnished, large room; private family; all conveniences. Home phone 7909. 825 Second st. *

FOR RENT—2 first-class furnished rooms at 733 3d. J. BORNSTEIN. Phone 4621. *

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms; gas for cooking. 812 West Broadway. *

FOR RENT — Attractively furnished rooms, 1212 Fourth ave. *

FOR RENT — Furnished rooms. 1035 Fourth. *

## GUARDS ON DUTY AT NEW ORLEANS DOCKS.

New Orleans, Oct. 2.—One hundred special guards went on duty at the Stuyvesant docks of the Illinois Central railroad to-day in anticipation of the threatened levee strike, involving 8,000 to 10,000 laborers. The strike extended slowly to-day, two crews of longshoremen quitting on steamers whose crews were set to loading. Between 1,000 and 2,000 men have now formally struck, while hundreds of others are idle and waiting only to be ordered to work before joining the strike.

## SULTAN WANTS LOAN AND IS CONCILIATORY.

Paris, Oct. 2.—M. Tazi, brother of the Moroccan finance minister, who arrived here yesterday from Marseilles to negotiate a loan on the jewels of the Sultan of Morocco for money to meet the war indemnity, etc., in an interview to-day, declared the Sultan honestly desired to co-operate with France and put an end to the state of anarchy existing in Morocco and for that reason had invited the French minister, M. Regnault, to visit him at Rabat.

**Daughters of America Elect.**

Cleveland, O., Oct. 2.—The annual convention of the Daughters of America closed to-day with the election of officers and the adoption of a resolution protesting against the indiscriminate immigration of paupers and criminals. Next year's convention will be held at Chattanooga, Tenn. Mrs. Emma Whiting, of Kentucky, was elected National Conductor.

## FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

**Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.**

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAINS:

8-room modern brick residence, First, near Ormsby; price for quick sale $4,250.

4 Modern 8-room brick, SECOND, NEAR ORMSBY, SPECIAL AT $5,500.

3-story modern brick, First st., near Ormsby, near corner, at $5,500.

ALSO

Cottages, 319 and 321 Thirty-first st., near Portland ave., an exceptionally good neighborhood; for a quick sale $900 and $1,000 each.

ALSO

Two frame cottages, first-class order, under good rental; are nearly new; near Fourth and Avery; splendid investment at $1,650 each, $3,200 for both, and is the very lowest; reasonable time can be given with small payment down.

9-room modern brick dwelling; nothing better; Second st., near Oak; lowest price $10,500.

Another on Second st., between Magnolia and Hill; 9 rooms; this is the most charming residence in the city; is strictly modern; best house we have for the money in all Louisville; lowest price $10,000.

ALSO

Others on Second, Third, Fourth and Ormsby; and the very best in these choice locations. See us about location and price.

COUNTRY PLACE.

22 acres at Beard, Ky., near station, a charming place; well improved, good first-class land, well watered, abundance of fruit of all kinds; well shaded; in fact, one of the choicest places on the line, both electric and L. and N. R. R., with service on electric line every half hour. See this, as the owner wants to come to the city; for a quick sale and at once $8,500 will get it, although it is worth $10,000 to $12,000. See us quick about this. We have other places all along the line, but the above is a rare chance.

Get something cheap and a beauty.

J. C. HALE & CO., 702 Lincoln bldg.*

FOR SALE—

BETTER THAN FINDING THE MYSTERIOUS MR. RAFFLES.

Were we to say that the first one who reached our office with this ad would receive $2,000, you would lose no time coming. Well, that is what we are offering you when we give you the opportunity to purchase the most select southern portion of the city that beautiful 8-room 2½-story pressed brick, with electric lights, furnace, laundry, stone foundation, metal roof, that would not be built by any contractor for less than $6,000, and the lot is worth $2,800, with plenty of shrubbery, grapes and fruit. This place is modern and up-to-date in every detail, perfect condition, so hurry and get this $8,800 value for $6,750.

Call at our office for key and number.

GREEN & CURREY, AGENTS.
Everything in Real Estate.
431 W. Jefferson st. **

FOR SALE—FOR QUICK SALE—Nine-room modern brick residence, near Second and Ormsby. Can't build house for price asked, $5,500. Will take $1,000 cash, balance to suit.

—Also—

2140-42 Bank st., being nice cottage investment; $250 cash, balance long time.

Four-room cottage, near Thirty-third and Bank; stone foundation; rented at $144 to good tenant. Will let this go at $1,250.

—Also—

Double brick and cottage, 735-737 Laurel st.; rented at $390. Will sell at $2,600.

—Also—

Lot, 30x180 to 20-ft. alley. All improvements made; Twenty-sixth and Slevin sts. Make offer.

O. S. KLINE, BASYE & CO.,
516 W. Jefferson.

FOR SALE—
Two Beautiful Modern Brand New
HIGHLAND HOMES,
Bassett and Ransdell aves., near Cherokee Park.
2½-story
7 rooms and attic,
furnace and electric lights.
First floor finished in mahogany, white and oak.
Second floor natural wood.
Asphalt street.
Price $4,500 apiece.
W. C. PRIEST & CO.,
351 Fifth St.

FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP, 1071 THIRD ST., near Kentucky st., 3-story brick, well built, stone foundation, metal roof, cellar under entire house. Lot 200 feet to alley with 2-story stable on rear.

2-FLAT BUILDING.

Each flat has separate front and side entrances, furnace and cellar, gas, electric lights, handsome wood mantels, etc. One flat has 4 rooms, bath, front and side hall, the other 7 rooms, reception hall and bath.

RENTS FOR $60 A MONTH,

and is rented very reasonably, $25 a mo. for first-floor flat, $35 a mo. for second-floor flat. Each flat is fitted for gas, heat and water, the upper flat would easily bring $50 a month.

PRICE $7,500.

W. C. PRIEST & CO., 351 Fifth st. *

FOR SALE—We have been advised to sell or trade for smaller home, suitably located, a nice 2-story brick residence of 8 rooms, together with 3 cottages rear, on large lot; this is good, clean property and is a splendid investment proposition; main house has wide hall and can easily be converted into two nice apartments; located near Preston and Breckinridge; price $6,500. Suitable terms to good party; can use cottage in trade at $2,500. We must dispose of this property as quickly as possible. Make us some kind of an offer.

O. S. KLINE, BASYE & CO., Agents,
516 W. Jefferson.

FOR SALE—
HIGHLANDS.

New, modern, well-built 2-story 6-room frame; reception hall, bath, gas, FURNACE, sewer connection, etc.; streets made; in fact, a bargain; near Cherokee Park. Price $4,500.

BARGAIN.

2 two-story frame, 6 rooms hall, bath etc.; stone foundation, metal roof. Price $3,250. And it's a corner lot in the Highlands.

ARTHUR KAYE & CO., 248 W. Jeff. *

FOR SALE—The most complete country home in the country, with five acres or more of fine land, with beautiful trees, an inexhaustible supply of water; bath, with fine waterworks and plumbing; lighting apparatus and furnace; fine stable, servants' house and chicken run. Only 25 minutes' ride from Fifth and Green and five minutes' walk from the electric station. Price $10,000.

E. T. FARMER, 445 W. Jefferson.

FOR SALE—A 6-room brick cottage on E. Chestnut st.; stone foundation, metal roof; with 3-room frame cottage on rear; renting for $25 month. Price $2,650.

Four-room frame cottage on Cedar st.; metal roof, brick foundation; lot 30x200 ft.; on brick street newly built. Price $1,700.

RECK & RIEHL,
504 W. Jefferson.

FOR SALE—Last week we advertised 4 modern homes in the Highlands at from $3,900 to $4,500, with small cash payment and balance to suit you. One of these is sold, but we can show you the others. Heated by furnace, with electric lights and hardwood floors; only one block from car line. E. T. FARMER,
445 W. Jefferson. *

FOR SALE—A real bird's nest of a home, with handsome shade and birds in the trees; 200x150 feet; made street; city water; in Beechmont, near Second and Fourth-st. cars. You can't help liking the home and the $2,400-easy-term price. Then there is another for $1,500. Let us take you to see them to-day.

TERRY & TICE, 823 Paul Jones bldg. *

FOR SALE—Farm, 44 acres of good land; good dwelling house; some outbuildings; plenty of fruit; never-failing spring of good water; ten acres of timber; within three miles of town of 2,000 inhabitants; canning factory and creamery; price $60. Address J. C. RAYMOND, Campbellsville, Ky. R. F. D. No. 2. *

FOR SALE—Suburban residence, 7 rooms and bath; city water; one square from car line; lot 100x219; fine shade, fruit and flowers; price $4,000; easy terms. Home phone 3536. **

FOR SALE—Kentucky Bluegrass farms; write, describing what you want. JNO. T. BALLARD & SON Real Estate Agents, Shelbyville, Ky. *

## FOR SALE—TYPEWRITERS.

**Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.**

FOR SALE—New and second-hand typewriters; all makes. EMPIRE EQUIPMENT CO., 423 W. Jefferson st. *

Avoid malarial troubles this fall by taking Wintersmith's Tonic.

## FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

**Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.**

FOR SALE—PRIVATE SALE of furniture and housefurnishings of all kinds, including extra large, handsome English brass bed; sideboard, chairs, dining table, parlor chairs, draperies, rugs, china and glass. Call at 42 Weissinger Apartments, Third and Broadway, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday or Saturday, between 9 a. m. and 2 p. m.; no dealers.

FOR SALE—Type. Small quantity of De Vinne Italic, 18, 24 and 42 point; Elzevir, 36, 48, 60 and 72 point; Condensed Gothic, 36, 48, 60 and 72 point. This type has been used but little and is in good condition. Address COURIER-JOURNAL CO. *

FOR SALE—A pair of dark bay horses, 16 hands 1 inch high; 1 depot wagon; 1 Jersey wagon. Apply at residence of L. D. CARTER, Douglass boulevard. *

FOR SALE—Well established grocery in the East End; good place for party with little amount of money; good reasons for selling. Apply at WHEAT & LAUFER, 523 W. Main st. *

FOR SALE—One 2-horse platform delivery wagon and harness and one 1-horse wagon, almost new; one platform fruit scale in first-class condition. Apply at 524 Third st. *

FOR SALE—An electric station wagon; handsomely upholstered; price $1,000 without batteries. MRS. S. A. MILLER, 1326 Fourth ave. *

FOR SALE—Gasoline speed launch; 22 ft. by 44 in.; 4 h.-p. motor; cheap if taken at once. ALLAN D. SEBOLT, 2413 Third. *

FOR SALE—Splendid drug store; snap for someone; other business. Apply G 58, this office. *

FOR SALE—Densmore typewriter; almost new; cheap for cash. 1168 E. Broadway. *

FOR SALE—10 or 20 shares capital stock West Louisville Brewing Co. Address Y 117, this office. *

FOR SALE—Second-hand plate and film cameras. GEORGE E. CROSS CO., Incorporated, 417 Fourth ave. *

## WANTED—MALE HELP.

**Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.**

WANTED—Bookbinders, foreman, forwarder, finisher, ruler. Open shop; nine-hour day; good wages and steady work to competent and reliable men. T. FITZ-WILLIAM & CO., Ltd., 324 Camp st., New Orleans, La. *

WANTED—LEARN TELEGRAPHY—$4.50 per month.

LOUISVILLE SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY,
S. e. cor. Fifth and Market, 207 Fifth st.

WANTED—An experienced and competent man as superintendent of a wood-bending factory. Must be familiar with manufacturing in all branches. Permanent position; references. Address P 42, this office. *

WANTED—Two paper rulers and two blankbook forwarders; nonunion; out-of-town position; good salary; none but first-class workmen need apply. Address T. HENRY, Planters' Hotel, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Two nonunion printing pressmen; better class of commercial work; out of town; none but competent men need apply. Good salary. Address T. HENRY, Planters' Hotel, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Boilermakers; nonunion, locomotive experience; out of city; 45c per hour; board and transportation. Call Room 25 Enterprise Hotel, 234 to 242 E. Market. *

WANTED—Boy experienced as stockkeeper and salesman in gents' furnishing; reference required. Apply at 605 W. Main. **

WANTED—Blankbook forwarder; also first-class paper ruler, capable of handling the better class of work. Address DORSEY PRINTING CO., Dallas, Tex.

WANTED—PAINTERS; STEADY EMPLOYMENT FOR GOOD MEN. APPLY TO KENTUCKY WAGON MFG. CO., THIRD AND K STS. *

WANTED—Boys to serve as messengers; good hustlers can make $1 and $1.50 per day at WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO., Third and Main sts. *

WANTED—Office boy, $4 up; furniture salesman, $60 up; stenographers can always get a position here. FERRIELL, 447 W. Jefferson st. *

WANTED—15 to 25 boys over 14 years of age; good position; steady work. Apply MENGEL BOX COMPANY, Twelfth and Ormsby ave.

WANTED—At once, experienced bushelmen; good pay; steady work. Apply to JAKE SCHERER, care KAHN Bros., Ninth and Main sts.

WANTED—Man on flat hoarhound stick candy, fire cook, also two stick candy spinners. Apply to BUHR, PFAFF & Co., Cincinnati, O. *

WANTED—Two young men to learn wagon molding. Apply at KENTUCKY WAGON MFG. CO., Third and K sts., city. *

WANTED—Printing pressman; cylinder; better class of commercial work. Address DORSEY PRINTING CO., Dallas, Tex.

WANTED—First-class male stenographer, good salary and steady employment. Address, with reference, V 174, this office. *

WANTED—First-class hand candy man for large city in Ohio; state experience and wages. BOX K 42, PRESS, Cleveland, O. *

WANTED—Good, strong boy to learn baker's trade. Call at once, SCHEPPELMAN BROS., 423 E. Market. *

WANTED—Molders; bench molders. Apply at KENTUCKY WAGON MFG. CO., Third and K sts., city. *

WANTED—Boy, one who wants to advance himself. Call Room 207 Paul Jones building. *

WANTED—Business manager. Call 428 W. Walnut, upstairs, front room. *

WANTED—Bookbinders and paper rulers; nonunion. P. O. Box 859, Cincinnati, O. *

WANTED — Drug clerk. KRIEGER BROS., Eleventh and Market. *

## WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

**Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.**

WANTED—GIRLS. APPLY AT 129 AND 145 FIFTH ST. BRADAS & GHEENS. **

WANTED—Competent sales ladies for suit department; liberal salary to those thoroughly experienced; none others need apply. HERMAN STRAUS & SONS CO. *

WANTED—Good white girl for general house work; no washing or ironing. 709 Lucas Place, bet. Chestnut and Broadway and Seventh and Eighth sts. *

WANTED—Milliners; must be first-class trimmers; only such need apply. M. H. MAYER, 236 W. Market, bet. Second and Third. *

WANTED—Bookkeeper-stenographer, $30, $40; stenographer, $35; typewriters, $16 mo. FERRIELL, 447 W. Jefferson st. *

WANTED—Middle-aged woman for cook and to assist in housework. Apply at once, 423 E. Market st. *

WANTED—White girl for house work and cooking. 1032 E. Breckinridge. *

WANTED—A good white girl; references. 820 Second st. *

WANTED—Housekeepers to get private loan on furniture or piano. P.O. Box 485. *

## WANTED—SALESMEN.

**Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.**

WANTED—Manager branch automobile salesroom; responsible man with first-class references and $5,000 cash to manage branch automobile salesroom; high-class machines; position pays $5,000 per year; highest bank and commercial references furnished. Add. P. O. Box 635 Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—Salesman for Kentucky in pharmaceutical line; drug experience a prerequisite; give full particulars in replying. Address PHARMACEUTICAL, C 15, this office. *

WANTED—To get in touch with a high-class salesman who can place a meritorious issue of stock. Box 299, Bainbridge, Ga. *

WANTED—2 more salesmen. Good proposition with advancement. 707 W. Jefferson. *

## WANTED—AGENTS.

**Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.**

WANTED—Manufacturers' agent to handle standard article on big commission. Address CHAS. W. KLEE, 505 Fourteenth st., Washington, D. C. *

## WANTED—REAL ESTATE.

**Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.**

WANTED—To owners timbered lands: We have clients in the markets for purchase timbered lands, 25,000 to 100,000-acre tracts of yellow pine and hardwoods. Prices must be reasonable. Send description map or sketch location, railroad or water transportation. Timber estimates and lowest price in fee. Address J. C. LINDLEY & CO., Greensboro, N. C. *

## WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

**Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.**

WANTED—Business and professional people who want ideal offices in the best possible location in Louisville, to know that the Courier-Journal Office Building is being handsomely reconstructed. Promised in 90 days or less. Apply Courier-Journal counting room now for any special arrangements in space. *

WANTED—Lightning calculator; up-to-date methods for accurate calculation; also lightning multiplication table; can be used by the most illiterate; 50c postpaid. STRASBERG PUBLISHING CO., Indianapolis, Ind. *

WANTED—CORNS AND BUNIONS removed without pain, 25c; references, the leading physicians and surgeons. DR. FRANK DAVIS AND WIFE. Offices 329 Fourth ave. Established 1853. *

WANTED—Board in first-class family of socialstanding by two young gentlemen from New York; Southerners by birth. Address W. ALFRED J., 847 Seelbach Hotel. *

WANTED—Furnished apartment, first-class in every respect; the best of care will be taken; no children. Address W. ALFRED JONES, 847 Seelbach Hotel. *

WANTED—Lace curtains to launder; all work done by hand; orders called for and delivered. Both 'phones 523. GEM LACE CURTAIN LAUNDRY. *

WANTED—I pay highest prices for feathers, furniture, carpets, stoves. W. SMITH, 103 E. Market. Phones Main 2056—A, Home 0087. **

WANTED—Everyone who suffers from rheumatism or nervousness to drop a postal to S. N. CO., 803 Paul Jones bldg. *

WANTED—Mademoiselle M. Diplolmes, Paris, gives lessons in French; conversation acquired rapidly. 1003 Fourth av. *

WANTED—All stamp collectors to join Louisville Philatelic Club. Address J. V. PORTER, 2214 Second st. **

WANTED—Umbrellas recovered and repaired on short notice. GEORGE E. CROSS CO., Incorporated, 417 Fourth ave. *

WANTED—To buy small job printing plant in operation. Address PRINTER, P 162 this office. *

WANTED—A horse and express wagon in exchange for good lot. TERRY & TICE, 823 Paul Jones bldg. *

WANTED—5 Lou. and Sou. Ind. Traction bonds to-day. TIMMONS, Tel. 1337. *

WANTED—Diamonds and old gold bought for cash. JULE STEINAU, 624 Fourth. *

## MONEY TO LOAN.

**Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.**

READY MONEY!

How about cash for the winter's coal? Have you credit accounts that worry? Why not stuff on a cash basis, and BE INDEPENDENT?

Call, write or telephone 2541, and let us explain our easy payment plan of loans on salaries, furniture or your personal unindorsed note.

FIRE!

The big fire did not hurt us, and we are still at the old stand, and making a special rate this month.

LOUISVILLE LOAN CO.,
Room 1 Courier-Journal bldg., 515 Fourth. *

ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?

If you are,
Patronize the "OLD RELIABLE"
KENTUCKY LOAN CO.

All we ask is that you give us an opportunity to compare our rates and methods of doing business with those of other companies.

423 Fourth, cor. Green. Over jewelry store. Call, write or 'phone 2495. *

IT WILL SURPRISE YOU HOW WE LOAN MONEY AT SUCH A LOW RATE of interest ON ANY SECURITY or on your plain note. Call and investigate our way of doing business.

UNION LOAN AND SECURITY CO.
413 W. Market st., second floor.
Home phone 1516 and our agent will call. *

AN EASY WAY

to raise cash quickly. No red tape, no publicity, reasonable rates. It will cost you nothing to learn more about our helpful plan of loaning on furniture or salary. Call, write or 'phone. Quiet, quick, polite service.

FALLS CITY LOAN COMPANY,
407 Fourth, cor. Jefferson, second floor. *

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE and others upon their own names, without security; cheapest rates; easiest payments; offices in 60 principal cities; save yourself money by putting our terms first. TOLMAN, Room 319 Equitable bldg. *

MONEY TO LOAN
ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC.
Low Rates—Easy Payments.
J. MILLMAN & CO.,
421 W. Jefferson, 2d floor. *

IF you need money, get our rates before borrowing elsewhere. WEST END LOAN CO., 1619 W. Market st. *

MONEY loaned on furniture or any securities. GLOBE SECURITY AND TRUST CO., 309 Fourth st. *

MONEY to loan on salary and furniture. FIDELITY LOAN CO., rooms 1 and 2 502 Fourth ave. *

LOANS—On furniture, pianos, horses, wagons. EAST END LOAN CO., 731 E. Broadway. *

## FOR RENT—ROOMS.

**Rates 

# QUESTION UP FOR DECISION

## Latonia Officials Must Say To Whom Whist Broom Belongs.

## STRODE HAS LEASE ON FILLY.

## Four Favorites Reward the Players of Form In Card of Seven Races.

## COLLOQUY DEFEATS LENS.

### LATONIA SELECTIONS.

First Race—Hasty Agnes, Darling Dan, Stoneman.
Second Race—Belle Scott, Blaze O'Light, Ingenue.
Third Race—Ben Strong, Harting, Nellie Racine.
Fourth Race—Carew, Convolo, Monsignor.
Fifth Race—C. W. Burt, Hans, Balla.
Sixth Race—Charlatan, Bitter Brown, First Mason.
Two Best Bets—Carew, C. W. Burt.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—The officials of the Latonia Jockey Club will be called upon to decide the ownership in the case of Whisk Broom, which is entered is said, belongs to Fred Cook, who is making a book at the track, but J. U. Strode has a lease on Whisk Broom, and also on Lattice, from the same stable.

The contention of some who think they know is that under the ruling of the Kentucky Racing Commission these horses, while not being run by Cook at the present time, are under the ban. The officials of the Jockey Club will decide this question before the races to-morrow.

Seven races were on the card to-day, and all of them filled to the limit, and the task of picking the winners was anything but an easy one. Favorites won the majority of the races, four choices coming home in front. Chief interest centered in the running of the fifth race, a handicap for all ages, which resulted in an exciting finish between Colloquy and Lens, the Holle filly getting the verdict by a short neck. Colloquy was asked to carry 125 pounds, and although he started out well, it was just about all he could do to outlast Lens, which was closing with a rush.

* * *

### Uneasy Takes Opener.

A poor bunch of selling platers were brought together in the opening event, and Uneasy was made the favorite at 2 to 1. Uncle Tim and Silver Cup opened up as second choices. Albert M. got off in front, but dropped back to last position. Steel Gray was also up in front early, but was crowded in against the rail and had to be pulled up. Uneasy was off in a good position and laid behind until the half-mile pole, where Bailey sent his mount up into the lead and was never headed, winning easy by five lengths. Brakespeare ran the best. Off in nearly last place, he gradually passed the others, and though fifth in the stretch, got third place in a driving finish, in which Brakespeare, Edna Mother and Uncle Time were only a head apart. The judges gave the place to Brakespeare and the show money to Edna Motter. The others were well strung out.

* * *

### Dr. Spruill All the Way.

Imboden was installed as the favorite in the second race and remained 9 to 5 throughout the betting. Dr. Spruill was a close second choice at 2 to 1, and remained such. These two horse were the ones upon which the most money was bet, the public paying little attention to the others. Dr. Spruill got off well, and at once assumed the lead, which he retained to the end. Lens came up from fifth place and was steadily wearing down the dinner in the last sixteenth. If the race had been a few yards longer Lens would have won. Miss Salu followed Colloquy's pace until they were straightened out for home, when she dropped back into third place, beating Boserrian by four lengths for the short end of the purse.

* * *

### Fay Wins In a Canter.

Fay easily won the second race from Dainty Belle, coming under the wire pulled up to a canter by four lengths. The Smith filly and Dainty Belle were opened up as favorites around 3 to 1, but the betting was scattered, and they went up several points before the close. Barnsdale was the medium of a plunge towards the close of the betintg that caused his price to fall from 8s to 9 to 2, but he was never prominent in the running and finished next to last. No Quarter broke in front and forced the pace for a half, then quit, and Fay assumed the lead and drew away from his field. Dainty Belle was away among the trailers, but gradually worked her way to the front ranks, getting the place in the final drive by a neck from Red Queen. The latter, an outsider in the speculation, ran a good race.

* * *

### Melzar Makes Good.

In the fourth event on the car Melzar, on which a killing was attempted last week, was made the favorite, opening at 6 to 5 and being backed down to even money. Tackle was a hot tip at 6 and Mackerel still caught the fancy of a great many at 4 and 5 to 1. Tackle got off in the lead, but Lute Foster rushed to the front, and then Tackle again wrested the lead from her, holding it until well into the stretch, where Melzar, which was off in a poor position, had closed up fast on the back stretch and came on with a rush in the stretch, winning by a length. Tackle was holding on with a vise grip, but could not withstand the rush of Melzar. Tackle got the place, being a couple of lengths in front of Arrow Swift, which ran a grand race after getting off in nearly last position.

* * *

### Colloquy Takes Handicap.

The fifth number on the card, a handicap for all ages at five and one-half furlongs, brought out a good field, and considerable interest was centered in this event. Colloquy, the speed marvel from the Hollie stable, was asked to carry top weight, 125 pounds, and it was just about all the daughter of Russel could do to hang on long enough to get the decision by a neck from Lens. Colloquy rushed into an early lead and led his field by two lengths to the top of the stretch, where the heavy impost began to tell. Lens came up from fifth place and was steadily wearing down the dinner in the last sixteenth. If the race had been a few yards longer Lens would have won. Miss Salu followed Colloquy's pace until they were straightened out for home, when she dropped back into third place, beating Boserrian by four lengths for the short end of the purse.

* * *

### Beatrice K. Scores Easily.

Beatrice K. won the fifth race in easy style from Hazelthorpe and Heine. The latter was the choice of the talent and was liberally supported around 2 to 1. Jockey Lee had the mount on the Strauss gelding, and he was alert at the post getting his charge off in a good position and, taking the lead soon after, showed the way by a narrow margin to the stretch turn, where he weakened, and the finish found him in third place. Beatrice K. was held in reserve in the early stages, and responded gamely in the run through the stretch, drawing away at the end three lengths in advance of Hazelthorpe. The latter ran in second place throughout, but was unable to improve her position.

* * *

### Judge Treen's Lucky Victory.

Judge Treen annexed the purse in the final race of the day, beating Frank Flesher by a length. While Judge Treen was considered best and ruled as the favorite at 11 to 5, he scored a lucky victory, as Frank Flesher, the extreme outsider, held at 100 to 1, was running over his field at the finish, and was only beaten by a length for first honors. The Bradley gelding had a rough trip, getting off nearly last, and being crowded back on the first turn, but when he got clear in the last half mile he came like a shot. Harry Scott also suffered from some interference and finished strong.

* * *

### CHAT OF LATONIA.

A fine day and another good card, in fact the best of the meeting, brought out a big attendance. The public and talent started off to the good when the favorite, Uneasy, came home an easy winner. Jockey L. Bailey put up a good ride on the winner. He laid out of the early pace set by Steel Gray, came on at the stretch turn, keeping his mount in the center of the track clear of interference, and won as he pleased. There was a lot of crowding twenty yards from the wire, Uncle Tim being the offender. He swerved over against Silver Cup, who was in second position, and all but knocked the Ferris filly over the fence. She would have gotten the place handily but for the interference.

* * *

The same number of bookmakers that were here on Tuesday, nineteen, were in line again to-day. The betting was lively after the first event, as the bettors were wagering with confidence after getting the first favorite over.

* * *

A three-cornered man race at 100 yards is talked of. The contenders will most likely be Lee Campbell, Charles Bowman and John Hall. The trio are in training and a book will be made on the race.

* * *

Steeplechase Jockey McClure was out on the road this morning with Powers and Griffith. He was feeling like a two-year-old and made the youngsters quit. Dave is in excellent form and will have his firs mount since he was reinstated on Blue Pirate.

* * *

Dr. Spruell was run up to $805 by R. L. Thomas and retained by the owner. The bid was $400 over his entered price.

* * *

Barnsdale, the horse that got Tommy Taylor in trouble, does not appear to be worth much. He looked good and fit and ran like a steam roller.

* * *

Melzar won like a good filly, coming from behind, and was never extended. Tackle set a hot pace, but tired under the heavy impost the last fifty yards.

* * *

James Dockery, a prominent St. Louis politician, and at one time a well-known horse owner, took a flying trip from the "Show-Me" State and was kept busy shaking hands with old acquaintances at the track.

* * *

There was as much interest taken in the fifth event as there is usually in a big stake. Colloquy proved that she is one of the greatest sprinters on the American turf. She gave away chunks of weight, set her own place and won handily. Miss Salu was the contender up to the last fifty yards, but E. Martin was not strong enough to do justice to the Salu filly, and she was beaten out of the place by Lens, who finished like a house afire. With a boy like Shilling on the Schreiber filly she would most likely take the measure of Colloquy weighted the same way. Stanley Fay was as good as left at the post and never had a chance to get near the flying leader, who came within three-fifths of a second of the track record. The others were outclassed and got lost on the road.

* * *

William ("Red") Walker was as "mad as a wet benn" after the race and what he said to Lucurgus is not published. It could be seen they were not words of sympathy, as the little colored boy almost turned white.

* * *

Miss Sain came in for a heavy play to show, the books laying as good as even money on the limb.

* * *

Lens pulled up slightly lame after the race, as the track seemed to be too hard for his dicky legs.

* * *

Judge Charles F. Price was a visitor at the track and is looking as fine as usual.

* * *

Jockeys Andress and Butler are doing well and recovering rapidly. Butler will be able to ride in about ten days. Despite all rumors to the contrary, Andress was not hurt as bad as it was reported. Trueman rode Albert M. in the first event, which is evidence of his condition.

* * *

Another good card is in order for Thursday. Lillian Russell and company will be on hand as guests of the Jockey Club. The fourth and fifth races will be the feature events. Both the fields in these races are evenly matched and should prove good contests, as at least three horses or more have a chance in each event to land the long end of the purse.

* * *

The weather was the hot thing around the track, as it felt like the good old summer time.

* * *

Jockey Pickens rode a nice race on Judge Treen. He slipped in on the rail at the clubhouse turn and laid in second position until the half-mile pole, where he took command and came on, winning as he pleased.

* * *

Jockeys J. Let and V. Powers were fined $10 each for rough riding in the first race.

* * *

Bosserian was kicked while at the post in the fifth race, but was not injured seriously.

# LATONIA FORM CHART.

LATONIA, Ky., Oct. 2.—[Special.]—Ninth day of Latonia Jockey Club's fall meeting. Weather clear; track fast.

Presiding Judge, Edward Hopper; Starter, Jacob Holtman; Secretary and Handicapper, John Dillon.

**2429**—FIRST RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; purse $400; for two-year-olds; selling. Start good. Won easily; second and third driving. Winner, F. B. Respess' b. c., 2, by Peep o' Day—Marcia; trained by owner. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :24, :49 1-5, 1:01 1-5, 1:08 4-5.

| Indx. | Horse. | Wt | S | ¼ | ½ | ¾ | St'ch | Fin. | Jockey. | Opg. | Clos |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2411 | Uneasy | 102 | 2 | ..... | 4...1 | 1...h | 1.1½ | 1...5 | Bailey | 2-1 | 2-1 |
| 2419 | Brakespeare | 103 | 9 | ..... | 11.nk | 8...1 | 5...h | 2.no | B. Wood | 30-1 | 40-1 |
| 2375 | Edna Motter | 100 | 11 | ..... | 8...h | 3...½ | 2...h | 3...2 | E. Martin | 12-1 | 12-1 |
| 2400 | Uncle Tim | 100 | 10 | ..... | 9...h | 4.nk | 7...1 | 4.1½ | V. Powers | 4-1 | 6-1 |
| 2393 | Silver Cup | 95 | 3 | ..... | 6...½ | 7...2 | 4...h | 5...1 | W. Ott | 4-1 | 5-1 |
| 2369 | Marla | 100 | 4 | ..... | 2...h | 2.nk | 3...h | 6...½ | J. Lee | 20-1 | 6-1 |
| 2375 | Pointer | 105 | 5 | ..... | 3...h | 5...h | 6...h | 7.1½ | Jas. Hicks | 10-1 | 15-1 |
| 2373 | Mrs. John Akins | 100 | 6 | ..... | 5...½ | 9.1½ | 8...½ | 8.nk | J. Hicks | 25-1 | 15-1 |
| 2179 | Agnes Ford | 99 | 7 | ..... | 7...h | 10...2 | 9...h | 9...3 | Dibol | 30-1 | 50-1 |
| ..... | Harold Hall | 98 | 1 | ..... | 12...h | 12.1½ | 11...h | 10.1½ | Watson | 30-1 | 40-1 |
| ..... | Emily M | 106 | 12 | ..... | 10...h | 11...1 | 12...1 | 11...½ | C. Koerner | 15-1 | 15-1 |
| ..... | Steel Grey | 108 | 3 | ..... | 1...1 | 6...h | 10...½ | 12...1 | T. Taylor | 10-1 | 15-1 |
| 2311 | Albert M | 103 | 1 | ..... | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | Trueman | 15-1 | 8-1 |

Uneasy, after following the others close up to the stretch turn, came away and won as his rider pleased. Brakespeare closed up a lot of ground the last furlong and finished fast. Edna Motter was right there all the way and ran a good race. Uncle Tim went wide into the stretch and this cost him second place. Steel Grey and Agnes Ford quit after going three furlongs.

**2430**—SECOND RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse $400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start good. Won easily; second and third driving. Winner, J. McCullough's b. h., 5, by Dutch Roller—Mabel D.; trained by owner. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :24 1-5, :49, 1:14 1-5, 1:47.

| Indx. | Horse. | Wt | S | ¼ | ½ | ¾ | St'ch | Fin. | Jockey. | Opg. | Clos |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2422 | Dr. Spruill | 104 | 1 | 1...½ | 1...2 | 1...3 | 1...3 | 1...2 | Pickens | 2-1 | 2-1 |
| 2423 | Imboden | 101 | 8 | 9...2 | 8...1 | 4...2 | 3.1½ | 2...½ | Schilling | 9-5 | 9-5 |
| 2422 | Uncle Henry | 107 | 3 | 2...1 | 2...½ | 2...1 | 2...1 | 3...2 | T. Taylor | 8-1 | 10-1 |
| 2419 | Komoka | 104 | 4 | 6...1 | 4.1½ | 3...½ | 4...2 | 4...3 | E. Martin | 15-1 | 15-1 |
| 2404 | Docile | 101 | 10 | 10...2 | 10...2 | 8...1 | 5...2 | 5...3 | V. Powers | 15-1 | 15-1 |
| 2330 | Lizzie Ellis | 102 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 8...½ | 6...2 | Harty | 40-1 | 40-1 |
| 2417 | Dapple Gold | 98 | 5 | 4...½ | 5...h | 6...½ | 6...3 | 7.1½ | W. Ott | 15-1 | 15-1 |
| 2417 | Horseradish | 101 | 2 | 3...½ | 3...½ | 5.nk | 9.1½ | 8...½ | Lycurgus | 20-1 | 30-1 |
| 2422 | Jetsam | 102 | 9 | 7...1 | 6...1 | 7...1 | 10...3 | 9...1 | J. Frach | 20-1 | 25-1 |
| 2392 | Nine | 106 | 6 | 8...3 | 9...1 | 10...4 | 7...½ | 10...6 | J. Lee | 15-1 | 20-1 |
| 2393 | Mathew Gault | 105 | 7 | 5.1½ | 7...1 | 9...h | 11 | 11 | Heidel | 20-1 | 30-1 |

Dr. Spruill, running to his best form to-day, was much the best and won as his rider pleased. Imboden, hard ridden, came from a long way back and finished with a rush. Uncle Henry, also running improved, put up a good performance and will improve. Komoka, under poor handling, ran fairly well and will show improvement under stronger handling. Docile came fast through the stretch.

**2431**—THIRD RACE—Six furlongs; purse $500; for three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start good. Won easily; second and third driving. Winner, W. A. Smith & Co.'s b. f., 3, by Blue Devil—Fairy Queen; trained by W. A. Smith. Value to winner, $400. Fractional time: :24 1-5, :49 1-5, 1:14 4-5.

| Indx. | Horse. | Wt | S | ¼ | ½ | ¾ | St'ch | Fin. | Jockey. | Opg. | Clos |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2396 | Fay | 97 | 5 | ..... | 2...h | 1...h | 1.1½ | 1...4 | E. Martin | 3-1 | 7-2 |
| 2339 | Dainty Belle | 97 | 9 | ..... | 8...½ | 7...1 | 6...½ | 2.nk | Walsh | 3-1 | 4-1 |
| 2357 | Red Queen | 102 | 6 | ..... | 6.nk | 6...½ | 5.nk | 3...½ | Brandt | 25-1 | 40-1 |
| 2391 | No Quarter | 98 | 3 | ..... | 3...½ | 2.1½ | 2...½ | 4...½ | Pickens | 4-1 | 5-1 |
| 2319 | Bert Osra | 103 | 3 | ..... | 4...h | 4...1 | 3...½ | 5...½ | T. Taylor | 10-1 | 15-1 |
| 2393 | Rose of Pink | 101 | 2 | ..... | 3.1½ | 3...½ | 7...2 | 6.nk | Minder | 10-1 | 15-1 |
| 2418 | Stoner Hill | 100 | 4 | ..... | 5.1½ | 5...½ | 4...h | 7.1½ | J. Lee | 6-1 | 7-1 |
| 2408 | Grace George | 97 | 7 | ..... | 9.1½ | 8...½ | 8...2 | 8...h | W. Ott | 6-1 | 8-1 |
| 2201 | Miss Boy | 100 | 10 | ..... | 10...½ | 9.nk | 11...½ | 9...h | V. Powers | 10-1 | 30-1 |
| 1948 | St. Noel | 105 | 12 | ..... | 12 | 11...½ | 11...1 | 10...1 | R. Fisher | 25-1 | 30-1 |
| 2342 | Barnsdale | 102 | 8 | ..... | 7...2 | 10.1½ | 10...2 | 11.1½ | Schilling | 5-1 | 9-2 |
| ..... | Judy Livinia | 92 | 11 | ..... | 11...2 | 12 | 12 | 12 | H. Everett | 50-1 | 75-1 |

Fay, running to her best form and showing the most speed, was best, and won as her rider pleased. Dainty Belle, from a poor beginning, had to overcome a lot of interference, and finished going gamely, and ran a good race. Red Queen, under poor guidence, was allowed to go wide through the stretch and barely got up in time for third place. No Quarter was prominent most of the way. Bert Osra quit the last furlong. Grace George ran poorly and can do much better.

**2432**—FOURTH RACE—Five and one-half furlongs. Purse, $400. For two-year-olds; selling. Start good. Won driving; second and third the same. Winner, R. Tozer's ch. f., by Woolsthorpe—Nona. Trained by H. C. Riddle. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time, :24, :49 1-5, 1:01, 1:08.

| Indx. | Horse. | Wt | S | ¼ | ½ | ¾ | St'ch | Fin. | Jockey. | Opg. | Clos |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2415 | Melzar | 103 | 8 | ..... | 6.1½ | 3...h | 2...½ | 1...½ | Boadwer | 6-5 | 1-1 |
| 2415 | Tackle | 112 | 1 | ..... | 1...1 | 1.1½ | 1...1 | 2...1 | Heidel | 6-1 | 6-1 |
| [2369] | Arrow Swift | 102 | 11 | ..... | 8.nk | 5...½ | 3...1 | 3...2 | Brandt | 10-1 | 13-1 |
| 2400 | Merrifield | 100 | 3 | ..... | 5...h | 9...h | 5.1½ | 4.1½ | Pickens | 15-1 | 20-1 |
| ..... | Adrian | 100 | 5 | ..... | 3...½ | 4...1 | 4...h | 5...1 | C. Koerner | 10-1 | 12-1 |
| 2411 | Ansonia | 100 | 7 | ..... | 10...1 | 11...2 | 6...1 | 6...2 | Lycurgus | 15-1 | 15-1 |
| 2332 | Ed Kane | 103 | 6 | ..... | 11...h | 10...1 | 9...1 | 7...1 | Minder | 20-1 | 20-1 |
| 2406 | Vista | 100 | 6 | ..... | 7...h | 10.nk | 10...1 | 8...h | V. Powers | 10-1 | 12-1 |
| 2233 | Moscow Belle | 104 | 13 | ..... | 11.1½ | 8...2 | 11...3 | 9...h | T. Taylor | 10-1 | 15-1 |
| 2233 | Inventress | 103 | 9 | ..... | 9...3 | 7...h | 12...2 | 10.nk | Heidel | 25-1 | 30-1 |
| 1870 | Late Foster | 109 | 4 | ..... | 1...½ | 2...½ | 7...h | 11...h | Griffith | 20-1 | 20-1 |
| 2411 | Mackerel | 103 | 2 | ..... | 2...1 | 3...½ | 13 | 12...½ | Schilling | 4-1 | 6-1 |
| 2404 | Water Cooler | 109 | 2 | ..... | 4...h | 6.1½ | 13 | 13 | A. Brown | 30-1 | 30-1 |

Melzar came from a long way back in the last half, and finishing with a rush, wore down Jockey Tackle in the colng strides and won driving away. Tackle had no mishaps, broke running and showed speed but weakened when it came to a hard drive. Arrow Swift, going wide most of the way, ran a good race and finished gamely. Merrifield suffered interference. Adrian was right there most of the way. Ed Kane can do better.

**2433**—FIFTH RACE—Five an done-half furlongs. Purse, $700. For all ages; handicap. Start good. Won driving; second and third the same. Winner, G. H. Hollie's b. f., 3, by Russell—La Tom. Trained by W. L. Lewis. Value to winner, $525. Fractional time, :23 4-5, :48 4-5, 1:00 2-5, 1:06 3-5.

| Indx. | Horse. | Wt | S | ¼ | ½ | ¾ | St'ch | Fin. | Jockey. | Opg. | Clos |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| [2407] | Colloquy | 125 | 2 | ..... | 1...3 | 1...2 | 1...2 | 1.nk | Heidel | 1-1 | 1-1 |
| [2761] | Lens | 99½ | 5 | ..... | 5...h | 4...½ | 2...h | 2...1 | Schilling | 2-1 | 2-1 |
| [2416] | Miss Salu | 96 | 3 | ..... | 2...1 | 2...1 | 3...1 | 3...½ | E. Martin | 3½-1 | 9-1 |
| [2413] | Boserrian | 98 | 4 | ..... | 3...½ | 3...1 | 4...3 | 4...3 | Pickens | 4-1 | 7-1 |
| 2409 | Frontenac | 106 | 1 | ..... | 4...1 | 6.1½ | 5.1½ | 5...2 | J. Lee | 10-1 | 8-1 |
| ..... | Stanley Fay | 99 | 6 | ..... | 6...10 | 5...h | 6...15 | 6...12 | Lycurgus | 4-1 | 3½-1 |
| 2144 | Royal Breeze | 100 | 7 | ..... | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | R. Smith | 30-1 | 40-1 |

*Dunne entry.

Colloquy showed her usual high order of speed and assuming a long lead, won all the way, driving fast at the end. Lens came from a long way back in the stretch and finished gamely. Miss Saln had no mishaps. Boserrian tired in the last furlong. Stanley Fay ran a bad race. Royal Breeze was turned while at the post and was a distant trailer all the way.

**2434**—SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $500. For three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start good. Won easily; second and third driving. Winner, J. H. Stevens & Co.'s ch. f., 4, by Handsel—Miss Eddie. Trained by J. D. Stevens. Value to winner, $400. Fractional time, :24 1-5, :48 3-5, 1:14 2-5.

| Indx. | Horse. | Wt | S | ¼ | ½ | ¾ | St'ch | Fin. | Jockey. | Opg. | Clos |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2402 | Beatrice K. | 104 | 7 | ..... | 3...h | 4...1 | 3...h | 1...3 | E. Martin | 6-1 | 6-1 |
| 2233 | Hazelthorpe | 112 | 3 | ..... | 2.1½ | 2...½ | 2...h | 2...½ | C. Koerner | 10-1 | 17-1 |
| 2413 | Heine | 106 | 2 | ..... | 1...h | 1...1 | 1...h | 3...1 | J. Lee | 8-5 | 2-1 |
| 2413 | Zelina | 95 | 6 | ..... | 5...h | 5...h | 4...h | 4...½ | Lycurgus | 5-1 | 6-1 |
| 2315 | Lightning Cond'r | 109 | 4 | ..... | 4.nk | 3...1 | 4...½ | 5.no | A. Brown | 8-1 | 12-1 |
| 2409 | Hannibal Bey | 106 | 1 | ..... | 6...1 | 6.1½ | 6...1 | 6.1½ | Schilling | 5-1 | 5-1 |
| 2401 | The Clansman | 108 | 10 | ..... | 8...½ | 7...h | 9...½ | 7...1 | McAllister | 15-1 | 20-1 |
| 2214 | Electorine | 103 | 8 | ..... | 9...3 | 9...1 | 8...1 | 8.1½ | V. Powers | 6-1 | 7-1 |
| 2409 | Lady Carol | 111 | 8 | ..... | 7...1 | 8...h | 7...h | 9.1½ | Heidel | 10-1 | 15-1 |
| 2433 | Expect to See | 100 | 9 | ..... | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | Pickens | 50-1 | 100-1 |
| 2291 | Deacon | 104 | * | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | Pieratt | 15-1 | 25-1 |

Beatrice K., running to her best form and showing plenty of speed, followed the others close up to the stretch turn, where she moved into the lead and won with plenty in reserve. Hazelthorpe and Heine raced each other into exhaustion. Zelina came from a good way back in the stretch. Hannibal Bey suffered much interference and was almost thrown in the stretch.

**2435**—SEVENTH RACE—One mile; purse $600; for three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start good. Won easily; second and third driving. Winner, P. M. West & Co.'s ch. g., 3, by Fideliio—Erasmeine; trained by S. West. Value to winner, $400. Fractional time: :24, :48 3-5, 1:14, 1:40.

| Indx. | Horse. | Wt | S | ¼ | ½ | ¾ | St'ch | Fin. | Jockeys. | Opg. | Clos |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2413 | Judge Treen | 109 | 4 | 2...1 | 1...h | 1...2 | 1...3 | 1...1 | Pickens | 2-1 | 11-5 |
| 2404 | Frank Flesher | 103 | 10 | 9...2 | 10...6 | 8...2 | 2...h | 2...h | Smith | 50-1 | 100-1 |
| 2238 | Harry Scott | 108 | 5 | 7...1 | 7...½ | 4...½ | 4...h | 3...3 | V. Powers | 4-1 | 5-1 |
| 2402 | French Nun | 101 | 7 | 5.1½ | 4...h | 2...½ | 2...½ | 4...2 | Brandt | 7-1 | 7-1 |
| 812 | Stroud | 106 | 2 | 1...1 | 2.1½ | 3...1 | 5...1 | 5.1½ | T. Taylor | 25-1 | 30-1 |
| 2286 | Camille | 96 | 9 | 8...2 | 9...3 | 9...6 | 6.1½ | 6...½ | E. Martin | 6-1 | 5-1 |
| 2210 | Warning | 103 | 6 | 6...1 | 5.nk | 10...1 | 8.nk | 7.1½ | Lycurgus | 6-1 | 7-1 |
| [2389] | Ben Trovato | 103 | 11 | 10...6 | 8...2 | 6...1 | 9...2 | 8...2 | Heidel | 8-1 | 7-2 |
| 2418 | Cork Hill | 102 | 8 | 4...½ | 5...h | 7...2 | 7...h | 9...5 | J. Frach | 20-1 | 25-1 |
| [2374] | Solly M | 101 | 3 | 3.1½ | 3...½ | 5...h | 10...5 | 10...8 | Minder | 15-1 | 15-1 |
| 2336 | La Velta | 100 | 1 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | Schilling | 4-1 | 7-1 |

Judge Treen, away well and clear of incerference, dashed into a long lead at once, and won with plenty to spare. Frank Flesher, showing sudden improvement and going gamely all the way, came with a rush the last furlong, and outgamed Harry Scott in the closing drive. Harry Scott came from a long way back the last half, only to weaken in the closing drive. French Nun was a good contender the first part, but quit near the end. Camille and Stroud can do better.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

## ABOUT THE CHALLENGER.

### Swedish Yacht To Be Built By Nation By Popular Subscription.

Stockholm, Oct. 2.—Goesta Klyberger, the Swedish banker, who, with William Olsson, a millionaire yachtsman, is about to challenge for a series for the America's cup through the Swedish Yacht Club, of which King Oscar is honorary Admiral, in an interview to-day explained that the challenge must be regarded as a national Swedish subscription enterprise.

The promoters would first require subscribers of 25,000 crowns (about $5,000) each, and then lists would be opened for small subscriptions from one crown (about twenty-five cents) up. He added:

"When we find it impossible to get any more subscriptions we guarantee to put up the rest of the capital required to build a yacht, which is estimated at 500,000 crowns (about $100,000) as a minimum. The other expenses probably will amount to 1,000,000 crowns ($200,000). The yacht will be ready in the spring or summer of 1908. It is intended that she shall be practiced in sailing on the Baltic during the remainder of the summer of that year, and she will be sailed all the summer of 1909 in American waters, so that her handlers may become familiar with strange American tides and currents. She will be built exclusively of Swedish material, and will be sailed exclusively by Swedes.

"Prince Gustav, the Crown Prince; his eldest son, Prince Gustav Adolf, and Prince William, who recently visited the United States, are members of the Executive Committee of the yacht club.

"Our chief motive in making an attempt to capture the cup is, if we are successful, to get American yachtsmen to come to Sweden and try to win it back, so as to create intimate relations between the two countries."

### King Oscar Interested.

Stockholm, Oct. 2.—King Oscar has been interested in the sport of yachting from his earliest youth, and he is now interested.

"The promoters of the enterprise have determined to challenge under any circumstances. My yacht San Toy is the best yacht that ever plowed Swedish waters, and we now know how to build still better boats. The Scandinavians have been good sailors since the Viking age. They crossed the Atlantic long before Columbus in open sailing boats. We hope to show that Sweden is to-day as much ahead of other countries now as she was then as regards sailing also, and we wish to show the Swedish-Americans that the old country is still able to come to the front."

The Swedish cup challenger, according to the plan, is to be commanded during the cup races by John Carlsson, one of the ablest Swedish yachtsmen and a winner of many races in European waters.

## MEMORIAL TABLET TO GEN. GRANT UNVEILED.

### Bronze Cannon and Tablet Erected On Exact Spot Where Soldier-Statesman Was Born.

Cincinnati, O., Oct. 2.—In the presence of a distinguished gathering that included many old army associates, a memorial tablet at the birthplace of President U. S. Grant at Point Pleasant, in Clermont county, was unveiled to-day.

It was the first of a three days' celebration of the Centennial and Homecoming Week of Clermont county, and thousands of native sons joined in paying honor to the country's most illustrious warrior son.

A bronze cannon and memorial tablet had been placed on what is believed to be the exact spot where was located the house in which Ulysses Simpson Grant was born and about this were gathered Gov. Andrew L. Harris, Lieutenant General Henry C. Corbin, U. S. A., retired, Brigadier General Fred D. Grant, a delegation of the Ohio Commandery of the Loyal Legion, and relatives and other guests.

Gen. Henry C. Corbin, a native of Clermont county, as well as a personal acquaintance of the warrior-statesman, presided, and Belville Simpson, a cousin of President Grant, was secretary.

After the invocation by the Rev. Edmund Burdsall, of Batavia, Ohio, and a welcome address by Elijah Archerd Conner, Gov. Harris spoke. Judge James B. Swing, of Cincinnati, another son of Clermont county, delivered an address. Gen. Corbin presented the memorial.

The response in acceptance of the memorial was spoken by the soldier son of the soldier President, Gen. Fred. D. Grant, whose remarks closed the speaking programme.

## COURT PARAGRAPHS.

—Rowan Taryee sued Lizzie Taryee for divorce, charging improper conduct. They were married in 1900.

—Samuel Katz sued Ida Katz for divorce on the charge of abandonment. They were married January 21, 1883.

—Ella Causey Drake sued Thomas E. Drake for divorce, alleging abandonment. They were married July 10, 1898.

—Lizzie R. McCormick sued the Louisville Railway Company for $12,000, alleging that she was injured while attempting to get off a street car.

—Eugene Breedlove yesterday sued Maggie Breedlove for divorce, alleging abandonment and improper conduct. They were married September 19, 1899.

—C. T. Curle sued the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company for $2,000. She avers that she was forced to walk a long distance at night when compelled to change cars at Ashland.

—Mary M. Crawford sued the Pullman Company for $5,000. She injured her right knee in falling over a dress suit case said to have been left in the aisle of a sleeper upon which she was traveling.

—O. W. Murphy sued the Louisville Railway Company for $20,000 damages. He says that he was injured in a collision between a car which he was operating and another car, and alleges defective condition of the machinery of his car.

—The will of Josie Durr Grable, dated June 30, 1900, and offered for probate yesterday, provides that her property shall go to her husband, James K. Grable, who is named executor without bond.

### Court of Appeals.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 2.—Present, whole court sitting.

Commonwealth vs. Huber, Campbell; opinion certified.

Commonwealth vs. Ball, Bell; opinion certified; whole court sitting; Chief Justice O'Rear dissents in part.

B. and O. Railroad Company vs. Offut, Jefferson; reversed, whole court sitting; Judges Carroll and Nunn dissenting.

Meyers vs. Dunn, Kenton; affirmed.

Puff vs. Puff, Campbell; affirmed.

Louisville Presbyterian Orphanage vs. Chambers, Henderson; affirmed.

Milburn Wagon Company vs. Commonwealth, Monroe; affirmed.

C., O. and T. P. Railway Company vs. Evans' administrator, Pulaski; appellant's motion for oral argument overruled; appellant given thirty days from the calling of the case and appellee fifteen days thereafter to file brief.

Holt vs. Holt, same vs. same, Casey; cases ordered heard together.

E. K. Coal Lands Corporation vs. Commonwealth, Floyd; same vs. same, Pike; notice and motion by appellees to dismiss; objections by the appellants' motion by appellee to advance and passed for oral argument; motion submitted.

Worthem vs. Illinois Life Insurance Company, Mercer; appelee given thirty days after filing of the appellant's brief to file brief.

Morsweck, etc., vs. Martin, executor guardian, Jefferson; notice, motion and grounds by appellant for oral argument.

Bullard vs. Bullard, Jackson; subpoena duces tecum ordered to issue.

McIntosh vs. Southern Engine and Boiler Works, Breathitt; rule awarded against the Breathitt Circuit Court to show cause within ten days why a writ of certiorari shall not issue herein.

Southern Railroad Company vs. Atkins, admr., Whitley; appellant given twenty days' further time to file brief.

Jackson Baptist Church vs. Combs, administrator, Breathitt; agreement filed, appellant given thirty days from the calling of the case to file brief.

South vs. Back, Breathitt; a writ of certiorari ordered to issue.

K. Tel. Co. vs. Hazlewick; Kinnoyn vs. Blackburn, Clerk, Powell; appellant given twenty days' further time to file brief.

McGovern, etc., vs. Huffman, etc., Jefferson; advanced under Rule 16.

Boyd vs. Morris, Graves; agreement filed, appellant given ten days' further time to file brief and appellee ten days thereafter to file brief.

Gibson vs. Commonwealth, Bourbon; appellant given until Oct. 22 to brief.

Dennis Bros. vs. Strunk, Pulaski; appellant given until October 22 to file brief.

Mutual Life Insurance Co. vs. Prewitt, coroner; parties given ten days' further time to file brief on motion to dismiss appeal.

Commonwealth of Ky. vs. Remington Typewriter Co.; same vs. Lexington Brewing Co.; same vs. Singer Mfg. Co.; same vs. Windisch Muhlsteer Brewing Co., Boyle; argued by Charles Rodes for appellant and N. B. Hayes for appellee; case submitted.

Court adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

### Court of Appeals Decisions.

George Martin vs. John B. Smith, etc.—Filed September 26, 1907. (Not to be reported.) Appeal from Knott Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Nunn, affirming.

Ejectment — Petition — Defense — Bankruptcy of Plaintiff—Title in Assignee.—In an action in— ejectment to recover land, an answer was filed by the defendant setting up that the "plaintiff by proceedings in the District Court of the United States for the Eastern district of Kentucky had been adjudged a bankrupt, a few months before the filing of his petition, and that fifteen years before the institution of his action he voluntarily abandoned the land sued for, and had never since then occupied it or received any profit therefrom, and if the land in fact belonged to the plaintiff it was subject to his debts, and any right of action for its recovery was now vested in plaintiff's assignee in bankruptcy.—Held that the answer presented a valid defense to the petition, and the demurrer thereto was properly overruled by the trial court.

William Cromwell, E. E. Hogg, for appellant; H. H. Smith, B. F. Combs, Smith & Combs, for appellee.

W. F. Kernan vs. J. T. Carter.—Filed September 24, 1907. (Not to be reported.) Appeal from Wolfe Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Settle, affirming.

Coutract—Offer to Drill Oil Well—Failure to Accept—Action for Breach of Contract.—By a written contract between K. and C. it was agreed that K. should drill an oil well for C., a certain depth, at $1.50 per foot. The writing contained this language: "Said K. agrees that if a second well is drilled, to do said work and furnish everything for $1.25 per foot." The first well was drilled and paid for at the agreed price of $1.50 per foot. C. procured another party to bore his second well, and K. sued C. for damages for breach of contract in failing to give him the work. Held that the writing imposes no enforcible obligation upon K., as there

current high rates indicate, and those having funds unemployed will require more assurance in regard to the future of the market before they can be induced to purchase to any extent. This is precisely the way we have been reasoning for some time and we see no inducement to change from this conservative position and favor the purchase of stocks except to one class who can keep in close touch, and then only on further pronounced weak spots for turns.—(Miner & Co. to Herman F. Monroe & Co.

New York.—It is now generally believed that the Amalgamated dividend will be slightly reduced at the meeting on October 17, and it seems that the big decline in price has more than discounted any probable reduction. The President's speech in St. Louis to-day appeared to be much more moderate in tone, and in the main was a plea for Federal supervision of corporations. The trade is to a considerable extent professional and price movements of the day were of little significance. A favorable feature to-day was that the market rallied much more easily than it declined. The buying of the high-grade railroad stocks for investment continues to a fair extent.—(A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

New York.—The market was active and irregular all through the first hour, but at the end of that period, after shifting constantly between declines and advances, the speculative position assumed a strong shape and prices of the majority of the list showed moderate gains over yesterday. London traded to a small extent, selling about 10,000 shares.—(Ex. Norton & Co. to J. J. B. Hilliard & Son.

New York.—The market was again highly professional, but long stocks for sale so much in evidence on every rally of late, were again encountered to-day. The cotton report to-day was rather encouraging, showing a smaller deterioration since June than at any time previously recorded, but the Southern issues profited little thereby. Although stocks are very cheap for investment, we see no change in the general speculative position. Except for rallies caused from time to time by short covering, there seems to be little inducement to make new commitments on the long side.—(Miller & Co. to John L. Dunlap.

New York.—We are simply in a trading market, with no new developments.—(Kelley, Miller & Co. to Almstedt Bros.

New York.—To-day's stock market at the start showed moderate declines followed by a fair recovery on further short covering. The advance was, however, only temporary, and it was very evident that under prevailing conditions it is unwise to anticipate any steady upward movement. The President's speech at St. Louis, which was not given so much consideration as that of yesterday, contained further declarations of his belief that thorough and complete Federal supervision should be exercised over the railroads and until he has finally reached the cavebrakes of Louisiana and is isolated during business hours, we can look for nothing but a traders' market, with opportunities for fair returns in either direction. Confidence is not apt to be restored by these daily outbursts, and we advise caution, being satisfied with small profits until conditions gradually become more settled.—(E. & C. Randolph to E. E. Paine & Co.

New York.—The market was irregular to-day, trading being confined mostly to the operation of professionals who are bearishly inclined. The bear element, however, have apparently lost some of their old-time aggressiveness after having received several severe jolts in the last few days in specialties which were oversold. Call money was somewhat firmer, but it is thought that rates will soften after the October 1 disbursements commence to flow to New York. It is believed that the general market will continue irregular, but we are inclined to favor purchases on breaks.—(W. L. Lyons & Co.

New York.—The market becomes dull when a sagging movement starts and there is not very much stock pressed for sale. The Copper stocks have been comparatively steady and there seems hope that the Amalgamated dividend will be maintained, if not increased. The hope is that the copper metal situation will soon adjust itself, with the metal on a basis that will be satisfactory to consumers, who will come into the market when the basis is fixed so they will know where they really stand. A bad bank statement is expected Saturday. The banks have lost considerable to the Subtreasury on the week's transactions so far. Money was fairly stiff at 6½ per cent., but as soon as the October dividend and interest has been provided for it is expected the money situation will be easier. News of importance affecting the market came out to-day. We look for a better market and think stocks paying good dividends are cheap and should be purchased. —(J. S. Bache & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

## STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, Oct. 2.—Money on call strong at 4½@8 per cent.; ruling rate 6; closing bid 8; offered at 10; time loans dull and firm: 60 days 5¾; 90 days and six months 6; prime mercantile paper 7. Sterling exchange strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8580@4.8585 for demand and at $4.8240@4.8245 for 60-day bills; commercial bills $4.82. Bar silver 66¾c. Mexican dollars 51¾c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds firm.

The stock market was in a lethargy for much of the time to-day in spite of one or two periods of comparative activity, which served to bring up the total of the day's transactions. New developments were few and assertions concerning special stocks had an influence confined to the individual stocks. The experiences of the last two days by the bears in Canadian Pacific and then in St. Paul have served to depress the hazards of the short side of the market and to discourage the professional operations on that side, which had become, in fact, somewhat over-extended. There is no agreement on the other hand on the wisdom of commitments on the long side of the market. The result is to drive out of the market speculative initiative and the progress of events today was toward a condition of torpor.

Sharp reactions began the day as an after-effect of the stimulated rise with which the market closed yesterday. St. Paul starting to-day 1½ points lower than last night. Canadian Pacific also showed the effects of the satisfaction of demand from the shorts. An attempt was made to extend the reaction, but the room traders found light offerings of stocks at the recessions and no evidence of liquidation, and they refrained from pursuing the movement. A special movement in Brooklyn Rapid Transit helped to hold the market.

Money on call started easier than yesterday, but showed a stiffening tendency again as the day progressed, the rate touching 10 per cent., the highest of the week, or since the first week in July. While disbursements of the first of October may be coming back to the money market, bankers report that the interior is making heavy requisitions on this center for currency. The United States Treasury has now made five weekly deposits of Government funds with selected national banks, and the original plan, as stated by the Secretary, did not provide for an extension of the process beyond this. As a further free balance of cash is still available in the Treasury, however, it is hoped that further deposits will be made, if necessary to avoid stringency. The Treasury statements as published each day only show some $15,000,000 as yet deposited, whereas a weekly deposit of some $5,000,000 was contemplated when the plan went into operation five weeks ago, but it is believed that assignments have been made up to the quota and the transfer of the funds has not yet figured in the accounting.

In the foreign money market the feature was a further decline in the private discount rate in Berlin, which marks the relaxation following the strain of the October settlements. Doubtless some sentimental relief also was felt over the failure of dreaded troubles to materialize. London sent lower prices for copper again and some selling orders for stocks, which were a depressing influence on the stock market and a strengthening influence on the foreign exchange.

Large buying of wheat for export was reported, which put up the price substantially, but which did not affect the strength of the foreign exchange market. The fall in the price of cotton following the publication of the estimates of condition and of the amount ginned was evidence of the favorable interpretation of those reports made by the trade. The effect on stocks was light. The late flurry in call money dominated the closing tone, which was easy. Anticipatory payments of New York City taxes helped to affect the money market.

### Bank Clearings.

Boston, Oct. 2.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $37,567,786; in New York $308,926,635. New York funds sold at 15-16 2-3d discount.

Cincinnati, Oct. 2.—(Special.)—Clearings $5,049,950. New York exchange 5c discount to 10c premium. Collateral loans 5½@6 per cent.

Chicago, Oct. 2.—(Special.)—Clearings $40,574,295; balances $2,510,001. New York exchange 10c discount.

Memphis, Oct. 2.—(Special.)—Clearings $241,

xIdd.—Offered.

# NEW YORK BOND SALES.

(Reported by W. L. Lyons & Co.)

Ath. and Sus. gold 3½s ..... $5,000
C. M. and St. P. M. Div. 5s ..... $1,000 ..... 103⅜ ..... 103⅜
C. and N. W. 3½s ..... $1,000 ..... 103 ..... 103
C. and N. W. 3½s ..... $4,000 ..... 62½ ..... 62½
C. R. I. and P. 4s ..... $2,000 ..... 88⅞ ..... 88⅞
C. R. I. and P. ref. 4s ..... $4,000 ..... 89 ..... 89
C. R. I. and P. 5s ..... $5,000 ..... 86½ ..... 86½
C. St. L. and P. 5s ..... $5,000 ..... 86¾ ..... 86¾
C. St. L. and P. 6s ..... $2,000 ..... 92⅜ ..... 92⅜
Atchison conv. 5s ..... $4,000 ..... 83¼ ..... 83¼
Atchison conv. 5s ..... $7,000 ..... 101⅜ ..... 101⅜
Atchison conv. 5s, 1st paid ..... $2,000 ..... 100 ..... 100
Atchison gen. 4s ..... $5,000 ..... 99⅜ ..... 99⅜
Atchison gen. 4s ..... $3,000 ..... 98⅜ ..... 98⅜
Atchison gen. 4s ..... $5,000 ..... 99¼ ..... 99¼
Atchison adj. 4s ..... $2,000 ..... 84⅜ ..... 84⅜
B. and O. 3½s ..... $4,000 ..... 90 ..... 90
B. R. T. 4s ..... $6,000 ..... 77 ..... 77
..... $25,000 ..... 77⅛ ..... 77⅛
Buffalo Gas 5s ..... $2,000 ..... 62 ..... 62
Can. Southern 1st 5s ..... $4,000 ..... 106¾ ..... 106¾
Can. Southern 2d 5s ..... $1,000 ..... 103⅝ ..... 103⅝
Cen. Ga. con. 5s ..... $6,000 ..... 88 ..... 88
..... $10,000 ..... 101⅞ ..... 101⅞
Cen. Leather 20-year 5s ..... $4,000 ..... 87 ..... 87
..... $2,000 ..... 88¾ ..... 88¾
Cen. Pac. of N. J. 5s ..... $1,000 ..... 120¼ ..... 120¼
..... $2,000 ..... 120½ ..... 120½
C. and O. 4½s ..... $2,000 ..... 95 ..... 95
C. and O. 5s ..... $1,000 ..... 104¼ ..... 104¼
C. and O. 5s ..... $1,000 ..... 111½ ..... 111½
C., B. and Q. joint 4s ..... $24,000 ..... 93¼ ..... 93¼
C., B. and Q. ill. 4s, f. ..... $2,000 ..... 92¼ ..... 92¼
C., B. and Q. 2d 4s ..... $1,000 ..... 88 ..... 88
Chicago Term. 4s ..... $1,000 ..... 86¼ ..... 86¼

## We Want Every Man

who knows us, or who reads our ads, to get the idea that LEVY'S is the store for QUALITY.

We'd a good deal rather be known as the right place for GOOD STUFF, than as the place for low prices.

It's always easy to QUOTE PRICES; but it's WHAT THE PRICE BUYS that counts.

We Sell

**Hart, Schaffner and Marx Clothes**

That's good evidence of our quality standard—because they are GOOD CLOTHES. H., S. & M. style book sent on request.

WHATEVER YOU BUY here is good—the BEST for the PRICE—otherwise you can't get it here.

RAILROAD FARES RMA REFUNDED

We are members of the Retail Merchants' Association and will REFUND RAILROAD FARES to out-of-town purchasers until Dec. 14.

LEVY'S Third and Market



Courier-Journal.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.

THURSDAY.....OCT. 3, 1907


# NEW PRESBYTERIAN SEMINARY OCCUPIED

DR. C. K. CRAWFORD DELIVERS THE OPENING ADDRESS.

WILL BE CHAIRMAN OF FACULTY THIS YEAR.

NEW STUDENTS MATRICULATE.

The Presbyterian Seminary held its opening exercises at the new building, First street and Broadway, yesterday morning, and started in encouragingly upon the new seminary year. There were present a large number of local ministers beside many friends and members of the Presbyterian church s. The feature of the morning exercises was the address of the Rev. C. K. Crawford upon the subject, "The Child and the Church."

Dr. Crawford began with a historical review of the child's relations to the church, and argued in favor of the infant's being considered as born into church membership and entitled to the right of baptism. He pointed out that the principle of the early church had been so to consider the child and to accord him the rite of baptism. The teachings of Christ and the apostles, likewise, he said, support this view of the child's church membership.

Going back still further, Dr. Crawford showed whence Christ and the apostles themselves had obtained the notion of baptism and church membership for the child. He showed that the Abrahamic covenant had been made for Abraham's children as well as for himself; that it was an everlasting covenant and a universal one, meant to apply not only to the Jews, but to the Christian church as well. Dr. Crawford then pointed out that the covenant of God with Moses on Sinai was another instance supporting church membership for the child. Finally, he argued, the Abrahamic and the Mosaic covenants being the same under the old dispensation as the gospel under the new, the rite exercised under the old dispensation must be taken in every way to correspond to the rite of baptism under the new. In concluding his address, he dwelt upon the advantages both to the parents and to the child accruing from the child's membership and baptism in the church.

Although the matriculation of students has not yet been completed in the seminary, many new students were present even yesterday. Dr. Crawford estimates that there will be an increase of about 25 per cent. over last year's attendance. The faculty will be the same as last year. Dr. C. K. Crawford was elected chairman for the ensuing year, and will hold the chair of Old Testament Exegesis. Dr. T. M. Hawes will be professor of Practical Theology; Dr. W. H. Marquess, professor of the English Bible and Biblical Theology; Dr. Charles R. Hemphill, professor of New Testament Greek, and Dr. Henry E. Dosker, professor of Church History.

## BODY OF DAVID BOYLE TO BE BURIED TO-MORROW.

The body of David Boyle, who died at Allegheny, Pa., on Monday after a short illness of pneumonia, arrived in Louisville yesterday and was taken to the home of his sister, Mrs. Maggie Shea, 805 West Chestnut street. Mr. Boyle was forty years of age and was at one time in the whisky business on Main street with his brother, Matt Boyle.

Several years ago, both brothers, who were twins and were often taken for each other, even by intimate friends, left Louisville and went to Allegheny, where they entered the employ of the Pittsburg Stove and Range Company. The burial will be to-morrow morning at Shelbyville.


**Cures Deafness and Catarrh.**

Rea Bros. Inhalent Catarrhal Jelly. Treatment by mail free. Pure Medicated. Dept. A. REA BROS. CO., Minneapolis, Minn.


# FOR SEPTEMBER

City Health Officer Makes His Detailed Report.

SHOWS TOTAL OF 349 BIRTHS RECORDED FOR MONTH.

WARRANTS FOR SEVEN PURE FOOD LAW VIOLATORS.

FULL MORTALITY STATISTICS.

Dr. E. C. Laverty, secretary of the Health Department, has just completed a report for the month of September for that department, including the reports of the City Live Stock and Meat Inspector, physicians of the Eastern and Western districts, and the Bureau of Chemical and Bacteriological Examinations.

According to this report there was a total of 349 births, 277 deaths and 26 marriages. Of the babies born during the month, 189 were males and 160 were females, 300 were white and 49 were colored. Of those who died, 143 were males and 134 were females, 194 were white and 83 were colored.

During the month warrants for the arrest of seven persons charged with having violated the Pure Food laws were sworn out. Five of these alleged offenders were fined in amounts aggregating $75.

* * *

**Full Health Department Report.**

The report in full follows:

HEALTH OFFICE.

Detailed statement of the work done in the Health Department during September:

| | |
|---|---|
| Visits made | 424 |
| Notices served | 174 |
| Warrants issued | 8 |
| Attendance in court | 2 |
| Sewer connections ordered | 14 |
| Sewer connections made | 3 |
| Nuisances reported | 182 |
| Nuisances inspected | 191 |
| Nuisances abated | 191 |
| Premises inspected | 181 |
| Vaults inspected | 13 |
| Pumps and cisterns inspected | 19 |
| Drains inspected | 11 |
| Cellars inspected | 11 |
| Streets, alleys and gutters inspected | 24 |
| Dumps inspected | 1 |
| Catch basins inspected | 1 |
| Diphtheria placarded | 24 |
| Scarlet fever placarded | 34 |
| Houses fumigated | 46 |
| Fish, oyster and game markets inspected | 1 |
| Cow and hog pens inspected | 24 |
| Manure boxes inspected | 11 |
| Fines assessed in sanitary code violations | $30 |
| Nuisances referred to other departments | 24 |
| Boarding and tenement houses inspected | 23 |
| Premises inspected where typhoid fever cases developed | 21 |
| Investigations of milk and water supply where infants die | 11 |
| Anti-spitting signs distributed | 250 |
| Report postals sent ministers, physicians and midwives | 74 |
| Marriages reported | 26 |
| Births reported: Males, 189; females, 160; white, 300; colored, 49; total | 349 |
| Deaths reported: Males, 143; females, 134; white, 194; colored, 83; total | 277 |

LIVE STOCK INSPECTION BUREAU.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cattle condemned and sent to fertilizer | 3 |
| Sheep condemned and sent to fertilizer | 6 |

PHYSICIAN, EASTERN DISTRICT.

| | |
|---|---|
| Visits to the city poor | 27 |
| Visits to the workhouse | 1 |
| Prisoners treated at the workhouse | 12 |
| Office treatment to the city poor | 11 |
| Policemen treated | 3 |
| Firemen treated | 1 |
| Visits to Health Office | 1 |

PHYSICIAN, WESTERN DISTRICT.

| | |
|---|---|
| Visits to the city poor | 32 |
| Office consultations to same | 15 |
| Visits to the Almshouse | 1 |
| Prescriptions given at same | 36 |
| Firemen treated | 7 |
| Policemen treated | 13 |
| Vaccinations made | 5 |
| Visits to the Health Office | 1 |

BUREAU OF CHEMICAL EXAMINATION.

| | |
|---|---|
| Total number of samples of milk obtained by inspectors analyzed | 67 |
| Average per cent. of butter fat | 3.69 |
| Average per cent. low butter | 11.1 |
| Average per cent. preservatives found | 2.1 |
| Average per cent. found dirty | 61.29 |
| Total samples of milk brought by citizens | 13 |
| Average per cent. of butter fat found in these | 3.32 |
| Average per cent. found short in butter fat | 7.62 |
| Average per cent. found dirty | 69.2 |
| Total samples of cream analyzed | 4 |
| Average per cent. of butter fat found | 17.5 |
| Average per cent. found short in butter fat | 52.0 |
| Average per cent. found dirty | 75.00 |
| Warrants taken for violations of pure food laws | 7 |
| Number of fines assessed | 5 |
| Amount of fines assessed | $75 |
| Number of samples of water analyzed | 11 |
| Number of samples found polluted | 8 |
| Samples of pork examined—no preservative found | 1 |
| Samples of butter analyzed | 2 |
| Samples of apple butter examined | 2 |

BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sputa examined | 13 |
| Sputa examined found positive | 5 |

Very respectfully,

M. K. ALLEN, M. D., Health Officer.

EDW. C. LAVERTY, M. D., Secretary.

T. Kennedy Helm, a well-known attorney, was yesterday appointed a member of the Board of Public Works by Mayor Robert W. Bingham, and will assume active charge of his duties as chairman of the Board to-day. He was sworn in yesterday, however, and succeeds James B. Brown, who on Tuesday night was elected by the General Council to succeed L. O. Cox as a member of the City Sinking Fund Commission.

* * *

**Many Compliments Exchanged.**

The correspondence which passed between the Mayor and Mr. Brown relative to Mr. Brown's retirement from the Board of Public Works, in which bouquets were tossed about profusely, follows:

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 1, 1907.—The Hon. R. W. Bingham, Mayor, City—Dear Sir: I hand you herewith my resignation as a member of your Board of Public Works. I accepted this appointment with reluctance on account of the time required for a satisfactory discharge of the duties and I have found that even more of my time was required than I had anticipated.

I do not regret, however, having accepted this appointment. It is a source of pride to me at present and will be so in the future that I have been able as chairman of your Board of Works to cooperate with you in the splendid work which you have done as Mayor of Louisville to eliminate graft, to expose and punish criminals and to show that decent, honest city government is possible. Most of all, as a Democrat, reared in and loving that party, it is a gratification to me that you, a Democratic Mayor, have been able to show this community that Democracy does not necessarily stand for graft in public contracts and crime at elections, but that a Democratic administration can not only satisfy the reasonable expectations of Democrats, but wring even from the leading candidate of the opposition party a declaration that he only aspired to follow in your footsteps and emulate your example.

I cannot sever my connection with your administration without expressing my appreciation of the invariable courtesy you have shown me, and my belief that the public confidence so strikingly shown you in the last few weeks will deepen as time passes.

For my colleagues on the Board of Works I have the kindest feelings, and the same for the minor employes. I believe that the bad men have been weeded out and this department put in a position to render efficient public service.

If I have been able in the brief time of my incumbency not only to aid your administration, but to put this department on a record business basis, I feel repaid for the many hours of work and thought given to the service. Very truly yours,

J. P. BROWN.

* * *

**Mayor Bingham's Reply.**

The Mayor replied to this as follows: Tuesday, Oct. 1, 1907—Mr. James B. Brown, City—My Dear Mr. Brown: Your resignation as chairman of the Board of Public Works has reached me, and I accept it; but in doing so I wish to express to you personally and officially my appreciation of the splendid services you have rendered the people of this city, and my most cordial thanks for the constant support you have given me in all the efforts made for an honest and efficient government of this city. With best wishes, I am, cordially your friend.

ROBERT W. BINGHAM, Mayor.

# DISTRIBUTING POINT FOR LARGE INDUSTRY

LOUISVILLE MAY BE CHOSEN FOR THAT HONOR.

COTTON LINTERS REHANDLING CONCERN SEEKS LOCATION.

HOLDS OPTION ON PROPERTY.

Prospects of Louisville becoming the distributing center of one of the largest corporations in the United States that rehandles, resorts and rebales cotton linters are very bright because of the fact that a representative of a New York corporation, capitalized at $10,000,000, has been in Louisville during the last few weeks and has secured options on a big piece of property on Washington street, near First street. He called on A. T. Macdonald, commissioner of the Commercial Club's Bureau of Industries, yesterday and told him that he was only awaiting the ratification of the men at the New York headquarters before he closes the deal on this property.

This corporation became interested in Louisville as a distributing center through Commissioner Macdonald, who has been corresponding with them on the subject for some time. If the action of the representative in getting these options is ratified the deal will be closed at once, and Louisville will become the distributing point of this corporation for the North, East and West.

The property which is under consideration is a four-story building and basement on Washington street, between First and Brooks streets. It has a storage capacity for 5,000 barrels of linters and 20,000 square feet of floor space, all of which will be needed. Should the corporation decide to locate here this place will be equipped with screw presses and scales and all modern equipment used in the rehandling of cotton. The motor power will be electric. The property is admirably adapted for the purpose, having a railroad switch, which is necessary to a distributing point.

# DEMOCRATIC SPEAKINGS

**Judge S. W. Hager and the Hon. John K. Hendrick.**

Carlisle, Thursday, Oct. 3, 1 p. m.
Augusta, Friday, Oct. 4, 1 p. m.
Maysville, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.
Bardwell, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.
Wickliffe, Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1 p. m.
Clinton, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m.
Hickman, Thursday, Oct. 24, 1 p. m.
Fulton, Thursday, Oct. 24, 7:30 p. m.
Mayfield, Friday, Oct. 25, 1 p. m.
Paducah, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 p. m.
Murray, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.
Benton, Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1 p. m.
Smithland, Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1 p. m.
Eddyville, Thursday, Oct. 31, 1 p. m.
Cadiz, Friday, Nov. 1, 1 p. m.
Hopkinsville, Saturday, Nov. 2, 1 p. m.

**Judge S. W. Hager.**

Mount Olivet, Friday, Oct. 4, 1 p. m.
Ashland, Monday, Nov. 4, 1 p. m.

**Judge S. W. Hager and the Hon. A. O. Stanley.**

Madisonville, Thursday, Oct. 10, 1 p. m.
Earlington, Thursday, Oct. 10, 7:30 p. m.
Henderson, Friday, Oct. 11, 1 p. m.
Dixon, Saturday, Oct. 12, 1 p. m.
Hawesville, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.
Owensboro, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m.
Calhoun, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m.
Morganfield, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m.
Marion, Friday, Oct. 18, 1 p. m.
Princeton, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.

**Gov. J. C. W. Beckham and the Hon. Ruby Laffoon.**

Stanton, Thursday, Oct. 10, 1 p. m.
Beattyville, Friday, Oct. 11, 1 p. m.
Irvine, Saturday, Oct. 12, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. A. O. Stanley and the Hon. Ollie M. James.**

Cadiz, Thursday, Oct. 3, 1 p. m.
Cerulean Springs, Oct. 3, 7:30 p. m.
Hopkinsville, Friday, Oct. 4, 1 p. m.
Pembroke, Friday, Oct. 4, 7:30 p. m.
Elkton, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.
Guthrie, Saturday, Oct. 5, 6:30 p. m.

**The Hon. Ruby Laffoon.**

Bedford, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.
Campbellsville, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.
Hardinsburg, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.
Brandenburg, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m.
West Point, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m.
Leitchfield, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m.
Kuttawa, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. A. O. Stanley.**

Frankfort, Monday, October 7, 1:30 p. m.
Glasgow, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.
Franklin, Wednesday, Oct. 9, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. South Trimble.**

Wilmore, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.
Pikeville, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Ollie M. James.**

Madisonville, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.
Frankfort, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 p. m.
Owenton, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.

**Capt. W. J. Stone.**

Falmouth, Thursday, Oct. 3, 1 p. m.
Cynthiana, Friday, Oct. 4, 1 p. m.
Richmond, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.
Greensburg, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.
Columbia, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m.
Edmonton, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m.
Glasgow, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m.
Horse Cave, Friday, Oct. 18, 1 p. m.
Franklin, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Hubert Vreeland.**

Port Royal, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.
Edmonton, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.

**Hon. Chas. A. Wilson.**

Pleasureville, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.
Hodgenville, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.
Dry Ridge, Saturday, Oct. 12, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Hal Corbett.**

Clinton, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.
Hickman, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. J. Wheeler Campbell.**

Henderson, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.
Dawson, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Jake Corbett.**

Smithland, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.
Cadiz, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Harvey Helm.**

Falmouth, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.

**Prof. M. O. Winfrey.**

London, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.
Whitesburg, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.
Pineville, Tuesday, Oct. 8, 1 p. m.
Middlesboro, Tuesday, Oct. 8, 7:30 p. m.
Stanford, Wednesday, Oct. 9, 1 p. m.

**Prof. M. O. Winfrey and the Hon. J. W. Newman.**

Liberty, Thursday, Oct. 10, 1 p. m.
Dunnville, Thursday, Oct. 10, 7:30 p. m.
Jamestown, Friday, Oct. 11, 1 p. m.
Columbia, Saturday, Oct. 12, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. W. B. Smith.**

Harrodsburg, Monday, Oct. 7.

**The Hon. John B. Hendrick.**

Henderson, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.
Elkton, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.
Kirkmansville, Monday, Oct. 14, 7:30 p. m.
South Carrollton, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m.
Beaver Dam, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m.
Rockport, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m.
Vine Grove, Friday, Oct. 18, 1 p. m.
Eminence, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. C. B. Terrill and Prof. I. D. Mitchell.**

Trout's Precinct, Saturday, Oct. 12, 7:30 p. m.

**The Hon. G. W. Peak, C. B. Terrill and Eugene Moseley.**

Abbott's Store, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 7:30 p. m.

**The Hon. La Vegas Clements.**

Greenville, Saturday, Oct. 12, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Ward Headley.**

Corydon, Saturday, Oct. 12, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. J. C. Duffy.**

Murray, Saturday, Oct. 12, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Morgan Chinn and the Hon. H. V. McChesney.**

Bakeys Mill, Saturday, Oct. 12, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Robert Layman.**

Wolf Creek, Saturday, Oct. 12, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. C. C. Bagby.**

Taylorsville, Saturday, Oct. 12, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. H. C. Duffy.**

Mt. Olivet, Saturday, Oct. 12, 1 p. m.
Carlisle, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.
Kentontown, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. J. A. Sullivan.**

Jackson, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. S. W. Forgy.**

Morgantown, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. T. W. Thomas.**

Scottsville, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. W. P. Kimball.**

Pineville, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Charles Carroll.**

Carrollton, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. J. W. Newman.**

Grayson, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Everett Jennings.**

Providence, Saturday, Oct. 12, 1 p. m.
Marion, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. James Garnett.**

Burkesville, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. G. Allison Holland.**

Hazard, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Chas. J. Bronston.**

Lebanon, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. John L. Grayot.**

Benton, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. J. A. Scott.**

Paris, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Nat. A. Porter.**

Greenville, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.
Brownsville, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. W. P. Kimball and the Hon. G. Allison Holland.**

New Castle, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Jno. C. Duffy.**

Princeton, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Henry George.**

Brandenburg, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. J. Morgan Chinn.**

Hartford, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.

**Judge Frank Daugherty.**

Taylorsville, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Geo. E. Stone.**

Williamsburg, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Ben Lee Hardin.**

Columbia, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.
Bardstown, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. W. W. Dickerson.**

Burlington, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. C. W. Metcalf.**

Manchester, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. J. M. Westover.**

Carrollton, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Ben Johnson.**

Fredericksburg, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.
Morganfield, Monday, Oct. 7, 1 p. m.
Uniontown, Monday, Oct. 7, 7:30 p. m.
Sanford, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Logan Hager and the Hon. Charles Sanford.**

Bedford, Saturday, October 19, 1 p. m.
Prestonsburg, Saturday, Oct. 19, 7:30 p. m.
Hawesburg, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Robert Vreeland.**

Louisa, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.
Paintsville, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m.
Salyersville, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m.
Prestonsburg, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m.
Hindman, Friday, October 18, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. V. V. Talbott.**

Maywick, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Chas. Carroll and the Hon. Charles I. Stewart.**

Morehead, Monday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.

**The Hon. Harry McChesney.**

Stanford, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1 p. m.
Lebanon, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.
Springfield, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m.
Harrodsburg, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m.
Perryville, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m.
Hindman, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.
Jackson, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.

# HENRY ALFORD PORTER COMES TO LOUISVILLE

ACCEPTS CALL TO WALNUT-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH.

WILL ENTER ON DUTIES SOMETIME IN NOVEMBER.

MOST SUCCESSFUL CAREER.

W. D. Major received a telegram from the Rev. Dr. Henry Alfred Porter, of Oklahoma City, informing him that Dr. Porter will accept the call recently tendered him by the Walnut street Baptist church to become its pastor. Dr. Porter preached two sermons at the church a week ago last Sunday, both of which won the enthusiastic admiration of the members. Dr. Porter, however, refused to commit himself as to acceptance or rejection of their offer until he should have time to confer with his present congregation at Oklahoma City. The telegram yesterday voiced his final decision. Before leaving Louisville, Dr. Porter stated that, in the event of his deciding to come here, he could not assume charge until the middle of November.

Dr. Porter is thirty-eight years of age, and has already a career of brilliant successes behind him. He was born in Fredericton, New Brunswick, of a long line Baptist leaders. He attended the McMaster University at Toronto, being graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Thereafter he took up his theological studies at Rochester Theological Seminary, from which he was graudated in 1899. Shortly thereafter, he married Miss Elizabeth Brethour, a Canadian girl.

For the next two years he preached at various posts in Canada and Nova Scotia, resigning in favor of an American charge at Cedar Rapids, Iowa. Here he was pastor for five years, during which time he completed his studies toward the degree of Doctor of Divinity at the Central University of Iowa. He was called to his present charge at Oklahoma City three years ago, and has filled his pastorate there with great success. During his stay there, the White Temple First Baptist church was erected at a cost of $125,000, and thanks to the work of Dr. Porter, the membership has grown from 400 to 1,000 since he first assumed charge. His coming here in November is looked forward to with great eagerness by his new parishioners.

**Where the Oats Went To.**

William Gilbert, colored, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Corps. Broderick and Collins on a charge of stealing oats from the Ohio Valley Teaming Company. He sold three sacks to Frank Alger yesterday for ninety cents. Oats have been missing from the Teaming Company's barns for several days. The First district police were notified and the corporals were placed on the case. Gilbert was arrested at Hancock and Marshall streets.


THE HORSE SHOW

High class horses and traps of first importance this week—

The KLAUBER SHOW

High class Art Objects of equal importance.

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3 FAST DAILY TRAINS From 7th-street Station.

FREE CHAIR CAR ON NIGHT TRAIN.

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for a spin in the parks or a country run these fine fall days. We have fine 4-cylinder cars, seating 4 or 6 passengers, always in readiness, day or night, in charge of expert drivers.

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Come to our store and let us show you our assortment of Louisville Ranges. They are positively the best value on the market to-day. They are equal to the best and better than most of the foreign ranges and never cause trouble about repairs.

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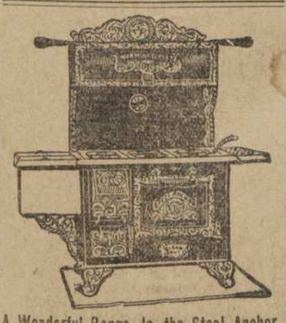

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ROMANIC...Oct. 26, 3 p. m.; Dec. 5; Feb. 1

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